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1898(2)



Pibsams' Manual Of Everything for the

FARM, LAWN AND GARDEN

Cor. Broad and Front Sts.



TO OUR PATRONS AND FRIENDS:

In presenting our Manual you will observe that our leading business principle has always been to supply **only** the very **highest class** of Seeds, Nursery Stock and Farming Implements, and the fact that we have commanded the leading trade of the surrounding country should justify our claim to the patronage of those who have not yet experienced the advantage of dealing with us.

Our reputation for selling nothing but the BEST at the most reasonable prices has long been established, and will be carefully maintained.

TESTING OF SEEDS.

Having many greenhouses, of all temperatures, allows us to test all Seeds before offering them to the grower. Therefore we offer for sale only those that have the best germinating qualities, and sometimes save the gardener or trucker many times replanting.

Our Vegetable Seeds are all grown with the utmost care from the best stocks obtainable.

Our Flower Seeds are saved from the choicest strains.

Our Farm Seeds are all selected from the finest strains and combine quality and quantity.

Our Grass Seeds are all thoroughly re-cleaned.

Our Plants and Flowers are grown with greatest of skill.

Our Trees and Shrubbery for the Lawn are unexcelled.

Our Tools and Implements embrace every requisite for the garden and farm.

FORWARDING OF ORDERS.

Whenever it is desired, we will send Vegetable Seeds by mail, but postage must always be added, at the rate of eight cents per pound, when ordering in quantities of one-quarter pound and upwards; but when ordering in small quantites—by the packet or ounce—either Vegetable or Flower Seeds will be sent by mail, at Catalogue prices, without extra charge.

MONEY SENT AT OUR RISK AND EXPENSE.

All money may be sent at our risk and expense, if sent in a Registered Letter or by Post Office Money Order. Deduct the cost of obtaining such Drafts or Orders from the amount to be sent. Small sums—one dollar or less—may be sent at our risk without registering.

WARRANTIES.

Seed of the best possible quality will fail through improper treatment, soil or weather. For this reason we wish to state, in this explicit form, that, while we exercise great care to have all our Seeds pure, reliable and true to name, our Seeds are sold without any warranty, expressed or implied, and without any responsibility in respect to the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the Seeds on these terms and conditions they must be returned at once and the money that has been paid for same will be refunded.

Very truly yours,

C. RIBSAM & SON,

COR. BROAD AND FRONT STS.,

TRENTON, N. J.

RIBSAMS' TESTED





For the Garden and Farm, with Directions for Cultivation.

Orders by Mail for Beans, Corn, Peas and Grass Seeds, add 15c. per quart.

ARTICHOKE.

German-Artischoke.

One ounce of Artichoke will sow 100 feet drill and produce about 500 plants.

Sow in April, in rich soil, and transplant the following Spring to permanent beds, in rows (or hills) three feet apart and two feet between the plants. The plantation the first season will only give a partial crop, but as it is a perennial after being once planted, the beds will remain in bearing for years. It should be protected in Winter by a covering of leaves or coarse manure.

Large Globe.—Best for general culture. soc. per pkt.; 30c. per oz.; \$3.00 per lb.

ASPARAGUS.

German-Spargel.

One ounce of seed will produce 200 roots and sow about 50 feet of drills. 100 roots will set a bed 12x40 feet, which will be large enough for ordinary family. For field culture, plant 3 to 4 feet by 2 feet, according to soils.

Sow early in Spring, as soon as the ground will admit of working, in rows a foot apart. Keep carefully hoed and clear from weeds, and the plants will be in condition to set out the succeeding Spring. The soil for the permanent beds should be thoroughly manured, and trenched to a depth of at least two feet. Plant in rows, three feet apart, and two feet between the plants in the rows. Spread the roots well out, and let the crown of the plant be covered about six or eight inches when established. Previous to sowing the seed soak in tepid water for twenty-four hours.

soak in tepid water for twenty-rour nours.

Palmetto.—This variety is much earlier than Conover's Colossal, a better yielder, and is more even and regular in its growth.

Quality as good as Conover's Colossal.

5c. per pkt,; roc. per oz.; 75c per lb.

Colossal.—The best variety. Unrivaled in size, productiveness and quality. 5c. per pkt; 8c. per oz.; 3oc. per lb.

Barr's Mammoth.—Has very large, tender stalks, of a very light color. 10c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 75c. per lb.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Colossal.—Two-year-old roots, per 100, 50c.; per 1,000, \$3.00.

Barr's Mammoth.-Two-year-old roots, per 100, 75c.; per 1,000, \$4.00.

Palmetto.—Two-year-old roots, per 75, \$1.00; per 1,000, \$4.00.

BEANS-English or Broad.

German-Garten Bohne.

One quart will plant 100 feet.

This class is very hardy, and should be planted as soon as the soil is in good state, in the Spring. Plant four inches apart, and two inches deep, in drills four feet apart. To insure well-filled pods, pinch off the tops as soon as the lower pods begin to set.

Add 15c. per quart extra if to be sent by mail.

Early Mazagan .- [Long pod] Matures in fifty days after 35c. per qt. germination.

Broad Windsor.-Best for general use. 35c. per qt.

BEANS-Dwarf or Bush.

German-Busch Bohne.

One quart will plant 100 to 125 feet of drill.

One bushel will seed an acre.

A succession of sowings can be made from the first week in May until the middle part of August. Plant in drills about two inches deep, and from eighteen inches to two feet apart, according to the richness of the soil; the poorer the soil the closer they can be planted. The plants should be about three inches apart.

Scarcity of Seed Beans is caused by the long wet Spring of 1898. The shortage in seed crop is about 65 per cent.

Green Pod Varieties.

New Stringless Green Pod.—Very fine quality. Early, and a strong grower. A good pickling sort. 25c per qt., \$1.50 per peck; \$5.00 per bushel.

Boston's Favorite.—Considered one of the best green pod beans in the vicinity of Boston. 20c. per qt.; \$1.00 per peck; \$3 50

Best-of-All.—Pods are long and green, very fleshy, succulent and stringless. Excellent flavor. Productive and medium early. It is the leading variety among New Orleans market gardeners. 25c per qt.; \$1.25 per peck; \$4.50 per bushel.



NEW STRINGLESS GREEN POD.

Improved Early Red Valentine.—Early, productive, tender, succulent and excellent flavor. Continues longer in the green state than most of the varieties. 25c. per qt.; \$1.50 per peck; \$5.00 per bushel.

Refugee, 1,000 to 1.—Medium to late. Very productive, tender and large. Grown for main crop. Round pod. 25c. per qt.; \$1.25 per peck; \$4 50 per bushel.

Early Mohawk.—An excellent variety. Very productive and of good quality. 20c. per qt.; \$1.00 per peck; \$3.50 per bushel.

Long Yellow Six Weeks.—Early and prolific. An excellent variety for general crop. 20c. per qt.; \$1.00 per peck; \$3.50 per bushel.

Large White Kidney.—Excellent as a shell bean, green or ripe. 12c. per qt.; 75c. per peck; \$2.75 per bushel.

White Marrowfat.—Extensively grown for sale in the dry state; of average quality as a string bean, but excellent shelled, either green or dry. 12c. per qt.; 75c. per peck; \$2.75 per bushel.

Bush Lima.

Henderson's Bush Lima.—Produces enormous crops of delicious Lima Beans, which can be as easily gathered as the common garden Bush Bean. It is at least two weeks earlier than any of the climbing Limas. 30c. per qt.; \$1.50 per peck; \$5.50 per bushel.

Dreer's Bush Lima.—The best variety of the Bush Lima sort. Enormous bearer. Pods well filled and quality of Bean unexcelled. 30c. per qt.; \$2.00 per peck; \$7 50 per bushel.

Burpee's Bush Lima.—The true bush form of the Large Lima Pole Bean. Beans nearly the size of Pole Limas. 30c. per qt.; \$2.00 per peck; \$6.00 per bushel.

WAX OR YELLOW-Podded Varieties.

Valentine Wax.—An improved extra early Valentine bean, with round wax pod. 25c. per qt.; \$1.25 per peck; \$4.50 per bushel.

Golden-Eyed Wax.—Very hardy and prolific, with flat, yellow pods. Very early, and exceptionally free from rust. A very desirable and popular sort. 25c. per qt.; \$1.25 per peck; \$4.50 per bushel.

Currie's Rust-Proof Black Wax.—For earliness, it is at the head of the wax bean family. Habit—upright and robust, holding the pods well from the ground. Pods long, flat and straight, of a beautiful golden color. Quality not surpassed, and for productiveness unequaled. 25c. per qt.; \$1.50 per peck; \$5.00 per bushel.

Keeney's Rustless Golden Wax.—Absolutely stringless, very prolific, positively free from rust. Pods flat, bright yellow and remarkably tender. 20c. per qt.; \$1.50 per peck; \$4.50 per bushel.

bushel.

Refugee Wax.—This is a valuable sort for early and late sewing. It withstands draught better than any other wax bean. Pods round, very tender, of a waxy, yellow color, very productive. 20c. per qt.; \$1.50 per peck; \$4.50 per bushel.

Improved Golden Wax.—A flat-podded sort, but probably the best known of the yellow wax pod varieties, having besome everywhere popular because of its long, showy pods, which are nearly twice the length of the old Black-Seeded Wax. 25c. per qt.; \$1.50 per peck; \$5.00 per bushel.

Yosemite Mammoth Wax.—The pods frequently attain a length of eight to ten inches, with the thickness of a man's finger, and are nearly all solid pu'p. The pods are a rich golden color, and absolutely stringless, cooking tender and delicious. It is enormously productive. 30c per qt.; \$2.00 per peck; \$7.00 per bushel.



Wardwell's Rust-Proof Kidney Wax.—This bean is remarkably free of rust. Pods long, broad, and of a delicate waxy yellow; entirely stringless. 25c. per qt.; \$1.25 per peck; \$4.50 per bushel.

Black Wax or Butter.—The pods, when ripe, are of a waxy yellow, transparent, very tender and delicious. An excellent variety. 20c. per qt.; \$1.00 per peck; \$3.75 per bushel.

White-Seeded Wax.—A variety with wax-like pods, very similar to the Black-Seeded Wax, except in color of seed. 25c. per qt.; \$4.50 per bushel.

BEANS-Pole or Running.

German-Stangen-Bohnen.

One quart will plant about 100 hills.

These are more tender and require rather more care in the culture than the bush beans, and should be sown two weeks later than those; they succeed best in sandy loam, which should be liberally enriched with short manure in the hills, which are formed, according to the variety, from three to four feet apart; from five to six seeds are planted in each hill, about two inches deep.

Siebert's Early Lima.—An improvement on the large lima bean, the pods being peculiarly thin and flexible so that they are more easily opened and shelled than other beans. When in condition for use they are larger than any other variety and very handsome in shape and color. It is the earliest of the large limas. Vines are hardy and very productive; a trial will be well rewarded. 30c. per qt.; \$2 00 per peck; \$6.50 per bushel.

King of the Garden Lima.—Large in pod, and bean very productive. 30c. per qt.; \$1.50 per peck; \$5.50 per bushel.

Lazy Wife's Pole Bean.—The pod grows from six to eight inches long, entirely stringless and of a rich buttery flavor when cooked. Pods remain green and retain their tender, rich, stringless flavor until nearly ripe. The beans are white and unsurpassed as shell beans for Winter use They are pronounced by all who have grown them the best green-podded snap-short pole bean in cultivation, 30c. per qt.; \$2.00 per peck; \$7.00 per bushel.

Green Mammoth Lima.—This is undoubtedly the best of all the climbing Limas, the individual beans being of enormous size, and containing from five to eight Green Beans to a pod. 30c. per qt,; \$2.00 per peck; \$6.00 per bushel.

per qt.; \$2.00 per peck; \$3.00 per volume.

Early Golden Cluster Wax.—The Early Golden Cluster
begins to bear early in July and continues until frost. The pods
are from six to eight inches long, and are borne in clusters of from
three to six, and are mostly freely preduced. The pods are of a
beautiful golden-yellow color, and the flavor is most delicious.
This variety can be used either shelled or as a string bean. 30c.
per qt.; \$2.00 per peck; \$7.50 per bushel.

Large White Lima.—This is esteemed the best of all the Pole Beans, and is almost universally grown, both for market and private use. 30c. per qt.; \$2.00 per pk.; \$7.00 per bush.

Dreer's Improved Lima,—The distinctive features of this variety are early maturity, large yield and extra quality of Bean. It is also claimed that it produces more shelled beans to the pole than the Large Lima. 30c. per qt.; \$2.00 per pk.; \$7.00 per bush.

Dutch Case-Knife.—A very productive variety, and one of the earliest; sometimes used as "snap," but generally shelled. 25c. per qt.; \$2.00 per pk; \$7.00 per bush.

Scarlet Runner.—A great favorite in European gardens, both as an ornamental plant and a useful vegetable. It grows to the height of ten feet, producing dazzling scarlet flowers. 30c. per qt.; \$2.00 per pk.; \$6.00 per bush.

BEET.

German-Salatruben.

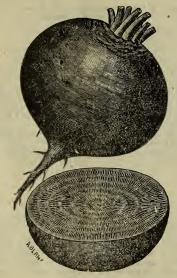
One ounce of garden varieties will sow 75 feet of drill, 5 to 6 pounds to the acr

The soil which is best suited for the culture of the Beet is that which is rather light than otherwise, always provided that it is thoroughly enriched with manure. For an early supply sow in Spring, as soon as the ground becomes fit to work, in drills about one foot apart and two inches deep. For main crop sow the first week in May, and for Winter use sow in June. When the plants have attained three or four leaves, thin out, so that they may stand eight or nine inches apart. Keep free from weeds by hand-weeding and hoeing. In October the roots may be taken up and stored, care being taken that they are not bruised or injured in the process. Very Early Forcing.—It is not so dark in flesh as Egyptian, but it is more firm when boiled or pickled; the leaf tops are remarkably short and compact, fitting the variety for forcing under glass or above planting on the border. A remarkably fine sort. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per 02.; 75c per lb.

Egyptian Turnip, Crosby Imp. (Strain)—Earliest Beet in The soil which is best suited for the culture of the Beet is that

Egyptian Turnip, Crosby Imp. (Strain)—Earliest Beet in cultivation. Color deep crimson. Of excellent quality. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 40c. per lb.

Detroit Dark Red.—One of the best market gardener's variety. It is early, fine grained; remains tender longer than any other variety. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz; 15c. per ¼ lb.; 4oc. per lb.



DETROIT DARK RED.

Eclipse (American grown, extra strain).—While it is just about as early as the Egyptian, it is better, because it is larger and of much finer quality. It makes a small top, and produces smoothgrowing, perfectly round Beets, the skin and flesh of which are of dark crimson color. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per ¼ lb; 35c.

Lentz's Extra Early Blood Turnip.—It has a very small top, and will produce a crop in six weeks from time of planting the seed. It is very productive and a perfect keeper. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per ½ lb.; 4oc. per lb.

Bastian's Blood Turnip.—After the Egyptian Turnip, probably the earliest variety of Beet. Is of blood-red color when boiled. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per ½ lb.; 35c. per lb.

Early Blood Turnip.—The standard early sort. An excellent variety. 5c. per pkt.; 7c per oz.; 15c. per ¼ lb; 3oc. per lb.

Long Smooth Blood-Red.—An excellent late variety. A great improvement on the common Long Blood. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c per ¼ lb.; 35c. per lb.

Swiss Chard, Silver or Sea Kale.—This variety is cultivated solely for its leaves. The mid-rib is stewed and served as asparagus, the other portions of the leaf being used as spinach. If often cut, new and more tender leaves will be reproduced. 5c. per pkt.; 8c. per oz.; 75c. per lb.

Dewing's Improved Blood Turnip.—Roots deep blood-red, of fine form and flavor; very early; an excellent market variety, 5c. per pkt; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 4oc. per lb.



WHITE SUGAR BEET.

Half Long.—The principal points of excellence in the Half Long as distinguished from the round varieties are the vividly rich colors which characterize almost every long variety and their peculiar adaptation for slicing, while its extreme tenderness and freedom from a rooty fibre will become one of the leading sorts. 5c. per pkt.; ioc. per oz.; 2oc. per ½ lb.; 5oc. per lb.

MANGEL WURZEL AND SUGAR BEET

German-Runkelruben.

The following varieties are grown for feeding stock Sow in April or May. Six to eight pounds per acre.

Colossal Long Red.—This is the finest stock of Long Red Mangel in cultivation. 5c. per oz; 25c. per lb.

Golden Tankard.—This variety is an exceedingly popular variety in Great Britain, where it is considered particularly valuable on account of its nutritious and milk-producing qualities. Sheep have a preference for this sort over other mangels. It is said that they will pick out every piece of Golden Tankard before touching others. It yields, under the best cultivation, 75 toms per acre. 5c. per oz.; 25c. per lb.

Red Globe.—A variety similar to the Yellow Globe in shape and size, and differing only in color. 5c. per oz.; 3oc. per lb.

Yellow Globe.—Roots of large size and globular form. Very productive. Keeps better than the Long Red, and is better adapted for growing in shallow soil. 5c. per oz.; 25c. per lb.

Vilmorin Improved White Sugar Beet.—Attains a large size, and is extensively grown. Largely cultivated in France for the manufacture of sugar. 5c. per oz.; 30c. per lb.

Klein's Wanzleben.—Popular variety with the Sugar Beet factories. 5c. per oz.; 30c. per lb.

BROCCOLI.

German-Spargel-Kohl.

One ounce will sow 75 feet of drill, and produce about 2,000 plants.

Nearly allied to the cauliflower, but more hardy; the seed should be sown in this district in the early part of May, and transplanted in June; farther south the sowing should be delayed until June or July, and the transplanting accordingly, from August to October. In parts of the country where the thermometer does not fall below 20 to 25 degrees, Broccoli may be had in perfection from November until March. It succeeds best in a moist and rather cool atmosphere. phere

White Cape.—Heads medium size, close, compact, and of a creamy white color. One of the most certain to head. 10c. per pkt.; 50c. per 0z.; \$1.50 per 1/2 lb.

Purple Cape.—Differs only in color. 10c. per pkt.; 35c. per oz.; \$1.50 per ¼ lb.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

German-Kohl-Sprossen.

One ounce will sow 75 feet of drill, and produce about 2,000

This is one of the best vegetables for Winter use, producing from the axils of the leaves an abundance of sprouts, resembling small cabbages, of excellent, mild flavor. It has never come into general use in this country, probably owing to its being too tender to stand the winters of the Northern States; still, by sowing in April or May, and planting out in July, it may be had in fine condition until December, and in the Southern States may be had in use from November to March.

Tall French.-Very fine. 5c. per pkt.; 2oc. per oz.; 6oc. per 1/4 lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

Dwarf Improved.—A variety producing compact sprouts. 5c. per pkt.; 20c. per oz.; 6oc. per ¼ lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

CABBAGE

German-Kopf-Kohl or Krout.

One ounce will sow 75 feet of drill, and produce about 2,000 plants.

The early varieties of Cabbage are cultivated more extensively than any other vegetable. In latitudes where the thermometer never indicates 20 degrees below the freezing point, seed may be sown in the open border in October, and planted out on the first opening of Spring, but in our Northern States they must either be

sown in hot-beds in February, or, what is still better, wintered over in cold frames; for this purpose the seed is sown from the roth to the 20th of September. Attention to date is important; if too soon, the plants might run to seed, and if too late, they will be too small. In four or five weeks from the time of sowing they will be fit to transplant into cold frames. In planting, it is very important with Cabbage or Cauliflower that the plant is set down to the first leaf, so that the stem is all under ground, for if exposed it will be split by the action of the frost, and will be injured in consequence. The plants are usually set out from the middle of March to the middle of April, in rows about two feet apart, and eighteen inches between the plants in rows. The late varieties are usually sown in the early part of May, and the plants are set out in July, at a distance of three feet between the rows and two feet between the plants.

Early Spring.—This variety is of early Summer type, but

Early Spring.—This variety is of early Summer type, but about one-fifth smaller. It can be planted as close as twenty-one inches apart, owing to its few short outer leaves. Its great value lies in the fact that it is the first early flat cabbage. roc per pkt.; 50c. per 02.; \$1 50 per 1/4 lb.; \$5.00 per lb.



Early York.—A well-known favorite variety. 5c per pkt.; 10c. per oz.; 30c. per 1/4 lb; \$1.00 per lb.



SUCCESSION.

Succession.—The Succession we regard as the most valuable variety that has been introduced since the Early Summer. It is the best Cabbage for either early or late use ever offered. The Succession is about one week later than the Early Summer, but is double the size, and is so finely bred that in a field of ten acres. every head was a magnificent, perfect specimen, fit for exhibition purposes. 10c. per pkt.; 20c. per 0z.; 65c. per 1/4 lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

The Charleston, or Large Type of Wakefield.—The Largest and Best First-Early Cabbage. This stock was selected from one of the best stocks of Wakefield, a large type, which is now so fixed in its character that we can offer it with confidence to those desiring a cabbage of this kind. 10c, per pkt.; 20c, per 02.; 75c. per 1/4 lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

Early Winningstadt.—An excellent sort; heads of large size; one of the best for general use. 5c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 5cc. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

Hendersons Early Summer.—(American grown.) It is about ten days later than the Wakefield, but being of fully double the size, it may be classed as the best large early Cabbage. 10c. per pkt.; 15c. per 02; 50c. per ½ lb.; \$1.75 per lb.

Early Flat Dutch.—(True American grown.) A valuable early vari ty; largely grown in the vicinity of New York. 10c. per pkt.; 15c. per 02.; 40c. per 1/4 lb; \$1.50 per lb.

Landreth's Market Gardener's Late Flat Dutch. This is Landreth's prize late Cabbage, being very large in size and a sure header. A great favorite among Philadelphia market gardeners. 10c. per pkt.; 20c. per 0z; 65c. per ½ lb.; \$2 00 per lb. Selected Premium Late Flat Dutch.—To this we have only to add that the seed offered has been grown from heads uniform in size, large and solid. Those who buy it for the first time will find it to be one of the most satisfactory strains of late Cabbage they have ever used. 10c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 50c. per 1/2 lb.; \$1.75 per lb.

Large Late Drumhead.—(American grown.) Grows to a large size, with round, compact heads. 10c. per pkt.; 15c. per 02.; 50c. per 1/2 lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

Drumhead Savoy.—The largest heading sort; of excellent flavor. 10c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 40c. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.25 per lb.

Premium Late Flat Dutch.—(Selected stock; American grown.) A popular and much esteemed variety, of superior quality. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per 0z.; 35c. per 1/2 lb.; \$1.25 per lb.

Red Dutch.—Used almost exclusively for pickling. 10c. per pkt.; 15c. per 02.; 50c. per 1/2 lb.; \$1.75 per lb.

Mammoth Rock Red.—This is by far the best, largest and surest heading red Cabbage ever introduced. The plant is large, with numerous spreading leaves. The head is large, round, very solid and of deep red color inside, as well as outside. Ninety-eight per cent. of the plant will form extra fine heads. The best of the red Cabbages. 10c. per pkt.; 20c. per 0z.; 50c. per 1/2 lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

CABBAGE PLANTS.

FOLLOWING RARLY SORTS.

Early Wakefield and Early Summer .- 10c. per doz.; 65c. per 100; \$4.00 per 1,000.

LATE SORTS.

Landredth's Market Garden, Henderson's Selected Late Flat Dutch, Henderson's Succession.—40c. per 100; \$1.50 per 1,000

Special prices given on 5,000 and 10,000 lots.

CARDOON.

German-Kardon.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill.

Cardoon is grown for the mid rib of the leaf, which requires to be blanched in the same manner as celery. Sow early in Spring, where the plants are to remain in drills, three feet apart, an inch and a-half deep, and thin out the young plants to a foot apart in

If by mail in quantities of 4 lb. and upwards, postage must be added at the rate of 8 cents per lb.

Large Spanish.—roc. per pkt.; 30c. per oz.; \$1.00 1/2 lb.; \$3.50 per lb.

CARROT.

German-Mohre Rube.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drills; 3 pounds will seed an

The Carrot, like other root crops, delights in a sandy loam, richly tilled. For early crops sow in Spring, as soon as the ground is in good working order; for later crops, they may be sown any time until the middle of June. Sow in rows about fifteen inches apart, thinning out to three or four inches between the plants.

Early French Forcing.—The earliest variety; valuable for forcing; root small and of fine flavor. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per 02.; 30c. 1/4 lb.; 75c. per lb.

Early Scarlet Horn .favorite sort, much esteemed for early Summer use. 5c. per pkt; 7c. per oz.; 20c. per ½ lb.; 50c. per lb.

Early Half-Long Red.— (Stump rooted.) A variety intermediate in size and maturity between the preceding and Long Orange. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 2oc. per ¼ lb.; 5oc. per lb.

Early Half-Long Red.—
(Pointed root.)—5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz; 20c. per ¼ lb.; 5oc. per lb.

Danvers. — A variety of great promise, in form midway between the Long Orange and Early Horn class. In color it is of a rich shade of orange, growing very smooth and handsome. It is claimed that this variety will yield the greatest bulk with the smallest length of root of any now grown. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz; 2oc. per ¼ lb.; 5oc. per lb.

Large White Belgian .- A very

productive kind, grown almost exclusively for stock; grows one-third out of the ground; lower part of the root white, that above the ground green. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz; 20c. per ¼ lb.; 5oc. per lb.



EARLY SCARLET HORN.

Long Orange Improved.—The roots are of large size. Equally adapted for garden or farm culture. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 2oc. per ½ lb.; 5oc. per l½

Yellow Belgian.—When young, the roots are mild, delicate and of good flavor; when full grown, valuable for stock. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz : 50c. per lb.

CAULIFLOWER.

German-Blumen Kohl.

One ounce will sow 75 feet of drill and produce 2,500 plants.

Any soil that will grow cabbage will grow Cauli-

Any soil that will grow cabbage will grow Cauliflower, as their requirements are almost similar. But as the product is more valuable, extra manuring and preparation of the soil will be well repaid. The seed may be sown in September and wintered over in the same manner as described for early cabbage. Where this is not practicable, it may be had nearly as well by sowing the seeds in the hot bed in January or February, and transplanting the plants at two or three inches apart, in boxes, or in the soil of another hot-bed, until such time as they are sale to be planted in the open LONG ORANGE ground, which, in this latitude, is usually from the 1MPROVED.



HENDERSON'S EARLY SNOW-BALL.

Henderson's Early Snow-Ball .- It is the earliest of all Henderson's Early Snow-Ball.—It is the earliest of all Cauliflowers Sown at same time and under same conditions with ten other kinds, on the 1st of March last year, heads of the Early Snow-Ball, measuring nine inches in diameter ready by the 10th of June, about one week earlier than any other sort. Besides, of this variety, every plant formed a fine head. In addition to its earliness and greater certainty to head than any other sort, its dwarf habit and short outer leaves allow it to be planted as close as 18 inches apart. For forcing, under glass, during winter and spring this variety is particularly well adapted. 20c. per pkt.; \$2.75

Extra Early Paris.—A well-known excellent variety. 10c. per pkt; 60c. per oz.

Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt.—A favorite early market variety; large, compact heads of fine quality. 20c. per pkt; \$2.00

CELERIAC, OR TURNIP-ROOT CELERY.

German-Knob Sellerie.

One ounce will produce 3,000 plants.

A variety of celery having turnip-shaped roots, which may be cooked and sliced, and used with vinegar, making a most excellent salad. It is more hardy, and may be treated in the same manner as Celery.

Large Erfurt.-10c. per pkt.; 20c. per oz.; \$1 50 per lb.

CELERY.

German-Sellerie.

One ounce will sow 100-foot row, and produce 3,000 plants.

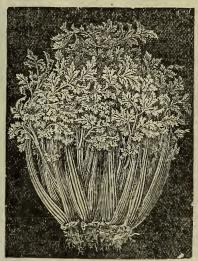
Sow in open ground as soon as it is fit to work, late in March or early in April. Keep clear of weeds until time for transplanting, in

June cr July. The tops should be shorn off once or twice before transplanting to insure stocky plants. When from four to six inches high, transplant into broad, shallow trenches nearly on the level, three feet apart and six inches in the rows. The soil should be light, highly manured and moist, or near water, as the plants must be freely watered in dry weather. Earthing up should not be begun until the plants are quite well grown; then earth up gradually, keeping the leaf stocks close together, so that the earth may not fall into the center of the plant. Never earth up in wet weather or when the dew is on the plants. Celery for very late use which is earthed or bunched up early is liable to rust. When severe cold weather comes on, cover with leaves, hay or straw, and place boards on the top to keep out moisture. The covering must be put on gradually, else there will be danger of heating and consequent decay.

New Pink Plume.—A strong, healthy, compact grower, with no tendency to rust. Stems very solid and crisp, extra early and a long keeper, remaining, when properly trenched, in perfect condition away into the Spring It possesses a rich, nutty flavor, with stocks of ivory white, suffused with dainty pink, which not only delight the eye, but tempt the palate of the epicure. Ioc. per pkt.; 20c. per 02.; 60c. per ½ lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

New Rose.—The finest of its class. The color is of a beautiful shade of rose, of exceptionally fine flavor, solid, crisp and entirely free from stringiness. A splendid variety for late use, keeping well. roc. per pkt.; 20c. per oz.; 75c. per 1/2 lb.; \$2 50 per lb.

Golden Self-Blanching.—A most valuable variety, which partakes somewhat of the character of the celebrated White Plume, partakes somewhat of the character of the celebrated white Flume, inasmuch as it does not require such high banking-up as the ordinary sort to be fit for the table. It simply needs a slight earthing-up or handling. It is of a beautiful waxy, golden color, very solid, and of a rich, nutty flavor. 10c. per pkt.; 25c. per 0z.; 75c. per ½ lb.; \$2 50 per lb.



SCHUMACHER.

Schumacher.—Very popular among New York market gardeners. They consider it the best Winter variety; keeping quality excellent. Grows to large size, with golden-yellow heart. Very solid and crisp. 10c. per pkt.; 20c. per 0z; 75c. per ¼ lb.; \$2.50 per lb.

White Plume.—This celery is valued because naturally the stalk and portions of its inner leaves and heart are white. By simply tying up the leaves and drawing up the soil with the hoe the work of blanching is completed It is ornamental, tender, crisp and of good flavor. 10c. per pkt.; 20c. per 02.; 60c. per 1/4 lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

Henderson's Half-Dwarf.—A remarkably fine compact variety, intermediate in size between the Dwarf and Large White. 5c. per pkt.; r5c. per oz.; 5oc. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

Giant White Solid.—Of large size, solid and crisp. 5c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz; 5cc. per 1/2 lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

Boston Market.—A dwarf-growing white variety, of excellent quality. 5c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz; 5oc per 1/4 lb.; \$1.75

Hood's Dwarf Red .- An excellent dwarf variety, solid, crisp and juicy. 5c. per pkt.; 20c. per oz ; \$2,00 per lb.

Golden Heart (Golden Dwarf).—In size and habit of growth it is much the same as the Half-Dwarf kinds, except that, when bleached, the heart, which is large and full, is of waxy, golden yellow, rendering it a most striking and showy variety for either

market or private use. It is entirely solid, and of most excellent flavor, and one of the best keepers that has ever been known. 5c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 5oc. per 1/1b.; \$1 75 per lb.

Celery Seed, for flavoring, 40c. per lb.

CELERY PLANTS.

(Ready July 10th.)

8,000 to 10,000 plants to the acre.

Varieties same as list of seed above. Price, 25c. per 100; \$2.00 per 1,000, and 5,000 or over, \$1.75 per 1,000.

CHICORY.

German-Chicarei

One ounce will sow 150 feet drill.

Large Rooted.—Used to mix with, or as a substitute for coffee. Cultivation the same as the carrot. 5c per pkt.; roc. per oz.; 35c. per 1/2 lb.; \$1.00 per lb.

CHERVIL.

German-Garten Kerbel.

One ounce to 150 feet of drill.

Chervil, Curled .- An aromatic sweet Chervil, Curled.—An aromatic sweet herb. The young leaves are used in soups and salads. Sow thinly in May, in drills half an inch deep, one foot apart. 5c. per pkt.; roc. per oz.; 3cc. per 1/4 lb.; 75c. per lb.

CORN-Sweet.

German-Welch Korn fur Tischge-branch.

One quart will plant 150 to 200 hills, according to the variety 8 to 10 quarts will plant an acre. 3 bushels will sow an acre broadcast for soiling or half that quantily in drills 4 to 6 quarts will plant an acre of yellow field Corn in hills; one-third more in drills.

All varieties of Sweet Corn may be either sown in rows four and a half feet apart, and the seeds planted at about eight inches in the rows, or planted in hills at distances of three or four feet each way, distances of three or four feet each way, according to the variety grown or richness of the soil in which it is planted. The taller the variety, or richer the soil, the greater should be the distance apart. We make our first plantings in this vicinity about the middle of May, and continue successive plantings every two or three weeks until the last week in July. In more southerly latitudes planting is begun a month earlier and continued a month later.

Scarcity of Seed Sweet Corn is attributed to early Fall frost and snow; some varieties are total failures.

Honey Dew.—Sweet Popular Eastern variety. Exceptionally sweet; handsomely formed ears; very productive and medium early. 20c. per qt; \$1 00 per pk; \$3 50 per bushel.

Crosby's Early Sugar.—An excellent early variety; ears rather small; a great favorite in the markets of all the large cities. 20c. per qt.; \$1 00 per pk.; \$3 50 per bush.

Adams' Extra Early, or "Burlington White."—This is the earliest White Corn grown; ready for use in sixty days. Height of stalks, three to four feet; can be planted earlier than any Sweet Corn. 15c. per qt.; 75 per pk.; \$2.50 per bush.

Ne Plus Ultra or Shoe Peg Corn.—This is the sweetest and most tender of all Sweet Corn. The ears are short, but the cob is very small and the kernels of extraordinary depth, pearly whiteness, and are irregularly crowded together on the cob. 15c. per qt.; 75c. per pk.; \$2.50 per bush.

Egyptian.—The ear is of large size, and the flavor peculiarly rich and sweet, and so superior to other sorts of Sweet Corn that hotels and families using it will have no other kind as long as this variety is to be had. 15c. per qt.; 75c. per pk; \$2.50 per bush.

Stowell's Evergreen.—A late variety, of excellent quality, remaining longer in the green state than any other kind. 15c. per qt.; 75c. per pk.; \$2.75 per bush.

Early Mammoth.—Not quite as large as Late Mammoth; possessing same quality, but much earlier. 20c. per qt.; \$1.50 per pk.; \$4.50 per bush.



HONEY DEW.



THE COUNTRY GRNTLEMAN.

The Country Gentleman is, without doubt, the finest of all for private use, and greatly resembles the Shoe Peg, except the ears are twice as large, with an average of about nine inches in length, and is very productive, producing from three to four ears to a stalk. Cob is small, giving great depth to the kernels, which are of a pearly whiteness. Its fine quality makes it the most desirable for the market gardener. 15c. per qt.; 80c. per pk.; \$3 00 per bush.

Mammoth Sugar.—A late variety, and one of the largest; productive and fine flavored. 20c. per qt.; \$1.00 per pk.; \$3.50 per

Henderson's Sugar.—This variety ripens about ten days earlier than Stowell's; in size it is about the same. In the green or fresh condition, when ready for the table, the kernels of this variety are always pure white and of a remarkably sweet and rich flavor. 20c. per qt.; \$1.00 per pk.; \$4.00 per bush.

Cory Early Sweet.—It is the earliest of all the red-cob varieties that have yet been introduced, earlier by at least a week than the Marblehead, which hitherto has always taken the lead. Those desiring a first-class early can make no mistake in planting the Cory. 15c. per qt.; 75c. per pk.; \$2.50 bush.

Early Minnesota.—Very early, a decidedly excellent variety; ears fair sized and uniform; plant rather dwarf. 15c. per qt.; 75c. per pk.; \$2.75 per bush.

Black Sugar.—A variety with black grains; one of the sweetest of all kinds. 20c. per qt.; \$1.00 per pk.; \$3.50 per bush.

est of all kinds. 20c. per qt.; \$1.00 per pk.; \$3.50 per bush.

Squantum Sugar.—A variety of Sugar Corn in great favor with the well known. Squantum Club of Silver Springs, L. I., and used almost exclusively by them in their famous clam bakes; it is about as early as the Eight-Rowed Early, the ears being somewhat larger; its quality is of the best; very sweet, and wonderfully productive, producing four ears on a stalk. 15c. per qt.; 75c. per pk.; \$2.75 per bush.

Large Early Eight-Rowed —One of the best of the sweet varieties; ears long, with white cob. 15c. per qt.; 75c. per pk.; \$2.50 per bush.

Corn, Sweet Fodder.—(For soiling.) Sow three bushels to the acre, broadcast, or half the quantity in drills. \$2.00 per bush.

Pop Corn. White Pearl .- roc. per lb. Pop Corn, White Rice.- roc. per lb.

CORN-Field.

German-Welsch-Korn Feld-Sorten.

White Surprise.—Can be grown on any kind of soil. Ears large, dented and deep grain; very productive. roc. per qt.; \$1.00 per bush.

Pennsylvania Early Dent.—Reliable sort, early and vigorous, stalks short, ranging from six to eight feet; ears large and well filled; it proved to be the best yielding corn in 1894. 5c. per qt.; 30c. per peck; \$1.00 per bush.

Golden Beauty.—The ears are of perfect shape, with from ten to sixteen straight rows of bright golden grains of the largest size, which are filled out to the extreme end of the cot; it is easily shelled, and is in every respect seemingly a perfect type; it is a vigorous grower, attaining eight to ten feet in height, and each stalk produces from two to three ears; matures as early as most varieties of Golden Dent, and surpasses all in size, appearance and productiveness. So per att. acc. per pect. St on er hush productiveness. 5c. per qt ; 3oc. per peck; \$1.00 per bush

Golden Dent Gourd Seed.—This is a very productive and superior variety; very early; requires less strength of ground, and makes a very fine quality of meal. The grains are very deep, with small cobs. It is a vigorous grower, and very popular in sections where the soils are light and sandy. 5c. per qt.; 30c per peck;

Improved Leaming.—The earliest, most productive and handsomest Yellow Dent Corn in cultivation. 5c. per qt.; 3oc. per peck; 9oc. per bush.

Large Yellow Flint .- Productive and of good quality. 5c. per qt.; 30c. per peck; \$1.00 per bush.

Chester County Mammoth.—The largest variety of Field Corn in cultivation. 5c. per qt.; 3oc. per peck; \$1,00 per bush.

ear, medium size stalk, very productive. 5c. per qt.; 3oc. per peck; \$t oo per bush. Woodhull .- One of the best standard sorts; light grain, large

CORN SALAD, or FETTIOUS.

German-Lammersalat.

One ounce will sow 125 feet of row.

A vegetable used as a salad, and sold to a considerable extent in our markets. It is sown on the first opening of Spring, in rows one foot apart, and is fit I ruse in six or eight weeks from time of sowing. If wanted to come in early in Spring, it is sown in September, covered up with straw or hay as soon as cold weather sets in, and is wintered over exactly as spinach.

Large Leaved.—5c. per pkt., 10c. per 0z.; 25c. per 1/2 lb., 50c. per lb.

CRESS, or PEPPER GRASS.

German-Kresse.

One ounce will sow 50 feet of row.

A well-known pungent salad. Requires to be sown thickly and covered very lightly at frequent intervals to keep up a succession, as it soon runs to seed.

Extra Curled.—Very fine; may be cut two or three times. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per ¼ lb.; 4oc. lb.

Water Cress.-10c. per pkt.; 25c. per oz.; 75c. per 1/4 lb.; \$2.50 per lb.

CUCUMBER.

German-Gurke.

One ounce will plant 50 hills, two pounds will plant an acre.

Cucumbers succeed best in warm, moist, rich, loamy ground They should not be planted in the open air until there is a prospect of settled warm weather. Plant in hills about four feet apart each way. The hills should be previously prepared by mixing thoroughly with the soil of each a shovelful of well-rotted manure. When all danger from insects is past, thin out the plants, leaving three or four of the strongest to each hill. The fruit should be plucked when large enough, whether required for use or not, as if left to ripen on the vines, it destroys its productiveness.

Improved Early White Spine — A favorite market variety of medium size, deep green, flesh crisp and of fine flavor. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 4oc. per lb.

Boston Picking.—It is largely used about Boston by market gardeners. A very productive kind, of superior quality. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 4oc. per lb.

Early Frame.—An old and popular variety, of medium size, straight and handsome. Excellent for pickles when young. 5c. per pkt; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per ¼ lb.; 4oc. per lb.

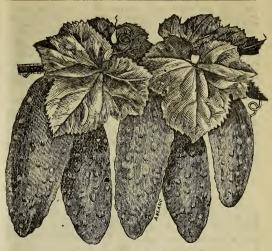
Early Cluster.—A much-esteemed early sort, growing in clusters, and extremely productive. 5c. per pkt.; 7c per oz.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 40c. per lb.

Early Russian.—The earliest variety. Fruit produced in pairs; small, hardy and productive. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz; 15c. per ¼ lb; 35c per lb.

Long Green, or Jersey Pickle.—A fine, long fruit, of excellent quality, dark green, firm and crisp, very productive. 5c. per pkt.; 7c per oz.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 4oc per lb.

Long Green Turkey.—Late, dark green, excellent fruit, large and productive. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/2 lb.; 4oc. per lb.

West India Gherkin, or Bur.—Used only for pickles. 5c. per pkt; 15c. per oz.; 35c. per 1/2 lb; \$1.00 per lb.



IMPROVED ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE.

Improved Arlington White Spine.—(New sort.) It is a week earlier than the Improved Early White, wonderfully prolific. It retains a beautiful green color longer than any other sort; size, medium; an elegant slicing sort. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per 02.; 25c. per ¼ lb.; 75c. per lb.

DANDELION.

One ounce will sow 150-foot row.

Improved Large Leaved.—A very early and healthful Spring salad. Sow early in the Spring, in drills, eighteen inches apart, and thin out to six inches in the drills. 10e. per pkt.; 50c. per 02.; \$1.75 per 1/4 lb.

EGG PLANT.

German-Eierflanze.

One ounce will produce about 1,000 plants.

The Egg Plant will thrive well in any good garden soil, but will repay good treatment The seed should be sown in hot beds the second week in March, care being taken to protect the young plants from cold at night. Plant out about June 1st, about two and a half feet apart. If no hot-bed is at hand, sufficient plants may be raised for a small garden by sowing a few seeds in common flower-pots or boxes in the house.

If by mail in quantities of 1/4 lb. and upwards, postage must be added at the rate of 8 cents per lb.

Improved New York Spineless.—In every respect superior to the New York Improved. The habit of the plant is low and branching, and is quite free from spines both on the plant and calyx of the fruit, which are of the largest size and most perfect form. It is earlier than either of the old varieties, therefore most valuable to the grower of this delicious vegetable. roc. per pkt.; 25c. per oz.; 70c. per ½ lb.; \$2.50 per lb.

New York Improved.—The leading market variety. Excellent and very productive. 10c. per pkt.; 250. per oz.; 75c. per 1/4 lb.; \$2 50 per lb.

Landreth Thornless Large Round Purple.—Used both for private and market garden. An imposing variety; productive, vigorous, good in quality, often reaching a weight of twelve pounds. 10c. per pkt.; 35c. per oz.; \$1.00 per 1/2 lb.; \$3.50 per lb.

Black Pekin.—Fruit nearly round; skin smooth, black and glossy; flesh white and delicate, good market sort. 10c. per pkt.; 35c. per 02.; \$1.00 per 1/4 lb.; \$3.00 per lb.

EGG PLANTS (Pot Grown).

(Ready May 1st.)

New York Improved Landreth Large Round Purple and Improved New York Spineless.—In pots, 5c. each; 5oc. per doz. Out of seed bed, 25c. per doz; \$1.50 per 100.

Special prices on application, in quantities.

ENDIVE.

German-Endivien.

One ounce will sow a 100-foot row.

Endive is one of the best salads for Fall and Winter use. Sow for an early supply about the middle of April. As it is used mostly in the Fall months, the main sowings are made in June and July,

from which plantations are formed one foot apart in each way, in August and September. It requires no special soil or manure, and after planting is kept clear of weeds until the plant has obtained its full size, when the process of blanching begins. This is effected by gathering up the leaves and tying them by their tips in a conical form, with bass matting. This excludes the light and air from the inner leaves, which, in the course of from three to six weeks, according to the temperature at the time, become blanched. Another and simpler method consists in covering up the plants as they grow, with slats or boards, which serves the same purpose—by excluding the light—as the tying up.

If by mail, in quantities of 1/4 lb. and upwards, postage must be added at the rate of 8 cents per pound

Green Curled.—Very hardy; leaves dark green; tender and crisp. 5c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 5oc. per ¼ lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

French Moss Curled.—From the density of its foliage, this variety is heavier than the Green Curled, equally agreeable as a salad, and either green or blanched is particularly handsome. 5c. per pkt.; 20c per oz.; 75c. per 1/2 lb; \$200 per lbt.

GARLIC.

German-Knoblauch.

Used for flavoring soups, stews and other dishes. Garlic thrives best in a light, well-enriched soil. The sets should be planted in early Spring, in rows one foot apart, and from one to five inches between the plants in the rows The crop matures in August, when it is harvested like the onion.

If by mail in quantities of 4, lb. and upwards, postage must be added at the rate of 8 cents per pound.

Garlie Sets .- 3oc. per lb.

KALE, or BORECOLE.

German-Blatter-Kohl

One ounce will produce about 2,500 plants.

Kale, or Borecole, may be grown in almost any soil, but the richer it is the more abundant the produce Sow from the middle of April to the beginning of May, in prepared beds, covering the seeds thinly and evenly; transplant in June, and treat in the same manner as for cabbage. Of all the cabbage tribe, this is the most tender and delicate, and would be much more extensively grown than it is if its excellent qualities were generally known The varieties are all extremely hardy, and are best when touched by frost.

Green Curled Scotch.—A rather dwarf variety, growing about eighteen inches in height, but spreading under good cultivation to three feet in diameter Leaves of a bright green, beautifully curved. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per 0z.; 15c. per ½ lb.; 50c. per lb.

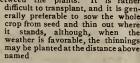
Siberian Curled.—This variety grows a little larger and coarser than the preceding. The leaves are not so deeply curled, and are of a bluish-green color. Very hardy. 5c. per pkt.; roc. per oz.; 15c. per ½ lb.; 5oc per lb.

KOHL-RABI

German-Kohl Rabi.

One ounce will produce about 2,500 plants.

A vegetable intermediate between the Cabbage and the Turnip. It is best cultivated by sowing the seed in rows, in May, June and July, according to the latitude. In this district we sow through June for succession, in rows eighteen inches apart, thinning out to eight inches between the plants. It is rather difficult to transplant, and it is generally preferable to sow the whole crop from seed and thin out where it stands, although, when the weather is favorable, the thinnings may be planted at the distance above named



Early White Vienna.—Flesh white and tender. The best market sort. Excellent for table use. 10c. per pkt.; 20c. per oz.; 60c. per 1/4 lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

Early Purple Vienna.—Dif-erent from the above in color, which is of a bluish-purple. 10c. per pkt.; 20c. per 02.; 60c. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.00 per lb.

LEEK.

German-Lauch.

One ounce will sow a drill of about 100 feet.

The Leek is very hardy and easily cultivated. It succeeds best in light, but well enriched soil.

Sow as early in Spring as practicable, in drills one inch deep and one foot apart. When six or eight inches high, they may be transplanted in rows ten inches apart each way, as deep as possible, that the neck, being covered, may be blanched. If fine Leeks are desired, the ground can hardly be made too rich.

Large American Flag.—A favorite market variety. 10c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 40c. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

LETTUCE.

German-Salat or Lattich.

One ounce will sow about 100-foot row

One ounce will sow about 100-foot row.

The cultivation of Lettuce is universal by all who have gardens, and from its tractable nature and freedom from nearly all insects, and disease, it is manageable in the hands of everyone. For main early crop, seed may be sown in the open ground, middle of September, and transplanted to cold frames as soon as large enough to handle, being wintered over in the same manner as early Cabbage. In dry, well-sheltered spots, by covering up with leaves or litter, late in the season, Lettuce plants may be saved over Winter without glass covering, in southern parts of the country, without difficulty. The plants for setting out in the Spring are also sown in cold-frames in February and in hot-beds in March, and by carefully covering up at nights, makes plants to set out in April; but these are never so good as those wintered over. For successive crops, sowings may be made in the open ground as early as Spring opens, until July.

Early Forcing (rare).—So named because of its adaptability for forcing under glass, forming crisp, hard heads before any other known sort has commenced to head. 50 per pkt.; 150. per oz.; 50c. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

Large New York.—Is of unusual size and solidity of headmostly as solid as an early Summer Cabbage, which in general form it somewhat resembles. The variety blanches itself naturally, is crisp, tender and of excellent flavor, and always free from bitterness. It is not a forcing variety, but is one of the best for Summer use ever introduced. 5c. per pkt.; 15c per 0z.; 50c. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

Early Cabbage, or Speckled Dutch Butter Head.—A very reliable heading variety. Slow to shoot to seed, and of superior quality, highly recommended. The leaves are dotted with rusty freckles. 5c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 3oc. per ¼ lb.; \$1.00-

Big Boston.—This variety is identical in color, shape and general appearance with the famous Boston Market Lettuce, but it is double the size. It is about a week later in maturing, but its solidity and greater size of head will make it a most desirable sort. A most desirable variety either for forcing or open-ground planting. 5c-per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 5oc. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.50 per lb.



BIG BOSTON.

Early Curled Silesia.—This variety, properly speaking, does not head, but forms a compact, close mass of leaves. The earliest and leading market sort. 5c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 3oc. per ¼ lb.; \$1.00 per lb.

Largest of All.—A very showy sort, being a very large green-cabbaging variety; heads well formed and monstrous in size. Altogether desirable, both for family use and market garden. Truckers' can adopt it with confidence, as it is sure to sell on its own merits. 5c. per pkt.; 20c. per 0z; 65c. per 1/4 lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

Tennis Ball.—(Black seeded) Forms a close, hard head, with a few outer leaves. A favorite forcing variety. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per 0z.; 30c. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.00 per lb.

Black-Seeded Butter.—Similar to Tennis Ball, but larger in all its parts. Used extensively as an out-door variety. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per 0z.; 30c. per 1/2 lb; \$1.00 per lb.



LEEK.

Salamander.—The Salamander is the best variety for Summer use, forming good-sized, compact heads. Color, light green outside, and white on the inside. Its great merit, however, is that it will withstand drought and heat, and remain longer in head than any other variety. 5c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 5oc. per ¼ lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

Boston Market.—(True.) A superb variety. Grows very compact, and is beautifully white and crisp. 5c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 50c. per 1/2 lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

Large White Summer Cabbage.—Excellent for Summ o; heads of good size, close and well formed. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per oz.; 35c. per ½ lb; \$1.00 per lb.

Drumhead, or Malta.—Heads very large, crisp, tender and of good flavor. One of the best Summer varieties. 5c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 4oc. per ¼ lb.; \$1.25 per lb.

All the Year Round.—A hardy, crisp-eating and compact-growing variety, with small, close heads, of a dark green color. An excellent Summer Lettuce, and valuable for forcing. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per 0z.; 25c per ½ lb.; 75c. per lb.

MARTYNIA.

One ounce will sow about a 150-foot row.

The seed pods are used, to a considerable extent, for pickling, when gathered green and tender. Sow in the open ground, in May, transplant two feet apart.

If by mail, in quantities of one quarter lb. and upwards, postage must be added at the rate of 8 cents per lb.

Martynia Proboscidea.-10c. per pkt.; 20c. per 0z.; 75c. per 1/4 lb. \$2 75 per lb.

MELON-Musk.

German-Kantalouben.

One ounce will plant about 75 hills; two pounds will plant an

Melons thrive best in moderately enriched light soil. The hills should be six feet apart each way. Previously to planting, incorporate well with the soil in each hill a couple of shovelfuls of thoroughly rotted manure. Plant twelve or fifteen seeds in each hill early in May, and when well up, thin out to three or four of the most promising. Pinch off the leading shoots as the growth becomes too luxuriant, and if the fruit sets out numerously, thin out when young, which will increase the size of those remaining and cause them to ripen quicker.



ROCKY FORD.

Rocky Ford -(The Great Colorado Nutmeg Melon.) ROCKY FORD — (The Great Colorado Nutmer Meion.) Last year over 6,000 acres were devoted to growing the now celebrated Rocky Ford Musk Melons, which were shipped to almost every market in the United States, realizing handsome profits owing to their fine quality and appearance. Never breaking down in shipping, nutmeg shape, small to medium in size, pale green, finely netted flesh green, quality very fine. 15c. per oz; 50c. per 1/4 lb., \$1.50 per lb.

Paul Rose.—This new salmon-fleshed Musk Melon surpasses any-thing yet introduced. The color is of a beautiful netted gray underlaid by dark green rind, the flavor is de-licious; flesh, salmon, very thick and extraordinarily sweet, size of the Netted Gem. 15c. per oz.; 50c. 1/4 lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

McCleary's Improved Jenny Lind.—Early, larger than the old type of Jeany Lind, very rough rind, a long keeper. roc. per oz.; 30c. 1/2 lb.; \$1.00 per lb.



PAUL ROSE.

The Banquet.—Is a medium size Melon, red flesh, flat at both ends, and more beautifully netted than any known variety. In quality it has no equal; the flesh is uniformly deep, and of that granulated character that always indicates a good Melon. We think we are perfectly safe in saying it will produce more fine, edible Melons to a given area than any other variety. 7c. per oz.; 20c. per 1/4 lb.; 60c per lb.

Jersey Bell.—One of the largest of all of early sorts, and especially adapted to sandy soils. Flattened on the ends, deeply ribbed and heavily netted, indicating by its outward appearance the exquisite quality of the beautiful green flesh within. 7c. per oz.; 20c. per 1/4 lb.; 65c. per lb.

Golden Jenny.—Small, but highly prized by the most experienced growers of Melons. 7c per oz.; 2oc. per 1/2 lb. 6oc. per lb.

Extra Early Hackensack.—A week to ten days earlier than the old Hackensack. Small foliage. Profitable for market. Most in demand in New York and Eastern markets. 7c. per oz.; 20c. per 1/4 lb.; 6oc per lb.

Miller's Cream.—The flesh is of a rich salmon color, very thick, sweet and melting in quality. The rind is very thin and finely netted, resembling in shape the Pineapple. 7c. per oz.; 20c. per ¼ lb.; 50c. per lb.

Delmonico.—An oval Melon of large size and deeply netted. The flesh is an orange pink color, of the same fine quality as the Emerald Gem. 10c. per 0z.; 25c. per 1/4 lb.; 75c. per lb.

The Captain.—One of the earliest and best small Melons grown. They are globe-shaped, uniform in size, weighing from 1½ to 1½ lbs. each. Flesh light green and of fine flavor. 10c. per 02.; 30c. per ½ lb; \$1 00 per lb.

Skillman's Netted.—Form roundish oval; flesh deep green, sweet and richly perfumed; an early and delicious variety. 7c. per oz.; 15c per 1/4 lb.; 40c. per lb.

Pineapple.—Medium in size, dark green, oval, netted; flesh thick, sweet and juicy. 7c. per oz.; 15c. per ½ lb.; 4oc. per lb.

Jenny Lind.—True. The earliest of the Musk Melons, of small size, but the sweetest in flavor. 7c. per oz.; 15c. per ½ lb.; 4oc. per lb.

Hackensack or Turk's Cap.—The mest popular variety of Musk Melon grown by New York market gardeners. It attains a large size, is round in shape, flattened at the ends, is of a most delicious flavor, and wonderfully productive. 7c. per 0z.; 15c. per ½ lb; 4cc. per lb

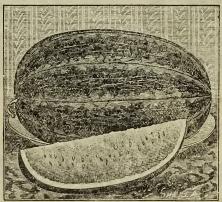
Citron.—(Preserve.) A round, handsome fruit, of small size, used in making sweetmeats and preserves. 10c. per oz.; 25c. per 1/4 lb.; 75c. per lb.

MELON-Water.

German-Wassermelon.

One pound will plant from 50 to 75 hills.

Cultivate exactly as for Musk Melon, except that the hills should be just double the distance apart, namely, eight and ten feet.



SWEET HEART.

Sweet Heart.—An entirely distinct and handsome new Water Melon vine, vigorous and productive, ripening early. Fruit large, oval, very heavy, uniformly mottled light and dark green. Flesh bright red, solid and very tender, melting and sweet The Melons retain their good quality for a long time after ripening It is sure to become a popular variety. 5c. per 02.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 5oc. per lb.

Long Dixle.—The chunky Dixie was grown largely during the Summers of 1891, 1892 and 1893 as a market Melon, and with uncaxampled satisfaction. Whave selected a large form of it which will supersede the Kolb Gem, compared with which it is infinitely.

better, vine vigorous, equally early, quite as productive, weighs as much, and darker in rind. 7c. per oz.; 15c. per ¼ lb.; 5oc. per lb. Cuban Queen.—A Melon of mammoth size, reaching over 60 lbs. in weight. The quality is equal to the best of any of the sorts. 7c. per oz.; 15c. per ¼ lb.; 35c. per lb.

Mountain Sweet.—Fruit oblong, dark green; rind thin, flesh red, solid and very sweet. 7c per 0z.; 15c. per ½ lb.; 35c. per lb. Cole's Early.—Very hardy; sure cropper. Flesh dark red, delicate, and extremely sweet. Medium size, nearly round. Rind green, striped with lighter shades. 10c. per 0z.; 20c. per ½ lb.; 60c. per lb.

Icing, Light Green Rind.—One of the best of all Melons, Always of good flavor; rind very thin; unexcelled in all good qualities. Round in shape. 7c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/2 lb.; 5oc. per lb.

Icing, Dark Green Rind —Shape, size and flavor same as Light Icing, but dark skin. 7c. per 0z.; 15c. per 1/2 lb.; 40c. per lb.

Kolb's Gem.—A new, chunky, dark-seeded Melon. Quality good. Very showy and an excellent shipper. 7c. per oz.; 20c. per ¼ lb.; 40c. per lb.

Landreth's Long, Light Icing.—Oblong in shape; color of rind light green, selected from the Light Icing. A good cropper; heavy, attractive and very desirable in quality. Now the favorite among the Jersey market gardeners. It is a grand sort. roc. per oz.; 25c. per 1/4 ib.; 9oc. per lb.

Ice Cream.—White seeded; true. Fruit of medium size, nearly round; skin pale green; rind very thin; flesh scarlet, solid, crisp and delicious. 7c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/2 lb.; 40c. per lb.

The Boss.—This Melon has a very dark skin, slightly ribbed, and is long in shape; flesh solid and red; does best on heavy soil. 7c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 4oc. per lb.

MUSHROOM SPAWN.

Ten pounds will spawn ten feet square.

Mushrooms may be cultivated much easier than is generally supposed. They can be grown in a cellar or shed or in beds prepared in the open air same as hot-beds. Take fresh horse manure, shake it well apart and lay it in a heap to ferment, turn and mix it well every three or four days by shaking the outside of the heap, which is cold, and the inside, which is hot, together, so that every part of it may be equally fermented and deprived of its noxious qualities. When the dung is in a fit state to be made into a bed, which will be from two to three weeks after it has been put together to ferment, select a dry spot for a foundation, mark out the bed, which should be four feet wide and as long as you may choose to make it. In forming the bed mix the dung well together, beating it down with a fork until from 18 to 24 inches thick. In his state it may remain until the temperature is sufficiently moderate for spawning, which may be ascertained by trial sticks thrust in different parts of the bed.

Divide the large cakes of Spawn into small lumps, plant them two inches below the surface and six inches apart, covering with two inches of fine light soil, and press down evenly. When finished cover the bed three inches thick with clean straw and protect from heavy rains. The mushrooms will make their appearance in from four to six weeks, according to the season.

Special pamphlet furnished on application.

English Spawn.—15c. per lb.;

ENGLISH SPAWN.

English Spawn.—15c. per lb.; \$1 00 per 8 lbs.

French Spawn.—In 2-lb. boxes, 75c per box.

MUSTARD.

German-Senf.

One ounce will sow 100-foot row.

A pungent salad, used sometimes with cress. Sow thickly in rows and cut when about two inches high. For use during Winter it may be sown at intervals in boxes in the green-house or in a frame. For a crop of seed sow in April, in drills a foot apart, and thin out moderately when about three inches high.

White London.-Best for salad. 3c. per oz ; 10c. per 1/4 lb.; 25c. per lb.

Brown or Black.—More pungent in flavor than the white. 3c. per oz.; 10c per 1/2 lb.; 25c. per lb.

NASTURTIUM, or INDIAN ORESS.

German-Kapuziner.

One ounce will sow 25-foot row.

The seeds, while young and succulent, are pickled and used as capers. The plants are also highly ornamental; the tall variety makes an excellent screen or covering for unsightly places in the

Tall Nasturtium,-5c. per pkt.; 10c. per oz.; 20c. per 1/2 lb.; 6oc. per lb.

Dwarf Nasturtium,-5c. per pkt.; 10c. per oz.; 30c. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.00 per lb.

OKRA, or GUMBO.

German-Gumbo.

One ounce will plant 50 hills or 75-foot drill.

This vegetable is extensively grown in the Southern States. Its long pods, when young, are used in soups, stews, etc., and are believed to be very nutritious. It is of the easiest culture, and grows freely, bearing abundantly in any ordinary garden soil. It is sown at the usual time of all tender vegetables, in drills two inches deep, setting the plants from two to three feet apart.

Improved Dwarf Green.—Early and productive. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz ; 15c. per 1/2 lb.; 5oc. per lb. Long Green.—Long ribbed pods.
5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per ¼ lb.; 5oc. per lb.

ONION.

German-Zwiebel.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill Five pounds will sow an acre. For growing Large Onions, 50 to 60 pounds per acre for growing sets.

The Onion thrives best in a rather strong, deep, rich, loamy soil, and, unlike most vegetables, succeeds well when cultivated on the same ground for successive years. The ground should be deeply trenched and manured the previous Autumn, and laid up in ridges during Winter to soften. As early in Spring as the ground is in working order, commence operations by leveling the ground with a rake and tread it firmly; sow thinly in drills about a quarter of an inch deep and one foot apart; cover with fine soil and press down with the back of a spade or a light roller.

When the young plants are strong enough thin gradually, so that

When the young plants are strong enough, thin gradually, so that they stand three or four inches apart. Keep the surface of the ground open and free from weeds by frequent ho-ing, taking care not to stir the soil too deeply, or to collect it about the growing

If by mail in quantities of 1/2 lb. and upwards, postage must be added at the rate of 8 cents per lb.

The shortage of Onion Seed is about 70 per cent, over the United States, caused by drought in California, which State grows 90 per cent. of the seed sold in the United States.

Prize-Taker.—This Onion grows uniform in shape, of a nearly perfect globe, with thin skin, of a clean, bright straw color. It is of immense size, measuring from twelve to sixteen inches in circumference, while under special cultivation specimens have been raised to weigh from four to six pounds. 5c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 45c. per ½ lb; \$1 50 per lb.

Southport Yellow Globe.—A favorite Yellow Globe variety in the markets of New York and Boston. Solid and a good keeper. 5c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 3oc. per 1/2 lb; \$1 25 per lb.

Southport White Globe.—A handsome globular Onion, of mild flavor and a good keeper; one of the very best. roc. per pkt.; 20c. per oz.; 65c. per 1/4 lb.; \$2.00 lb.

Southport Red Globe.—Differs from the preceding only in color. 5c. per pkt.; 25c. per oz; 75c. per ¼ lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

Wethersfield Large Red.—The staple variety of the Eastern Onion growers. Of large size, deep in color, and an excellent keeper. 5c. per pkt; 15c. per oz.; 40c. per ½ lb.; \$1.25 per lb.



WHITE PORTUGAL.

White Portugal, or Silver Skin.—A handsome Onion, of mild flavor, but not a good keeper. Extensively grown for pickling, 10c. per pkt; 20c. per oz.; 60c per ¼ lb; \$2.00 per lb.

Round Yellow Danvers.—An early variety. Good keeper and excellent market sort; good size. Has a thin, yellow skin. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per 0z; 30c. per 1/2 lb.; \$1 00 per lb.

Yellow Globe Danvers.—An excellent variety, fine flavored and very productive. Ripens early and is a good keeper. 5c, per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 40c. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.25 per lb.

Yellow Dutch, or Strasburg.—One of the oldest varieties. The "Silver Skin" of the Eastern States. A good keeper and well flavored. 20c. per pkt.; 10c. per 02.; 30c. per 1/2 lb.; \$1.00 per lb.

ONION SETS. EXTRA FINE.

Yellow—15 cents per quart; \$3.00 per bushel. Red—15 cents per quart; \$3.00 per bushel. White—25 cents per quart; \$4.00 per bushel.

PARSLEY.

German-Petersilie.

One ounce will sow 125-foot row.

Parsley succeeds best in rich, mellow soil. As the seeds germinate very slowly, there are four weeks elapsing sometimes before it makes its appearance; it should be sown early in spring, previously soaking the seeds for a few hours in tepid water. Sow thickly in rows a foot apart and a half inch deep. For winter use protect in a frame or light cellar.

Double Curled.—A fine dwarf variety, beautifully curled. Excellent for garnishing. 5c. per pkt; 7 per oz.; 15c. 1/4 lb.; 5oc.



CHAMPION MOSS CURLED.

Champion Moss Curled.—A very select stock, beautifully crimped and curled. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/2 lb.; 5oc. per lb.

Plain Parsley.—The leaves of this sort are plain; it is hardier than the curled variety; good for flavoring. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per ¼ lb.; 4oc. per lb.

PARSNIP.

German-Pastinake.

One ounce will sow 125-foot drill. Five pounds will sow an

Sow as early in the Spring as the weather will admit, in drills fifteen inches apart, covering half an inch deep. When well up, thin out to five or six inches apart in the rows. Unlike carrots, they are improved by frosts, and it is usual to take up in the Fall a certain quantity for Winter use, leaving the rest in the ground until Spring, to be dug up as required.

Long Smooth, or Hollow Crown.—Best for general use. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per 0z.; 15c. per 1/2 lb.; 4oc. per lb.

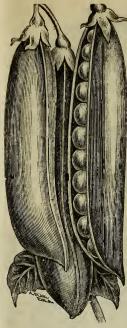
The Student.—A fine flavored variety. 5c per pkt.; 7c per 0z.; 15c. per 1/2 lb.; 35c. per lb.

PEAS.

German-Erbse.

One quart will plant about 100-foot row, one to one and a half bushels to an acre.

Peas come earliest to maturity in light, rich soil. For general crops a deep, rich loam or a strong inclination to clay is best. For early crops, decomposed leaves or leaf-mold should be used; or, if the soil is very poor, stronger manure may be employed. For general crops, a good dressing should be applied, and for the dwarf growing kinds the soil can hardly be too rich. When grown as a market crop, Peas are never staked, and are sown in single rows, two or three inches deep and from two to three feet apart, according to the variety or the strength of the soil. When grown in small quantities, for private use, they are generally sown in double rows, six or eight inches apart, and the tall varieties are staked up by brush. For an early crop, sow in February and March, as soon as the ground can be worked, and make repeated sowings every two weeks for succession. After the first of June sowing should be dis-



GRADUS OR PROSPERITY.

ety; delicious flavor; 2 feet. \$3.00 per bush.

continued until the middle of August, when a good crop can sometimes be secured by sowing

Scarcity of Seed Peas is at-tributed to the long wet Spring of 1898. The shortage is about 40 per cent.

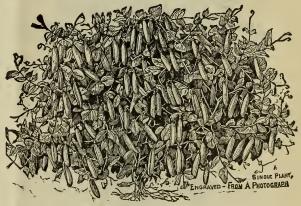
Gradus or Prosperity.— A first early Wrinkle Pea, very A misteary winkle rea, very har y, vigorous grower, 2½ feet high; pods very large and well filled; 6 to 8 large sweet Peas in a pod. The great value of Gradus is its earliness. It is in the market four days after the first early. 40c per quart; \$2.50 per peck; \$9.00 per bush.

Landreth Extra Early. This variety is very well known as an extra-early, with good qualities, 2½ to 3 feet. 15c per qt.; 95c per pk.; \$3.25 per bush.

First and Best.—A very arly and productive variety, early and productive variety, resembling the Philadelphia Extra Early. 15c. per qt; 75c. per peck; \$2.50 per bush.

American Wonder. American Wonder.—It is one of the early wrinkled Peas; of the finest quality and wonderfully productive; its great distinctive feature, however, is its compact and dwarf growth, seldem exceeding 12 inches in height. 20c. per qt.; \$1.00 per peck; \$3 50 per bush.

McLean's Advancer.— An early green, wrinkled vari-zoc. per qt.; 90c. per peck;



FIRST OF ALL.

First of All.—The leading market gardeners' first early Pea. The most reliable as a first early. Large pods, most productive. Pods fill up at one time, so they are marketed in two pickings. Quality good. 21/2 to 3 feet. 15c. per qt.; 75c. per peck; \$2.75 per bush.

Improved Daniel O'Rourke.—A favorite early variety. Extensively grown for New York market; choice stock. 15c. per qt.; 75c. per pk.; \$2.50 per bush.

Philadelphia Extra Early.—A very desirable early variety; standard market sort. 15c. per qt.; 75c. per pk.; \$2.50 per bush

Tom Thumb.—Remarkably dwarf and early; of excellent quality, and yields abundantly, 1 foot. 20c. per qt.; \$1.25 per peck; \$4.00 per bush.

Sharp's Queen.—This variety is one of the few really fine Peas that resist the long droughts which we sometimes experience. The Peas are large, oval, deep green and of a delicious flavor when cooked. The pods are very large, slightly curved, produced mostly in pairs and all over the vine from bottom to top. It is green, wrinkled, main crop variety, growing to about two to two and a half feet in height, and stands well under the scorching rays of the sun, and it is not subject to mildew. 20c. per qt.; \$1.25 per peck; \$4.50



NOTT'S EXCELSIOR.

Nott's Excelsior .- Extra early dwarf wrinkle Pea. for table in 40 to 45 days from planting It grows 14 inches high, about half as tall again as American Wonder. Its even, regular habit is a great advantage to market gardeners. This variety has come to stay, owing to its superior advantages over all other sorts. 200. per qt; \$1.15 per pk.; \$4.00 per bush.

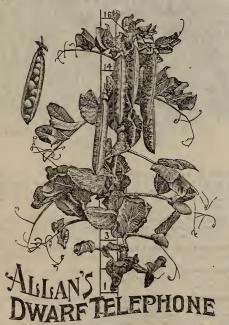
Alaska or Sitka.—A green seeded extra early sweet Pea; very desirable. 15c. per qt.; 75c. per peck; \$2 75 per bush.

Juno.—A medium early green wrinkled Pea and one of the best of recent introduction; large curved showy pods; an immense cropper; Peas of fine quality, 2 to 2½ feet. 20c. per qt; \$1.10 per peck; \$4 00 per bush.

McLean's Little Gem.—A dwarf, green, wrinkled marrow; very prolific; of a superior flavor, and a first early; 1 foot. 20c. per qt.; 90c. per pk.; \$3.00 per bush.

For General Crop.

Long Island Mammoth.-Becoming a favorite with Long Island and New Jersey truckers; excellent cropper; pods large, well filled; quality, excellent; peas, green; wrinkled; vines 3 ft. 20c. per qt.; \$1.15 per pk.; \$4.00 bush.



Allan's Dwarf Telephone.—Possesses the quality of Carter's Telephone, except it grows half less in height; this makes it an exceptional valuable market sort, 30c. per qt.; \$2.00 per pk.; \$7.00 per bush.

Shropshire Hero.—A robust grower, about three feet high, producing long, handsome pods in abundance, well filled; flavor exquisite. We recommend it 200 per qt.; 85c. per pk.; \$3.00 per bush.

Carter's Telephone.—A tall, wrinkled marrow; enormously productive, and of the best quality; is a strong grower, averaging eighteen pods to the stocks; the pods are of the largest size, and contain from six to seven large peas. Height, 4½ feet. 20c. per qt.; \$1.15 per pk.; \$3.75 per bush.

Stratagem.—Pea green, wrinkled; 2 feet; vigorous branching habit, under favorable conditions; an enormous cropper; pod long; well filled with from eight to eleven Peas of the largest size, of extra fine flavor. 20c. per qt.; \$1.15 per pk; \$3.75 per bush.

Stratagem Improved (Ferry's Strain). 20c. per qt.; \$1.25 per pk.; \$4.75 per bush.

Champion of England .- One of the best and most popular Peas in cultivation; 5 feet. 20c. per qt.; 90c. per pk.; \$3.00 per bush.

Yorkshire Hero.—A splendid wrinkled marrow, of branching habit; an abundant bearer; 2½ feet. 15c. per qt; 85c. per pk.; \$2.50 per bush.

Royal Dwarf White Marrowfat. - A favorite marrow sort; 4 feet. 10c. per qt.; 50c. per pk.; \$1.70 per bush.

Black-Eyed Marrowfat.—This, as well as the preceding, is extensively grown as a field Pea; hardy and productive; 4 feet. 10c per qt.; 50c. per pk.; \$1.70 per bush

Tall Sugar .- Edible pods; 5 feet. 40c. per qt.

Field Varieties.

Write for special prices on large quantities. Subject to market fluctuation.

Southern Black-Eye Cow Peas (Whippoorwill).— The best for soiling. 10c. per qt.; \$1.25 per bush. Canada Field Peas.—Used as feed for pigeons, etc., and grown for a field crop. 5c. per qt.; 35c. per pk.; \$1.25 per bush.

PEPPER.

German-Pfeffer.

One ounce will produce 1,200 plants.

Grown largely for pickles. Sow in hot-bed early in April, and transplant to the open ground when the weather is favorable. They should be planted in warm, mellow soil, in rows, eighteen inches apart; between rows, 3 teet. They may also be sown in the open ground when the danger of frost is past, and the soil is warm and settled.



RUBY KING.

Ruby King.—An exceedingly large and handsome Pepper; the fruits are of a bright ruby red. From 4½ to 6 inches long, by 3½ to 4 inches in diameter, which makes it one of the largest of Peppers. The flavor is remarkably mild, and it can be sliced and eaten with pepper and vinegar like tomatoes and cucumbers, or it can be used as a salad. 10c per pkt.; 20c. per 0z.; 60c. per ½ lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

Large Bell, or Bull Nose.—An early variety, of sharp flavor; rind thick and fleshy; color, brilliant red; shape, oblong. 5c. per pkt; 20c. per oz.; 6oc. per 1/2 lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

Sweet Mountain, or Mammoth.—Similar to the preceding in shape and color, but larger and milder in flavor. 5c. per pkt.; 20. per oz.; 60c per 1/2 lb.; \$2 00 per lb.

Lang Red Cayenne.—Fruit brilliant coral red; conical; from three to four inches in length; very productive. 5c. per pkt.; 20c. per oz.; 60c. per 1/4 lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

Sweet Spanish.—One of the largest and earliest varieties; the flesh is sweet and mild. 10c. per pkt.; 25c. per oz.; 75c. per 1/2 lb.; \$2.50 per lb.

Child's Celestial.—The fruit of this variety are of cone shape. of a cream white color, which changes to a vivid scarlet. 30c. per oz.; \$1.00 per 1/2 lb.; \$3.00 per lb.

PEPPER PLANTS.

(Ready May 1st.)

Large Bell or Bull Nose .- 10c. per doz ; 75c. per 100. Sweet Mountain .- 10c. per doz.; 75c. per 100.

POTATO

German-Kartoffel.

Seven to ten bushels will plant an acre.

Seven to ten bushels will plant an acre.

The potato, like all robust-growing vegetables, can be grown with varying success on the soils of all kinds and in all conditions of fertility, but the soil best suited to it is a sandy loam. In all heavy soils it is more subject to a disease, and the flavor also is much inferior. In breaking up good pasture land, the decaying sod answers sufficiently well for the first year in lieu of manure. Manure is applied either in rows or hills, or broadcast over the hills, and plowed in—the latter, in most cases, being preferable. If the soil is good, but little manure is required. In highly-enriched soil, the plants are more liable to disease than when grown in soil that is naturally good. The best fertitizers are those of a dry or absorbent nature, as plaster, lime, superphosphate of lime and bonedust; for wet soil these are particularly beneficial, as they not only promote growth, but prevent diseases. Plant as early in Spring as the ground can be had in fair working order, in hills or ridges about three feet apart, covering in light, warm soil, about four inches deep, but in cold, wet situations, two or three inches will be sufficient.

Prices subject to variations.

Prices subject to variations.

Especial prices given on large quantities.

State of Maine.—An excellent quality potato; heavy cropper and a good keeper. 75c. per bush.; \$2 00 per bbl. N. Y. State stock.

New Queen.—Is of recent introduction and is a splendid Potato. Is earlier and a heavier yielder than most any other of the early varieties, and grows smooth and uniform in shape. \$1.00 per bush.; \$2 75 per bbl. Maine stock.

Burbank's Seedling.—A white-skinned variety and a large yielder. 75c. per bush.; \$2.00 per bbl. N. Y. State stock.



BARLY BEAUTY OF HEBRON.

Early Beauty of Hebron.—One of the best early sorts, with white skin and flesh. \$1.00 per bushel; \$2.75 per barrel. Maine

Holton Early Rose.—The leading variety for earliness, quality and productiveness. \$1.00 per bushel; \$2.75 per barrel. Maine

All of the above varieties of Potatoes are grown in Maine, from carefully selected stock.

White Star.—Is an excellent White Potato, with slightly rus-seted skins; tubers are large, long, of the finest quality. It is a strong grower, very productive, and may be classed among the best varities for table use. 75c. per bushel; \$2.00 per barrel. N. Y.

PUMPKIN.

German-Kerbis.

One pound will plant 250 hills.

Pumpkins are now principally cultivated for agricultural purposes. They are usually planted in fields of corn or potatoes, but may be profitably raised in fields by themselves. Sow first in May, in hills eight feet apart.

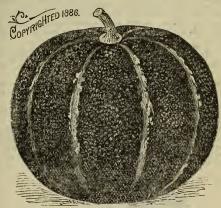
Jonathan.—A large bottle-shaped variety, with a crook neck, of most attractive appearance. It is very prolific, and the flesh is fine, clear and sweet, making it valuable for pies and other table uses. roc. per oz.; 20c. per 1/2 lb; 65c. per lb.

Large Cheese.—The best variety for cooking purposes. 5c. per 0z; 15c. per 1/2 lb; 40c. per lb.

Connecticut Field.—Very productive. Larg feeding stock. 5c. per oz.; 8c. per 1/4 lb.; 2oc. per lb Largely grown for

Large Tours, or Mammoth.-Grows to immense size, often weighing over one hundred pounds. 10c. per pkt.; 15c. per 02.; 35c. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.00 per lb.

Jumbo.—The largest variety grown, often attaining a weight of two hundred pounds. Very productive. 10c. per pkt.; 10c. per oz.; 35c. per ¼ lb.; 85c. per lb.



WINTER LUXURY.

Winter Luxury.—It grows uniformly to a diameter of ten to twelve inches, and is enormously productive. It is a beautiful golden yellow, finely and closely netted, like a retted Musk Melon. As a winter keeper and cooking variety it stands unexcelled, and is one of the very best for either home use or market. roc. per pkt; 15c. per 02.; 35c. per ½ lb.; \$1.00 per lb.

RADISH.

German-Rettig.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill.

Radishes thrive best in a light, rich, sandy loam; heavy or clayey soils not only delay their maturity, but produce crops much inferior both in appearance and flavor. For a successive supply sow from the middle of March until September, at intervals of two or three weeks. For an early supply they may be sown in a gentle hot-bed in February.

White Chartier.—Same shape and habit as the Rose, but it is pure white in color. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per 02.; 25c. per 1/4 lb.; 75c. per lb.

Delicacy.—White. Shape very much like Strausburg, not so large, but earlier. A valuable market sort. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per oz.; 30c. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.00 per lb.

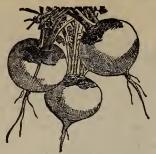
Long Pink, or Lady Finger.—Like the white, only differs a color. 5c per pkt.; 10c. per 02.; 25c. per 1/4 lb.; 75c. per lb.

Rapid Foreing.—It resembles the scarlet unrip white-tipped variety, but it is much earlier, coming to maturity in twenty-two days from the time of sowing, and having very small tops, will prove to be the radish for forcing purposes. Being very handsome, and of fine quality, it is equally desirable for the garden; 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per 02.; 20c. per 1/2 lb.; 5oc. per lb.

Early Scarlet Turnip .- Very delicate in flavor; one of the best early sorts. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 45c.

Early White Turnip.—Same as the preceding one, only different in color. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 2oc. per 1/4 lb.; 5oc.

Long Scarlet Short Top.—The standard varlety for market and private gardens. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per ½ lb.; 35c. per lb.



FELTON WHITE BOX.

Felton White Box.—It is perfectly round, smooth skin, pure white, free from any sharpness or bitterness. A remarkably quick grower, with small top. For forcing it is in every way superior. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 25c. per ¼ lb.; 5oc. per lb.

Chartier, or Long Rose.—Decidedly distinct in appearance from any radish in cultivation. The color at the top is crimson, running into pink about the middle, and from thence downward it is pure waxy white. It will attain a very large size before it becomes unfit for table. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 20c. per 1/4 lb.; 5oc. per lb.

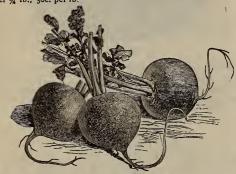
Long White Vienna or Lady Finger.—This is the finest Long White Radish in cultivation, mest beautiful in shape; skin and flesh are pure snow-white, crisp and of rapid growth. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 2oc. per 1/4 lb.; 35c. per lb.

Olive-Shaped Scarlet.—Oblong shaped, flesh, rose-colored. A good Summer variety. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 2oc. per 1/4 lb.; 6oc. per lb.

Long White Naples.—Flesh white, crisp and mild. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz; 2oc. per 1/2 lb.; 5oc. per lb.

French Breakfast.—A variety of quick growth; very mild and tender. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz; 2oc. per 1/2 lb.; 5oc. per lb.

Rose China Winter.—Bright rose color; flesh firm and piquant. Excellent for Winter use. 5c. per pkt; 7c. per oz.; 2oc. per ½ lb.; 5oc. per lb.



WHITE SUMMER TURNIP.

White Summer Turnip.—Large white; excellent for Summer use; very good market sort. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 4oc. per lb.

Black Spanish.—One of the hardiest and best for Winter use. 5c. per pkt; 7c. per oz.; 15c per ¼ lb.; 4oc. per lb.

Strasburg White.—Suitable for market and private gardens. It is of the tapering shape; both skin and flesh white. It is an excellent Summer variety, being tender and crisp and of fine flavor, and a quick grower. 5c. per pkt; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 4oc.

White Spanish .- Rather milder in flavor than the preceding. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 20c per 1/4 lb; 6oc. per lb.

SALSIFY, or OYSTER PLANT.

German-Boeksbart.

One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill.

The Oyster Plant succeeds best in light, well-enriched mellow soil, which, previous to sowing the seed, should be stirred to a depth of eighteen inches. Sow early in the Spring, in drills fifteen inches apart; cover the seed with fine soil an inch and a half in depth, and when the plants are strong enough, thin out to six inches apart.

Salsify, or Oyster Plant.—5c. per pkt.; 10c. per 0z.; 35c. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.00 per lb.

SHA-KALE

German-Sea-Kohl.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill

Cultivated for its blanched shoots, which are cooked as asparagus. A supply may be had all Winter by planting the roots closely in a warm cellar before frost. Sow one inch deep, in drills two feet apart. Thin out to six inches, and the next Spring plant in hills apart. Thin ou

Sea-Kale .- 10c. per pkt.; 25c. per oz.; 75c per 1/4 lb.: \$2.75

SPINACH.

German-Spinat.

One ounce will sow 75 feet of drill, 8 pounds will sow an acre.

This is a very important crop in our market gardens; it is one of the most easily managed of all vegetables, requiring but little culture, and may be had fit for use one entire season. The main crop is sown in September. It is sometimes covered up, in exposed places, with straw or salt hay during the Winter, which prevents it from being cut with the frost, but in sheltered fields here there is no necessity for covering. For Summer use it may be sown at intervals of two or three weeks, from April to August. Spinach is best developed, and most tender and succulent, when grown in rich soil.

Bloomsdale Savoy .- The best market sort. 5c. per oz.; 10c. per 1/4 lb.; 20c. per lb.

Norfolk Savoy-Leaved.—The leaves are numerous, succulent, curled and wrinkled like a Savoy Cabbage. It produces nearly twice the weight or crop as the ordinary sorts, and is also the hardiest of all the varieties of Spinach. 5c. per oz.; 20c. per lb.

Large Round-Leaf Varoflay.—A new variety, with very large, thick leaves. 5c. per oz.; 18c. per lb.

Prickly.—Stands well in winter, but gives less bulk per acre than the first named. 5c. per oz.; 18c. per lb.

SQUASH.

German-Speisekurbis.

Among Early Brush Sorts one ounce of seed will plant 50 hills, one ounce of Trailing Varieties 20 hills.

one ounce of Trailing Varieties 20 kills.

Squashes are of luxuriant and vigorous growth, and, although they will grow readily on almost any soil, they will well repay generous treatment. Like all vegetables of this class, it is useless to sow until the weather has become settled and warm. Light soils are best suited for their growth, and it is most economical of manure to prepare hills for the seeds in ordinary manner by incorporating two or three shovelfuls of well-rotted manure with the soil for each hill. For the bush varieties, from three to four feet each way, and for the running sorts, from six to eight feet. Eight or ten seeds should be sown to each hill, thinning out after they have attained their rough leaves, leaving three or four of the strongest plants.



WHITE BUSH SCALLOPED.

White Bush Scalloped.—An early market variety; excellent r shipping. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/2 lb.; 4oc. per lb. for shipping.



Hubbard.—A general favorite and more largely grown as a late sort than any other; of large size; flesh fine grained, dry and of excellent flavor. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz; 15c. per 1/2 lb; 45c. per lb.

Winter Crook-Neck.—A variety largely grown in some of the Eastern States; flesh close grained, sweet and fine-flavored. Plant in hills nine feet apart. 5c. per pkt; 7c. per oz; 15c. per ½ lb.; 45c. per lb.

winter crook-neck. Mammoth Chill. — Grows to large size, often weighing over two hundred pounds. Excellent for all uses. 5c. per pkt.; 10c, per oz.; 35c, per ½ lb.; \$1.00 per lb.

Silver Custard.—It is white in color and excellent fine flavor; grows to good size, and of a very fine quality. Very productive and of a bushy nature. 5c. per pkt; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 45c. per lb.

Bush Summer Crook-Neck.—Early, productive and of good quality; fruit orange-yellow, covered with warty excrescences. 5c. per pkt.; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per ½ lb.; 4oc. per lb.

Boston Marrow.—A much esteemed variety, coming in about ten days later than the bush sorts; a good keeper, and of unsurpassed flavor. 5c. per pkt; 7c. per oz.; 15c. per ¼ lb.; 35c. per lb.

TOBACCO SEED.

Imported Havana.—40c. per ez.; \$3.50 per lb.

TOMATO.

German-Liebsabfel.

One ownce will produce about 1,200 plants.

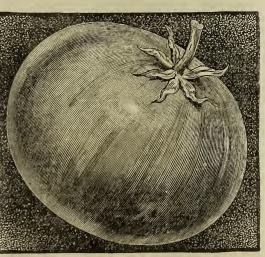
This delicious vegetable is one of the most important of all garden products. The seed should be sown in a hot-bed, about the first of March, in drills five inches apart and half an inch deep. When the plants are about two inches high they should be set out, four or five inches apart, in another hot-bed, or removed into small pots, allowing a single plant to a pot. They are sometimes transplanted a second time into larger pots, by which process the plants are rendered more sturdy and branching. About the middle of May the plants may be set in the open ground. They are planted for early crops on light, sandy soil, at a distance of three feet apart, in hills in which a good shovelful of rotted manure has been mixed. On heavy soils, which are not suited to an early crop, they should be planted four feet apart. Water freely at the time of transplanting, and shelter from the sun for a few days, until the plants are established. Sufficient plants for a small garden may be started by sowing a few seeds in a shallow box or flowering-pot and placing it in a sunny window of the room or kitchen.

Atlantic Prize.—One of the earliest tomatoes in cultivation, One ounce will produce about 1,200 plants.

Atlantic Prize.—One of the earliest tomatoes in cultivation, earing in clusters of medium size. 10c. per pkt.; 20c. per oz.; 60c. bearing in clusters of m per 1/2 lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

Early Ruby.—Is the earliest of all the large-sized tomatoes which combine good form, color and solidity, and it is certain to prove the leading market variety. 10c. per pkt.; 20c. per oz.; 60c. per 1/4 lb.; \$2 00 per lb.

Landreth's Early Jersey.—Earliest of all, and the best among the extra-early sorts. Fruit good size, flattened, solid and fairly smooth; color, red; vines very close-jointed and compact, and admitting of close planting. Fruit borne near the root and in cluster, sometimes fifty to sixty to a vine. 10c. per pkt.; 25c. per oz.; 75c. per 1/4 lb. \$2.50 per lb.



STONE.

Stone.—Very large, perfectly smooth, bright scarlet, solid. Very productive. Valuable for market gardeners and canners. 15c. per oz.; 40c. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

Livingston's Beauty.—A popular variety. The color is a glossy crimson, with a purple tinge. It grows in clusters of four and five, retaining its large size late in the season. Very solid, with a tough skin, making it very desirable for shipping. 10c. per pkt; 15c. per 02.; 45c. per ½ lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

Livingston's Favorite.—This variety is one of the largest and most perfectly shaped varieties in cultivation. Ripens evenly and early, and holds its size to the end of the season. It is very prolific. has few seeds, solid flesh, and bears shipping long distances. 100, per pkt.; 150. per oz.; 450. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

Dwarf Champion.—A most valuable variety. Dwarf, stiff-habit. It is early and very prolific. Color same as Acme; round-smooth, and of medium size. 10c. per pkt.; 20c. per oz.; 60c. per

1/4 lb.; \$2 00 per lb.

Perfection.—The fruit of the Perfection is larger in size than the Acme and a little smaller than the Paragon. Color, blood-red. It is early, almost round in shape, perfectly smooth, and very solid. Of the best quality, enormously productive, bearing all through the season until frost. And it has the further merit of ripening all over and through at the same time. It is pronounced to be a good canning variety. 10c. per pkt.; 15c. per 0z.; 50c. per 1/2 lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

The Trophy.—This, when well grown, is, without doubt, the best Tomato in cultivation. It is unsurpassed in size, in flavor, in productiveness, and in every other desirable quality. 10c. per pkt.; 25c. per oz; 75c. per ½ lb.; \$2.50 per lb.

Acme.—The fruit is of a medium size, perfectly smooth and regular in shape, very solid, and a great bearer. Color, quite distinct, being a dark red, with purplish tinge. 10c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 50c. per ½ lb; \$1.50 per lb.

Paragon.—A productive variety; the color of a bright, glossy crimson; perfectly smooth; very good canning variety. 10c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; 50c. ½ lb.; \$1.50 per lb.

Yellow Plum.—A beautiful variety. Used principally for pickling. 10c. per pkt.; 25c. per oz.; 75c. per ½ lb.; \$2.50 per lb.



RED CHERRY.

Red Cherry.—A small, early variety; size and shape of a cherry. For pickling. 10c. per pkt.; 25c. per 02.; 75c. per 1/4 lb.; \$2 50 per lb.

TOMATO PLANTS.

(Ready May 1st.)

Perfection .- roc. per doz.; 75c. per 100. Paragon.-10c. per doz.; 75c. per 100. Acme .- 10c. per doz ; 75c. per 100. Trophy .- 10c. per doz.; 75c. per 100.

TITRNIP.

German-Weis Rube.

One ounce will sow 125 feet of drill; 11/2 to 2 lbs. will sow an

Turnips do best on highly-enriched, light, sandy or gravelly soil. Commence sowing the earliest varieties in April, in drills from twelve to fifteen inches apart, and thin out early to six or nine inches in the rows. For a succession, sow at intervals of a fortnight until the last week in July, from which time until the end of August sowings may be made for the Fall and main crops. Turnips may be preserved until Spring by cutting off the tops about one inch from the bulb, and storing in a cellar or cool shed during Winter, covering the roots with dry sand; they should be harvested before severe frosts set in, for, though comparatively very hardy, few of the varieties will survive the Winter of the Northern States in the open ground.

If by mail, in quantities of 1/4 lb. and upwards, postage must be added at the rate of 8 cents per lb.

Wellow Aberdeen.—Very hardy and productive, good keeper, globe-shaped, color pale yellow, with purple top; very firm in texture, and closely resembles the Ruta Bagas in good keeping qualities; good either for table or stock. 5c. per oz.; 15c per 1/4 lb.; 40c. per lb.



EARLY SNOWBALL.



White Egg.—Flesh very firm and fine-grained, thin and perfectly smooth skin, and both flesh and skin are of snowy whiteness. 5c. per oz.; 15c. per ½ lb.; 35c. per lb.

Early Snowball.—A medium-sized round, pure white variety, of excellent flavor. For early sowing this is one of the best, being crisp, tender and sweet. Maturing in about six weeks from time of sowing. 5c. per 02.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 40c. per lb.

Red-Top Strap Leaf.—Rapid grower and mild flavor; the most popular variety for early use, either for the table or stock. 5c. per oz.; roc. per ½ lb.; 35c. per lb.

Early Flat Dutch.—An excellent garden variety, resembling White Strap Leaf. The best variety for Spring sowing. 5c. per oz.; 15c. per ¼ lb.; 35c. per lb.

Purple-Top White Globe. rarpie-Top White Globe.—An early variety, globe-shaped; in other respects similar to the Red-Top Strap Leaf. A handsome-looking bulb, and is rapidly taking the lead of all other varieties of early Turnip for market garden purposes. 5c. per oz.; 15c. per ¼ lb.; 4oc. per lb.

Yellow-Stone.—Bulbs of medium size, very firm, excellent flavor and good keeper; one of the best and most popular yellow-fleshed varieties for table use; it is equally good for feeding stock. 5c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 4oc. per lb.

5c. per oz.; 15c. per ½ lb.; 4oc. per lb.

Yellow Globe.—One of the best
American varieties for general crop.
Flesh very firm and sweet, and keeps
well until late in Spring. Grows to a
large size, and is excellent both for
stock and table use. 5c. per oz.; 15c.
per ½ lb.; 4oc. per lb.

Golden Ball (Robertson's) Rapid grower, excellent flavor, globe-shaped, and of a beautiful bright yel-low color; a good keeper, and has no superior for table use. 5c. per pkt; 5c. per oz.; 15c. per ¼ lb.; 4oc per lb.



YELLOW GLOBE.

RUTA BAGA, RUSSIAN OR SWEDISH TURNIP.

The Ruta Baga, Russian or Swedish Turnip, is extensively grown for a farm crop. The roots are close grained, very hard, and will endure a considerable degree of cold without injury. The roots are best preserved in a pit or cellar during the Winter, and are excellent for the table early in Spring. Sow from 20th of June to the middle of July, in drills two feet apart, and thin out to eight inches.



IMPROVED AMERICAN (Purple Top.)

Improved American (Purple Top).—The leading variety, very hardy and productive. Flesh yellow, solid, sweet and fine flavored. Equally good for stock or table use. The principal variety raised by market gardeners. 5c. per oz.; 15c. per ½ lb; 40c. per lb.

purple top varieties in cultivation. Forms a handsome bulb, with small top and very few leaves. An excellent keeper and good for stock or table use. 5c. per 02.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 4oc. per lb. Shamrock .- One of the finest

SWEET, POT AND MEDICINAL HERBS.

No garden is complete without a few Herbs for culinary and medicinal purposes, and care should be taken to harvest them properly. This should be done on a dry day, just before they come in full bloom, then dried quickly and packed closely, entirely excluded from the air. Sow in the Spring, in shallow drills, one foot apart, and when well up thin out or transplant to a proper distance apart.

Anise [Pimpinella Anisum] —Biennial. 5c. per pkt.; 8c. per oz.; \$1.00 per lb.

Basil, Sweet [Ocymum Basilicum].—Annual, 1 ft. 10c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; \$1.50 per lb.

Borage [Borago Officinalis].—Excellent for bees. Annual, 3 ft. 5c. per pkt.; 20c. per oz.; \$2.50 per lb.

Caraway [Carum Carai] .- Perennial, 2 ft. 5c. per pkt.; 5oc. per lb.

Castor Oil Plant [Ricinis Communis].—Annual, 6 ft. 5c. per pkt.; roc. per oz.; 75c. per lb.

Coriander [Coriandum Sativum].—Annual, 2 ft. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per oz.; 75c. per lb.

Dill [Anethum Graveolens].—Biennial, 3 ft. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per oz.; 75c. per lb.

Fennel [Anethum Fæniculum] .- Perennial, 6 ft. 5c. per pkt; 10c. per oz. , \$1.00 per lb.

Hop Seed [Humulus Impulus] .- 20c. per pkt.; \$1.00 per

Horehound [Marubium Vulgare] —Perennial, 2 ft. 10c. per pkt.; 25c. per oz.; \$2.50 per lb.

Lavender [Lavandula Spica] —Perennial, 2 ft. 10c. per pkt.; 15c. per oz.; \$1.50 per lb.

Marjoram, Sweet [Origanum Marjorana].—Annual, 1 ft. 10c. per pkt.; 20c. per oz.; \$1.75 per lb.

Marjoram, Pot [Origanum Onites].—Perennial. 10c. per pkt.; 40c. per oz., \$4 00 per lb.

Rosemary [Rosmarinus Officinalis] .- An aromatic herb. 10c. per pkt.; 40c. per oz.

Rue [Ruta Graveolens].—Perennial, 3 ft. 10c per pkt.; 20c. per oz.; \$2 00 per lb.

Sage [Salvia Officinalis] - Annual, 1 ft. 5c. per pkt.; 15c per oz.; \$1 75 per lb.

Summer Savory [Satureia Hortensia].—Annual, 1 ft. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per oz.; \$1.00 per lb.

Thyme, Broad-Leaved [Thymus Vulgaris].—Perennial, r ft.; roc. per pkt; 30c per oz.; \$3 00 per lb.

Wormwood [Artemesia Absinthium].-Perennial. 10c. per pkt.; 35c. per oz.

Farm Seeds.

GRASS AND GRAIN SEEDS.

Prices Subject to Market Fluctuation.

If there is anything you specially want that we have not in our Catalogue, write to use for information and prices, which will promptly be given you.

BARLEY.

Barley.-Six and eight-rowed. \$1.00 per bushel.

BUCK WHEAT.

New Japanese.—Kernel twice the size of the ordinary variety. It is earlier and very productive. Flour very fine. 90c. per bushel.

GRASS SEED.

Herd, or Red Top Grass (Agrostis Vulgaris).—Valuable as a mixture in either pasture or lawn grasses. Succeeds well in almost any soil. 5c. per qt.; \$1.00 per bushel of 14 lbs.

Kentucky Blue Grass Poa Pratensis —It is also known as June Grass. A valuable variety for lawns, when mixed with other grasses. Thrives best in dry soils, and retains its verdure during the hottest weather. Extra-clean seed. 100. per qt.; \$1.75 per bushel of 14 lbs.

English Rye Grass (Lolium Perenne).—A very nutritious and valuable grass for meadows and permanent pastures. 8c, per qt.; \$2.00 per bushel of 14 lbs.

Rhode Island Bent Grass (Agrestis Var).—One of the finest of grasses for lawns when sown alone. 15c. per qt.; \$3.50 per bushel.

Orchard Grass (*Dactylis Glomerata*).—One of the most desirable of all pasture grasses. Especially valuable for grazing stock. 15c. per qt.; \$1.75 per bushel.

Timothy, or Herd Grass (Phleum Pratense).—This well-known variety is extensively grown throughout the country. It will produce a larger crop and is said to contain more nutriment than any other kind. 10c. per qt.; \$1 75 per bush.

Hungarian Grass (Panicum Germanicum).—Early. Height, two to three feet; abundant follage and slender head; withstands drought and yields well on light soil. 8c. per qt.; \$1.15 per bushel of 48 lbs.

Common Millet (Panicum Maliacum).—Very early. Height, two to three feet; foliage broad and very abundant; heads very open, branching panicles; seeds glossy, oval, somewhat flattened. 8c. per qt; \$1.10 per bushel of 48 lbs.

German, or Golden Millet.—Medium early. In heightthree to five feet; heads closely condensed; spikes very numerous; seeds round, golden yellow, in rough, bristly sheaths. 8c. per qt.; \$1.25 per bushel of 48 lbs.

OLOVERS.

Prices Variable.

Alfalfa, or Lucerne.—It requires a deep, rich soil, and in such will produce several crops every season. One of the best green fodder plants. 10 to 13 lbs. to the acre. 25c. per qt; \$7.00 per bush.

Alsike Clover.—Resembles in growth, duration, etc., the Medium Red Clover. Thrives well in cold, wet and stiff soils. To bs. tothe acre. 25c. per qt.; \$7.00 per bush.

Crimson Clover.—A most valuable sort for soiling. It grows from three to five feet high. Sow in July and August for soiling or mowing the ensuing Spring. 15c. per qt.; \$3.50 per bush.

Pea Vine Large Red Clover.—Resembles the Medium Red Clover, but grows coarse and stocky; very valuable for plowing under. to to ze lbs to the acre. 20c. per qt.; \$5.50 per bush.

Medium Red Clover.—It is a perennial, but of very few years' duration. Is considered the most nutritious of all the species, and most valuable in moist locations. 10 to 12 lbs. to the acre. 20c. per qt.; \$4.75 per bush.

White Clover.—Valuable for lawn and pasture. 25c. per lb.; \$20.00 per 100 lbs.

SPRING RYE.

A valuable catch-crop, when Fall-sown Rye is Winter-killed Price, \$1.00 per bushel.

PEAS AND BEANS FOR FODDER AND SOILING.

Canada White .- \$1.25 per bushei.

Canada Blue .- \$1.35 per bushel.

Cow Peas, Black.—Makes poor land rich. \$1.25 per bushel. Cow Peas.—White, with black eye. \$1,25 per bushel.

Bean, Soja.—Soil enricher or forage; very valuable. \$1.50 per bushel.

OATS.

Heavy Western .- 5oc. per bushel.

WINTER WHEAT.

Fultz .-- A first-class milling wheat, \$1.25 per bushel.

Martin's Amber.—One of the best general crop varieties. \$1.25 per bushel.

Jones' Winter Fife.—The coming wheat for the farmer to sow. It will yield on average soils forty bushels to the acre. \$1.25 per bushel.

RIBSAM'S PERMANENT GRASS MIX-TURE FOR HAY AND PASTURE.

Sow two to three bushels to the acre.

This is the most profitable crop that a farmer can put in his soil. Seeding should be done in July and August. You seldom miss a catch the following season. It will cut two to three tons, on an average, to an acre, which it has proven to itself. The quality is far superior to clover and timothy hay. It will also do fairly well sown in oats. Price, \$2 50 per bushel; \$2.25 in ten bushel lots.

MISCELLANEOUS FARM SEEDS.

If by mail add 15c. per quart for postage.

Amber Sugar Cane.—Great fodder producer and very nutritious for cattle and stock feeding; it can be cut down several times in a season. Very profitable for a dairy farm. 15c. per qt.; \$3.00 per bush.

Broom Corn, Evergreen.—Carefully saved from selected brush. 15c. per qt.; \$3 00 per bush.

Flax Seed (Linum Usitatissimum) .-- Extra cleaned. roc. per qt.; \$2.50 per bush.

Sunflower (Helianthus Annus) .- 10c. per qt.; \$1.75 per bush.

BIRD SEEDS.

PRICES VARIABLE.

If by mail, postage must be added at the rate of 200. per quart.

Canary, Best Sicily (Phataris Canariensis).—15. per qt.;

\$3 00 per bush.

Hemp (Cannabis Sativa) .- 10c. per qt.; \$2.00 per bush.

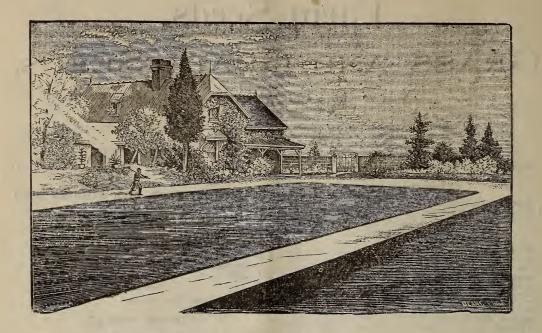
Maw (Papaver Rhaos) .- 15c. per lb.

Millet-(Panicum Miliaceum).-8c. per qt.; \$1.25 per bush.

Rape (Brassir Napus).—15c. per qt.; \$3.50 per bush.

Mixed Bird Seed .- 15c. per qt.; \$3.50 per bush.

Mockingbird Food .- 25c. per lb.



Lawn Grass Seeds.

The preparation for laying down lawns is too often hastily and imperfectly made. The first point is to get the ground shaped to the desired grade, taking care in grading that when hills are removed sufficient subsoil is also removed, to be replaced with top soil, so that at least six inches of good soil will overlay the whole in all places. When the grading is finished, drains should be laid wherever necessary; then the whole should be thoroughly plowed, a subsoil following in the wake of the common plow, until it is completely pulverized. A heavy harrow should then be applied, until the surface is thoroughly fined down. All stones, roots, etc., should be removed, so that a smooth surface may be obtained. The lawn is now ready to be sown. When the seed is sown, a light harrow should be again applied, and after a thorough rolling given, so that the surface is made as smooth as possible. In the latitude of New York the seed may be sown at any time during the months of April and May, and will form a good lawn by August, if the preparation has been good. If sown in the hot months of June or July, a sprinkling of oats should be sown at the same time, so that the shade given by the oats will protect the young grass from the sun. For small plots, of course, digging, trenching and raking must be done, instead of plowing, subsoiling or harrowing. If by mail, add ten cents per quart.

RIBSAM LAWN GRASS.—This is composed of choice selected grasses, of neat, compact growth, and will produce fine sward. 15c. per qt.; \$1.90 per peck; \$3.50 per bushel.

LAWN GRASS.—For shade, fine mixed. 15c. per qt.; \$1.00 per peck; \$3 50 per bushel.

[For forming new Lawns, about four bushels per acre are required.]

Ribsam's Lawn Fertilizer.

It is far superior to lump, straw manure, which disfigures the lawn with filthy materials, giving off an offensive odor, and is less expensive than manure; the cost of the Dressing being less, in many cases, than the cost of applying stable manure. It is odorless, and so clean that anyone can apply it. It contains no weed seeds found always in manure, and which are the pests of the lawn. This is so prepared that it acts gradually through the seasons, producing a luxurious growth of grass of rich green color. It may be applied at any time during the Spring and Summer, or Autumn, or as often as the grass seems to need nourishment. One lb. to 10 square feet, or 500 lbs. to an acre. Price, per bag of 10 lbs, 50c.; per 25 lbs, \$100; per too lbs., \$3.00; per ton, \$48.00.



SEEDS.

Annual and Perennial Flower Seeds, Blooming the First Year from Seeds.

Upon this class of Plants the Garden is dependent for many of the brightest, most showy, and beautiful Flowers, and consequently we have taken special care in growth and selection of the choicest seeds.

ABRONIA.

Extremely pretty Creeping Plants, with verbena-like heads of sweet scented flowers. Very effective in beds, rock-work or hanging baskets. Succeed in any light, rich soil. Half-Hardy Annuals.

Abronia Arenaria. - Pure, waxy yellow deliciously scented, ½ ft. 5c. per pkt

Abronia Umbellata.-Rosy lilac, 1/2 ft. 5c. per pkt.

ADONIS.

Showy, hardy annuals, lasting a long time in bloom. Adonis Autumnalis.-Crimson, 1 ft. 5c. per pkt.

AGERATUM.

Very showy plants for large clumps, blooming throughout the Summer.

Ageratum Mexicanum.-Lavender, blue, 2 ft. 5c. per pkt. Ageratum Album Nanum .- 1) warf, white, 6 in. 5c. pkt.

ALYSSUM.

Very pretty little plants for edging or rock-work, blooming all Summer

Alyssum Sweet, Ordinary.-Hardy Annual. White, 1 ft. 5c. per pkt.

Alyssum Sweet, Little Gem.—White; one of the finest edging plants; flowers in profusion; 4 in. 5c. per pkt.

AMARANTHUS.

A very ornamental and much-admired class of plants If sown in the frame or green-house, and planted out in June, they will form very attractive objects Half-hardy Annuals.

Amaranthus Atropurpureus.—Bright blood-red, drooping flower spikes; 6 ft. 5c. per pkt.

Amaranthus Bicolor Rubra.—A beautiful variety; foliage green and dark red, tipped with yellow; 3 ft. 5c. per pkt.

Amaranthus Tricolor.—(Joseph's Coat.) Leaves red, yellow and green. Very handsome. 5c. per pkt.

Amaranthus Salcifolius.—(Fountain Plant.) This beautiful variety attains a height of from four to six feet, with gracefully drooping willow-shaped leaves. In the latter stages of growth the leaves are brilliantly banded and tipped with orange, carmine and bronze. sc. per pkt. bronze. 5c. per pkt.

ANTIRRHINUM MAJUS.

(Snap Dragon.)

One or the most useful Summer and Autumn flowering perennials, vieing with the carnation in the variety of their stripes and

Antirrhinum Majus Tom Thumb .- Dwarf; very handsome; ift. ioc. per pkt.

Antirrhinum Majus.-Fine mixed, from named varieties. 5c. per pkt.

ASTER.

This splendid class of annuals is one of the most popular and effective of our garden favorites, producing in profusion flowers of the most perfect and beautiful form, as well as richness and variety in colors.

Aster, China .- Fine mixed. 5c. per pkt.

Aster, Reid's German Quilled.—Flowers very double, of oval form, the petals having the appearance of quills or tubes; habit branching, with a profusion of blossoms; height, from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.; finest mixed colors. 5c. per pkt.

Aster, Truffaut's Pæony-Flowered .- Very double, fine form, round in shape, resembling a ball; produces for flowers; ½ ft. in height; many colors mixed. 10c. per pkt.

Aster, Dwarf, Chrysanthemum-Flowered.—A splendid variety of dwarf, compact habit, nine inches in height; flowers large and productive when other varieties are out of bloom. roc. per pkt.

BELLIS (Double Daisy).

A well-known favorite, admirable for making edges, or for pot culture. Half-hardy Perennial.

Bellis Perennis.-Finest mixed, 1/4 ft. 10c. per pkt.

BROWALLIA.

Very handsome, profuse blooming plants, growing freely in any rich soil. *Half-hardy Annuals*.

Browallia Elata Cœrulea .- Blue, 11/2 ft. 5c. per pkt.

Browallia Album Corulea .- White, 15 in. 5c. per pkt.

BALSAM.

Our strain of seed of this old garden favorite is the best that can be had. The flowers will be very double and ranging through every shade. *Tender Annual*.



BALSAM, DOUBLE CAMELIA-FLOWERED.

Balsam, Double Camelia-Flowered.—Finest mixed, 2 ft. 5c. per pkt.

CALLIOPSIS, or COREOPSIS.

This genius is one of the most striking of all annuals, the tall varieties being very effective in mixed borders, while the dwarf, from their compact habit, are well adapted for beds, the colors of all being very striking and beautiful. Flardy Annual.

Calliopsis.-Finest mixed varieties. 5c. per pkt.

CACALIA (Tassel Flower).

Free growing, profuse flowering, hardy annuals, with clusters of pretty tassel-shaped golden-yellow and scarlet flowers.

Cacalia .- Mixed colors, 11/2 ft. 5c. per pkt.

CANDYTUFT (Iberis).

Very beautiful hardy annuals, very effective in beds, groups and ribbon borders. Also in pot culture, for conservatory decoration during the Winter. Indispensable for boquets.

Candytuft.—Fragrant, pure white pinnated foliage, 1 ft. 5c. per pkt.

Candytuft, Crimson.-Very beautiful, 1 ft. 5c. per pkt.

Candytuft, Lilac. - Dwarf, very compact. 5c. per pkt.

Candytuft, Dark Purple. - 5c. per pkt.

Candytuft, Rocket.—Pure white, in large trusses, 1 ft. 5c. per pkt.

CANTERBURY BELLS.

Very attractive and well-known border plants. Succeeded in any light, rich soil. Should be transplanted two feet apart. Hardy Biennials.

Canterbury Bells.—Double, mixed, 2½ ft. 5c. per pkt. Canterbury Bells.—Single, mixed, 2½ ft. 5c. per pkt.

CARNATION.

The Carnation is an indispensable plant in all gardens for its varied and richly-colored flowers and delicious, aromatic fragrance. It succeeds best in light, rich soil. Half-Hardy Perennials.

Carnation, Extra Choice Bizarre.—Saved from an unequaled collection of named flowers, which will produce a fine assortment of superbly-colored varieties, including flakes, bizarres and selfs... zoc. per pkt.



CARNATION MARGUERITE.

Carnation, Marguerite.-Mixed colored 10c. per pkt.

CATCHFLY (Silenia Armeria).

A beautiful genus of free-blooming hardy annuals, growing freely in any garden soil.

Catchfly.-Mixed. All colors. 5c. per pkt.

CELOSIA, or COCKSCOMB.

They succeed well in the gardens if planted out in June, in a warm, sheltered situation. The Cockscombs are highly ornamental and curious looking flowers; very attractive. Half-HardyAnnuals.

Celosia Pyramidalis Coccinea.—Rich carmine, 3 ft. 5c.

per pkt.

Celosia Cristata, Dwarf Mixed [Cockscomb] —1 ft. 5c. per pkt.

CENTAUREA (Dusty Miller).

All the varieties here named are the best silver-foliaged plants in cultivation. Half-hardy Perennials.

Centaurea Candidissima.—Silver-leafed; one of the finest edging plants, 1 foot. 10c. per pkt.

eaging plants, 1 106t. 10c. per pkt.

Centaurea Gymnocarpa.—A very graceful, silver-foliaged variety, 1½ feet. 10c. per pkt.

COLLINSIA.

Free-flowering, Summer-blooming annuals of great beauty for massing and mixed flower borders; there is a great variety of color—white, purple and crimson predominating. 1 to 2 feet. Mixed colors. Pkt., 5c.

CONVOLVULUS MINOR.

[Bush Morning Glories]

These be utiful "Bush Moreing Glories" grow only about one foot high. The flowers are freely borne, and, if pleasant, remain open all day. The plant spreads with much regularity in all directions, and a bed of them is a beautiful object throughout the Summer.

Minor, Mixed.—Including many varieties of colors. Pkt. 5c. For Climbing Morning Glories, see page 25.

COSMOS.

The plants grow four to six feet high, and are literally covered in the Autumn with large, single dahlia-like flowers ranging through shades of rose, purple, white, etc. Splendid for cutting purposes. Feathery foliage.

Large Flowering, Mixed Color.—Pkt., 15c. White Pearl.—Beautiful snow-white. Pkt., 10.

DIANTHUS.

A magnificent genus, embracing some of the most popular flowers in cultivation. D. Caryophyllus and its varieties are the muchadmired Carnations and Picotees. D. Barbaius is the well-known Sweet William D. Chinensis and varieties are known as Indian Pinks—perhaps one of the most beautiful classes of plants existing. D. Heddewiggi and Diadematis are splendid sorts, with flowers averaging three inches in diameter, and of the most brilliant colors. The varieties are all very beautiful, and deserving of a place in every garden. every garden.

Dianthus Barbatus .- (See Sweet William). Fine Mixed. 1 foot 10c, per pkt.

Dianthus Caryophyllus .- (See Carnation and Picotee.) 20c. per pkt.



DIANTHUS CHINENSIS.

Dianthus Chinensis .- (China or India Pink.) Finest

Dianthus Diadematis Flora Plena.—A splendid and striking variety, of luxuriant but dwarf and compact growth. Flowers densely double, comprising all shades of color. 10c. per pkt.

Dianthus Heddewigii.—Very beautiful. Mixed colors. Hardy Annual. 1 foot. 5c. per pkt.

DIGITALIS (Foxglove.)

Handsome and highly-ornamental plants, of stately growth and varied colors Hardy Perennials.



DIGITALIS.

Digitalis .- Fine mixed varieties. 5c. per pkt.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy.)

Very profuse-blooming plants, of extremely rich and beautiful colors. Hardy Annuals.



ESCHSCHOLTZIA CALIFORNIA.

Eschscholtzia California.-Bright yellow, with rich orange center. 1 foot. 5c. per pkt.

GAILLARDIA.

A class of plants remarkable for the profusion and brilliancy of their flowers. Very effective and showy. Half-hardy Annuals. Gaillardia. - Dwarf, scarlet 5c. per pkt.
Gaillardia. - Fine mixed colors. 5c. per pkt.

HOLLYHOOK.



HOLLYHOCK.

In variety of color. 5c. per pkt. Separate colors, 10c.

IPOMOPSIS.

Most beautiful plants, with long spikes of dazzling orange and scarlet flowers. Half-hardy Biennials.

Ipomopsis Elegans.—Scarlet, 3 ft. 5c. per pkt.

JACOBEA (Senecio).

Free growing plants of the earliest culture, producing their gay-colored flowers in great profusion *Hardy Annuals*.

Jacobea, Dwarf Double.—Of dwarf and compact habit.

Fine for pots or beds; 1/2 ft. 10c. per pkt.

LARKSPUR (Delphinium).

A beautiful genus of plants, possessing almost every requisite for the adornment of the garden or parterre; blooming in the grandest profession, and of every variety of the most brilliant colors. Hardy Annuals.

Larkspur, Dwarf Rocket.—Fine mixed, double, x ft. 5c. per pkt.

Larkspur, Tall .- Fine mixed, double, 21/2 ft. 5c. per pkt.

LOBELIA.

A very beautiful class of mostly dwarf-growing plants; their delicate drooping habit and the profusion of their charming little blue and white flowers render them exceedingly ornamental for vases or hanging baskets, while for border cultivation they are almost indispensable. Half-hardy Annuals.

Lobelia Speciosa.—One of the most effective varieties for bedding; ½ ft. roc. per pkt.

Lobelia Gracilis.—Blue: spreading habit; 1 ft. 5c. per pkt.

MARIGOLD.

The French and African Marigolds are among the most beautiful of our annuals, their rich and varied colors and bright foliage producing a splendid effect in almost any situation The African is tallest and most striking in large beds, while the French varieties are admirably adapted for small beds, or as a foreground to taller plants. Half-hardy Annuals.



MARIGOLD, AFRICAN QUILLED.

Marigold, African Quilled.—Finest mixed varieties, 2 ft. 5c. per pkt.

Marigold, French Dwarf.—Fine mixed varieties, 1 ft. 5c. per pkt.

MARVEL OF PERU (Four O'clocks).

The flowers of this class are varied and beautiful, and are produced in great abundance. The roots may be preserved through the Winter like Dahlias. Half-hardy Perennials.

Marvel of Peru (Four O'clocks.)—Finest mixed, 2 ft. 5c. per pkt.

MIMULUS (Monkey Flower).

Strikingly beautiful flowers, making bright ornaments for the conservatory, green-house or general flower-garden. Seeds sown in Spring make fine bedding plants for Summer-blooming, while seed sown in Autumn produces very fine early-flowering green-house plants. Half-hardy Perennials.

Mimulus Maschatus (Musk Plant).—Yellow, ½ ft. 10c. per pkt.

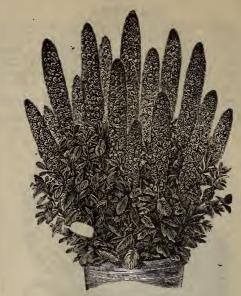
Mimulus Tigrinus.—An exceedingly beautiful new blotched and spotted hybrid, rivaling the Calceolaria in the variety of its bright colors. 10c. per pkt.

MIMOSA (Sensitive Plant).

Mimosa Pudica.—A very interesting and curious plant; its leaves close if touched or shaken. Half-hardy Annual. 5c. per pkt.

MIGNONETTE.

A well-known favorite, highly esteemed for its delightful fragrance. If well thinned out as soon as the plants are large enough, they will grow stronger and produce larger spikes of bloom. Hardy Annuals.



MIGNONETTE, MACHET OR FRENCH.

Mignonette, Machet or French (Reseda Ameliorata).— Quite distinct from the old, large flowered variety; its foliage and flowers are much larger; the plants are of pyramidal growth and attain a large size. roc. per pkt.

Mignonette.-Large-flowered variety. 5c. per pkt.

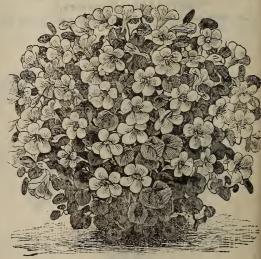
MYOSOTIS [Forget-Me-Not].

The different varieties of this popular plant are very beautiful, and too well known to need a recommendation; they succeed best in moist situations. *Hardy Perennials*.

Myosotis Palustris.-Blue, 1/2 ft. 10c. per pkt.

NASTURTIUM.

Plants of great beauty, blooming throughout the Summer and Fall, and in the green-house during the whole Winter; being of rapid growth, the tall varieties make an excellent cover for old walls, trellises, etc., while the dwarf varieties, from their close, compact growth and rich colored flowers, are among the most popular of bedding plants. Hardy Annuals.

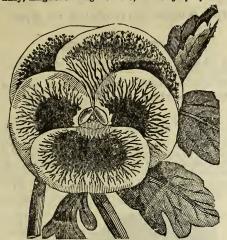


NASTURTIUM, TOM THUMB.

Nasturtium, Tom Thumb .- Mixed colors. 5c. per pkt.

PANSY (Viola Tricolor).

Pansy, German .- Fancy colored; fine mixed. 10c. per pkt. Pansy, English .- Large flowered, mixed. 5c. per pkt.



PANSY, FRENCH.

Pansy, French [Giant Trimardeau].-Mixed colors. 10C. mer pkt.

PENSTEMON.

Handsome herbaceous plants, remarkable for the beauty of their long, graceful, richly-colored flower spikes; will bloom the first year, if sown early in March, in a hot-bed, and planted out in May. Half-hardy Perennials.

Penstemon.-Fine mixed varieties. 10c. per pkt.

PETUNIA.

For out-door decorations in summer there is scarcely a class of plants equal to this; they commence to flower early, and continue a mass of bloom the whole Summer; they are of the easiest culture, and are equally effective and beautiful grown in pots for the decoration of the conservatory or green-house. Half-hardy Per-



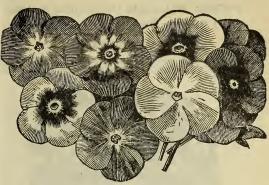
PETUNIA HYBRIDA.

Petunia Hybrida.-Finest striped and blotched varieties, mixed. 5c. per pkt.

Petunia Fimbriata Fl. Pl.—Double-fringed, large flowered, comprising all shades of color. 25c. per pkt.

PHLOX.

This splendid genus of plant is unrivaled for richness of color, profusion of blossoms, length of duration in bloom, and whether in clumps or masses, looks equally beautiful. Phlax Drummondii is, perhaps, the finest annual in cultivation, and should occupy a prominent place in every garden. The perennial species, which are very handsome, require protection in winter. Hardy Annuals.



PHLOX DRUMMONDII.

Phlox Drummondii .- Finest mixed. 5c per pkt.

PICOTEE PINK.

Well known and highly valued plants, remarkable as well for their great beauty and delightful fragrance as for their easy culture, growing freely and flowering prefusely either in pots in the green-house or in the open border, succeeding best in rich, loamy soil. Half-hardy Perennials.

Picotee Pink .- Saved from the finest varieties. 20c. per pkt.

POPPY.

Plants with large and brilliant-colored flowers, growing freely in any common soil and producing a good and effective display in large mixed beds. Hardy Annuals.

Poppy, Carnation-Flowered.—Double, mixed colors; 1 ft. 5c. per pkt.

Poppy, Ranunculus-Flowered.—Double, mixed colors; r ft. roc. per pkt.

PORTULACA.

These brilliant and popular hardy annuals are of the easiest culture, luxuriating in an exposed, sunny situation, and producing throughout the Summer their various-colored flowers in the greatest profusion. The double Portulaca is one of the most showy annuals in cultivation.

Portulaca, Splendid, Mixed, Single.-All colors. 5c.

Portulaca, Grandiflora, Double.—Finest mixed. These are unsurpassed for brilliancy of color by any annuals now grown. 10c. per pkt.

PRIMULA.

(Chinese Primrose.)

Primula Sinensis Fimbriata, Fringed.—Very choice. Mixed from prize flowers. 25c. per pkt.

SALVIA, or SCARLET SAGE.

Splendid plants for out-door decorations, their beautiful spikes of brilliant scarlet, white and blue flowers being produced in the greatest profusion from July to October.

Salvia Patens .- Splendid deep blue. Half-hardy Perennials. 3 ft. 15c. per pkt

Salvia Splendens.—Vivid scarlet. Half-hardy Perennials. 3 ft. 100. per pkt.

RICINUS (Castor Oil Bean).

Magnificent and highly ornamental plants, of picturesque foliage and stately growth. Half-hardy Annuals.

Ricinus Borboniensis Arboreus.-Very large and handsome foliage. 15 ft. 5c. per pkt.

SCABIOSA (Morning Bride).

A beautiful border plant, producing in profusion flowers in great variety of colors; excellent for cuttings for table bouquets, etc. Hardy Annuals.

scabiosa Nana Fl. Plena.—The flowers are quite double and globular, varying in all the shades of white, carmine, maroon, lilac, etc. A most valuable flower to use in bouquets or vases of cut flowers. Ift. 10c. per pkt.

Scabiosa Tall C.

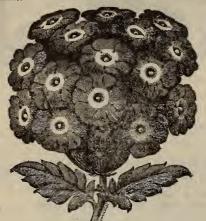
Scabiosa, Tall German.-Mixed. 2 ft. 5c. per pkt.

SWEET WILLIAM (See Dianthus Barbatus).

Sweet William .- Single. 5c. per pkt.

VERBENA.

Well-known and universally admired plants; invaluable for Summer decoration. Blooming freely first year from seed. *Half-hardy Perennials*.



VERBENA HYBRIDA

Verbena Hybrida Mammoth.-Mixed colors. 10c. per pkt.

Verbena Hybrida.-Fine mixed. 5c. per pkt.

SCHIZANTHUS.

A splendid class of plants, combining an elegance of growth with a rich profusion of beautiful flowers, valuable for green-house decoration in Spring and the flower-garden in Summer. Half-hard Annuals.

Schizanthus.-Finest mixed colors. 5c. per pkt.

STOOKS (German Ten-Weeks).

These are especially recommended on account of their long continuance to bloom and vigorous habit; flowers very double. 11/4 ft. Half-hardy Annuals.

Stock, Dwarf German Ten-Weeks.—Fine mixed. 5c. Per pkt.

Stock, Tall German Large Flowering.—Choice mixed. 5c. per pkt.

VINCA (Madagascar Periwinkle).

A genus of beautiful green-house shrub; if sown early in heat and transplanted to a warm situation in the garden about May or June, they will flower beautifully in the Summer, and may be potted for the house before frost.

Vinca Rosea.—Rose, with dark eyes, 2 ft. 10c. per pkt. Vinca Pura.—White, with crimson eye, 2 ft. 10c, per pkt. Vinca Alba.—Pure white, 2 ft. 10c. per pkt.

VIOLA (Violet).

A well-known favorite, deservedly much in demand on account of its profusion of bloom and delightful fragrance. Hardy Perennial.

Viola Odorata (Sweet Violet) .- 1/2 ft. 10c. per pkt.

WALLFLOWER.

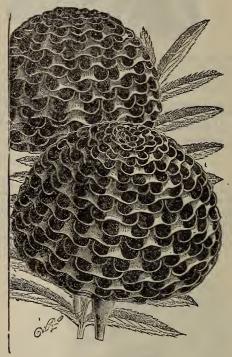
A well-known plant, much esteemed for its fragrance. Half-hardy Perennial.

Wallflower, Double.—Finest mixed. 2 ft. 10c. per pkt. Wallflower, Single, Mixed.—2½ ft. 5c. per pkt.

ZINNIA ELEGANS.

Very handsome Fall-flowering plants of great richness and variety of color. The double Zinnia is one of the finest annuals in cultivation, its splendid double flowers rivaling in beauty, size and form moderate-sized Dahlias. Half-hardy Annuals.

Zinnia Elegans Fl. Pl.-Extra choice double. 11/2 ft. 5c. per pkt.



ZINNIA BLEGANS FL. PL.

Seeds of Climbing Flowers.

In the Flower Garden, and for the adornment of Rural Homes, no class of Flowers is more useful than these. Many a trellis, fence, tree-stump or veranda, otherwise unattractive, can be rendered beautiful by planting Seeds of rapid-growing Climbers.

ABOBRA

Abobra Viridiflora.—A very beautiful climbing gourd, with small foliage and oval-shaped vivid scarlet fruits. Half-hardy Perennial. 100. per pkt.

ADLUMIA (Mountain Fringe).

A beautiful climbing plant of graceful habit. Hardy Annual. Adlumia Cirrhosa.—White, 15 feet. 10c. per pkt.

ARISTOLOCHIA (Dutchman's Pipe).

A highly ornamental climbing plant, with curiously shaped flowers. Hardy Perennial.

Aristolochia Sipho.—30 feet. 100. per pkt.

BALLOON VINE (Cardiospermum), or Love in a Puff.

Ornamental climbing plant, useful alike for green-house or outdoor decoration. Half-hardy Annual.

Cardiospermum Halicacabum.—White, 5 feet. 5c. per okt.

CANARY BIRD FLOWER.

An exceedingly ornamental creeper, with bright yellow-fringed flowers, and neat, finely-divided foliage. A general favorite. Half-hardy Annual.

Canary Bird Flower.-Yellow, 10 feet. 5c. per pkt.

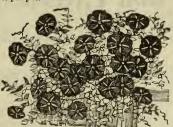
COBÆA.

A beautiful, rapid-growing climbing plant, with large, handsome, bell-shaped flowers. Sow early and plant out about June. In sowing, place the seeds edgewise, and cover lightly. Half-hardy Perennial.

Cobæa Scandens.—Purple, 20 feet. 10c. per pkt.

COCCINEA.

Coccinea Indica.—An exceedingly handsome climbing gourd with shining, ivy-like foliage and scarlet fruit. Half-hardy Perennial. 10c. per pkt.



CONVOLVULUS.

One of the handsomest and most popular annuals in cultivation, growing freely in almost any situation. The climbing varieties, C. Major, or Morning Glory, produce a fine effect when grown on rock-work, stumps of trees, or when trained over trellises, rusticwork or rough fences. C. Minor and its varieties are admirably adapted for beds and mixed borders. Half-hardy Annuals.

Convolvulus Major (Morning Glory).—Fine mixed varieties. 5c. per pkt.

CUCURBITA.

The tribe of Cucurbita, or Gourds, are well known as producing some of the most curiously shaped of all fruits, and being, like the

Cucumis, of extremely rapid growth, and very desirable for covering trellis-work of arbors, etc., the varied and fantastic forms of the fruit adding a peculiar charm to the luxuriance of the foliage.

Cucurbita Leucantha Longissima.—Very curious, 5 ft. long. roc. per pkt.



CYPRESS.

The most popular of annual climbing plants, with delicate fern-like foliage. For early flowering, sow in sitting-room, hot-bed or green-house, from January to April, in an average temperature of sixty degrees, in light, rich soil, in shallow boxes. When the seedlings are fit to handle, transplant to similar boxes, one inch apart, and plant in the open ground in May or June. Press the seed into the soil with a smooth board and cover lightly. Half-hardy-Annuals.

Cypress .- Mixed colors. 5c. per pkt.

DOLICHOS (Hyacinth Bean).

Beautiful climbing plants, of free growth, flowering in clusters, to ft. Tender Annuals.

Dolichos Labla.-Purple; beautiful in Fall. 5c. per pkt.

Dolichos Alba .- White. 5c. per pkt.

GOURD ORNAMENTAL (Mock Orange).

A highly interesting genus, with rapid growth, with luxuriant and ornamental foliage, and bearing fruit of the most varied and fantastic forms; very desirous for trellis-work or festooning. Tender Annuals.

Gourd Ornamental.—Fine mixed varieties. 10c. per pkt. Gourd Sipho.—10c. per pkt.

LOPHOSPERMUM.

Exceedingly ornamental climbing plants, with large and handsome flowers; very effective for conservatory or garden decoration. Half-hardy Annuals.

Lophospermum Hendersonii.—Rosy carmine, 10 ft. 10c., per pkt.

MAURANDIA.

(Barclayana.)

These beautiful Summer climbers cannot be too highly recommended, whether for adornment of the conservatory or greenhouse, or for training on trellis-work, verandas, etc. Blooms the first season from seed. Half-hardy Perennials.

Maurandia .- Finest mixed colors. 15c. per pkt.

MYRSIPHYLLUM (Smilax).

There is no climbing plant in cultivation that surpasses this in the graceful beauty of its foliage, and its peculiar wavy formation renders it one of the most valuable of all plants for vases or hanging-baskets, as it can be used either to climb or droop, as required; in cut flowers, particularly for wreaths, it is now considered indispensable by all florists. roc. per pkt.

MORMORDICA BALSAMINA.

(Balsam Apple.)

Annual climber, with yellow blossoms: fruit egg-shaped, covered with warty excrescences, and when ripe bursts suddenly open, scattering its seeds and showing a brilliant carmine interior. Fine for trellises. 10c. per pkt.

SMILAX (See Myrsiphyllum.)

roc. per pkt.

THUNBERGIA.

Extremely ornamental, free-blooming climber of rapid growth, handsome foliage and much-admired flowers; good for greenhouse culture, or in warm situation out of doors.

Thunbergia.-Mixed varieties. 5c. per pkt.

TROPÆOLUM.

Very elegant and beautiful climbers, flowers most profusely, very useful for covering verandas, trellis and rustic work out of doors. Tropæolum, Tall.-Mixed colors; 5c. per pkt.

SWEET PEAS.

Fashion's Fragrant Floral Favorites.

Everyone knows that Sweet Peas are a necessity in every Flower Garden. Blooming freely all Summer and Autumn, of the earliest culture, unrivaled for cutting, entrancingly fragrant, graceful in form, innumerable variety in coloring. Bushy annual climber, 4 to 6 feet high.

Variety prefaced with a star (*) are Eckford's Large Flowering Hubrids.

Hybrids.

*Apple Blossom. - Standard shaded, rarest pink, wings blush.

Queen of the Isles .- Beautiful pink and white striped.

Blanch Ferry.-Bright pink and standard, white wings. *Boreattan .- Rich maroon, wings purplish maroon.

*Butterfly.-White-edged, shaded with blue.

Carmine Invincible.-Intense cardinal crimson, wing crim-

*Countess of Radnor .- Delicate lavender.

Emly Henderson .- Pure white One of the best.



SWEET PEA.

*Imperial Blue.-Rosy purple, wings blue.

Indigo King .- Rich indigo color.

*Lottie Eckford .- Pale mauve, wings white.

Miss Hunt .- Pale carmine standards.

*Queen of England .- Pure white, soft pink wings.

Prince Beatrice.-Blush pink. One of the finest.

*Prince of Wales.-Striped white, blue and heliotrope. *Princess of Wales -Shaded and striped chocolate, purple

*Splendor.-Standard rosy crimson, wings of lighter shade tinged with magenta.

Violet Queen .- Pink standard, lilac wings.

Collection of six varieties, 25c.

Mixed Sweet Peas .- 5c. per oz.; 15c. per 1/4 lb.; 4oc. per lb. Eckfords, Large Flowering .- 5c. per oz.; 20c. per 1/4 lb.; 50c per lb.

Named sorts. 5c. per pkt.; 10c. per 0z; 30c. per 1/4 lb.; \$1.00 per lb.

Sweet Pea Cupid, Dwarf.—Pink and white. 15c. per 02.; 50c. per 1/2 lb.; \$1.75 per lb.

Everlasting Flowers and Grasses.

The Everlasting Flowers, with their rich, brilliant colors, are very valuable for Winter decoration. They should be cut as soon as they come into full bloom, tied in small bunches, and dried slowly in the shade, with heads downward, to keep them straight.

ACROLINIUM.

One of the best of the everlasting flowers; very extensively used for Winter bouquets. Half-hardy Annuals.

Acrolinium Alba .- Pure white, 1 ft. 5c. per pkt.

Acrolinium Roseum .- Bright Rose, 1 ft. 5c. per pkt.

AMMOBITIM.

A very useful everlasting, for making dried Winter bouquets, forming, also, a showing plant for the garden. Hardy Annual.

Ammobium Alatum .- White, 2 ft. 5c. per pkt.

GLOBE AMARANTHUS (Gomphrena).

Remarkably handsome everlastings. The flowers may be cut in Summer and preserved for Winter bouquets. Half-hardy An-

Globe Amaranthus .- Mixed, all colors. 5c. per pkt.

HELICHRYSUM.

Exceedingly effective in the flower border, and indispensable for Winter bouquets, for which cut before the blooms are expanded, and dry in the shade. Hardy Annuals.



HELICHRYSUM, FINEST MIXED.

Helichrysum, Finest Mixed .- All colors. 5c. per pkt.

RHODANTHE.

This is one of the handsomest annuals ever introduced, valuable alike for the decoration of the conservatory and flower gardens. They are among the prettiest everlasting flowers for Winter bouquets. Succeed best in light, rich soil, and a warm, sheltered situation. Half-hardy Annuals.

Rhodanthe Maculata .- Mixed. 10c. per pkt.

GRASSES (Ornamental).

Nearly all of the Ornamental Grasses are very showy and beautiful, and when dried and tastefully arranged in connection with the Everlasting Flowers, make exceedingly attractive Winter bouquets. They are mostly annuals, and those which are not—with the exception of Pampas Grass—flower the first year.

Avena Sterilis.—(Animated Oats.) 2½ ft. 5c. per pkt. Briza Maxima.—(Quaking Grass.) Hardy Annual. 1 ft. 5c. per pkt.

Bromus Brizaformus.-Hardy Perennial. 5c. per pkt.

Eragrostis Elegans .- (Love Grass.) 5c. per pkt.

Erianthus Revennæ.—Resembles Pampas, except in color, which is drab. Hardy Perennial. 10 ft. 10c. per pkt.

Gynerium Argenteum.—(Pampas Grass.) 10 ft. 10c. per pkt.

Lagurus Ovatus.—(Hare's Tail Grass.) 1 ft. 5c. per pkt. Stipa Pinnati.—(Feather Grass.) Hardy Perennial. 2 ft.

zoc. per pkt.

Zea Japonica Variegata.—Striped green and white. 5c. per pkt.

FLORIST DEPARTMENT.



In this department we grow only the best varieties of the different classes, discarding every year such sorts as have been surpassed by newer introductions.

PURCHASER'S CHOICE of plants or trees always complied with if remittance is made at the full single rates, which in all cases accompany the descriptions. Growing so many different varieties, our stock of some will occasionally become exhausted; to provide for such, we request that an additional plant or two be named at the end of the order from which we may select. This list will not be used, except in case of necessity.

HAVE YOUR PLANTS SENT BY EXPRESS.

It is a well-known fact that in the majority of cases plants sent by mail often die outright, or, at best, fail to give satisfaction in the hands of amateurs. This is caused by the shock they sustain in having the soil shaken from the roots to lighten them. Hence, it is far more economical to have them sent by express, as you receive a better plant in a growing condition. We always put in a number of "extra" plants to compensate for expressage.

PACKING.

No charge is made for boxes, baskets or packing, and all goods are delivered at express or freight offices free of charge.

OUR GREEN-HOUSES

Are within 15 minutes' walk, or five minutes by electric cars, from our store, Broad and Front streets, where plain directions of "how to reach the gardens" will be given to anyone applying. Visitors are always welcome at our Green-Houses, and any of our customers should not miss the opportunity to examine this important branch of our business.

PLANTS.

General Collection of Standard Varieties.

AGERATUMS.

10 cents each. \$1.00 per dozen.

White Cap.-Flowers pure white. Strong, compact grower. Mayflower .- Dark blue. Dwarf.

AMARVILIS

Johnsonii.-An elegant pot plant, with crimson flowers. One of the best. Price, 50c. each.

Formosissima. — Crimson velvet color, flowering early in Summer. The flowers have a most graceful and charming appearance. Price, 25c. and 35c. each.

ASPIDISTR.A.

Ornamental and attractive plants, with large, broad, leathery leaves The hardiness of these lovely plants should bring them into more general cultivation. Price, 20c. and 50c each.

Laurida.-Foliage dark green.

Laurida Variegata .- Foliage dark green striped.

ALOYSIA CETRIONDRA.

(Lemon Verbena.)

Price, roc. each.

The delightful fragrance of its leaves renders it indispensable in making bouquets.

AZALEA INDICA.

A green-house plant, the flowers of which are of unsurpassed beauty, born in large clusters above the small leaves; blooms from January to April; colors very rich. From 50c. to \$3.00 each.

ABUTILON (Fairy Bell).

roc. each; \$1.00 per doz.

Aurium Maculatum.-Green and yellow mottled foliage; flowers yellow, veined with crimson

Boule de Neige.-The finest white flowering variety; a splendid Winter bloomer.

Darwinii.-Orange-scarlet and pink veined flowers; blooms in clusters very freely.

Tantana.-Flowers brownish crimson.

Vexilarium Aureum Pictum.—Dark green leaves, spotted with golden dots, and of trailing habit.

Yellow Boy.-The finest yellow-flowering.

Zebrina.-Extra large; crimson purple; rich color.

ACHYRANTHUS.

roc. each; \$1.co per doz.

Lindenii.-Dwarf and compact in habit, with narrow lanceolated leaves of a deep red color.

Verschaffeltii .- A dark crimson leaf, with ribs and stems of a bright carmine.

ALTERNANTHERAS.

5c. each; 5oc. per doz.

Latifolia.—Broad, smooth. Autumn-tinted leaves.

Magnifica .- Crimson and rose; extra.

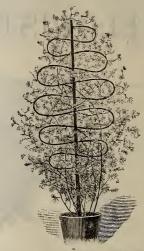
Spathulata .- Green and carmine.

Versicolor.-Light rose and carmine.

Aurea Nana —A rival to the well-known Golden Feather in color, and will no doubt supersede it entirely, it being dwarfer and higher colored.

ASPARAGUS TENUISSIMUS.

We consider this variety the grandest acquisition for decorative purposes for the greenhouse, conservatory, or for cutting from, that has been offered in years. As a plant for contrastit stands unrivaled. For bouquets or floral decorations it possesses more durability than any of the ferns. It will retain its freshness of beautiful rich green when cut for several weeks when placed in water. It is also a desirable net placet are ordered again. sirable pot plant. 15c. and 35c. each.



ASPARAGUS TENUISSIMUS

AT. YSSTIM

5c. each: 5oc. per doz.

Sweet, Double White.—A pyramidal variety, with neat, green foliage, producing very profusely spikes of pure double white flowers. The variety will be found valuable for cut-flowers.

Tom Thumb.—A new, very dwarf, compact variety, well adapted for the border in carpet ribboning; useful also for cut-flowers, as it is a free bloomer.

Variegatum Flora Plena.—This variety is handsomely variegated. Is fine for ribbon or carpet bedding; also, useful for cut-flowers. The flowers are double white.

ANTHERICUM VITATUM VARIEGATA.

15c. and 25c. each.

A beautiful greenhouse or conservatory plant, with recurved, graceful foliage, which attains a growth of about two feet. The leaves are dark green, beautifully marked with broad stripes and bands of a creamy white color. It produces long spikes of a pretty, small, white, star-shaped flower, which are quite effective. It is also ornamental as a specimen or basket plant.

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS.

(Blue African Lily.)

50c. to \$1.00 each.

A grand old plant (native of Cape of Good Hope), perhaps better known to the amateur under the name of the Blue African Lily. It is one of the most ornamental plants for pots or vases; excellent for outdoor decoration during the Summer and equally valuable as a conservatory plant. Leaves dark green, long, strap-shaped; flowers rich deep blue, borne in many-flowered umbels, and con-tinues a long time in bloom.

BEGONIAS (Blooming).

10c. to 25c. each.

Argentea Punctata.—Its silvery-bronze leaves resemble the Begonia Rex.

Argyrostygma Picta.—Flowers pink; leaves spotted white.

Coccinea Rubra.—A scrubby Begonia; bright, large scarlet flowers, freely produced.

Fuchsoides Alba .- Flowers pure white.

Hybrida Multiflora.-Rosy pink; the best Winter flowering.

Incarnata Metallica.—Large, glossy leaves; fine pink flower clusters.

Nitedo Rosea.-Flowers light flesh color.

Saundersonii.-Flowers scarlet shaded crimson.

Sanguinea .- Surface of leaves olive; under side crimson.

Smithii .- Handsome deep-green foliage; pinkish-white flowers.

Tuberous-rooted.—Various colors, single and double, 25c. each; \$2.50 a doz.

FOLIAGE BEGONIAS.

15c. to 25c. each.

Listerii (Diademia)—A fine cut-leaved foliage Begonia; leaves deep olive green, covered with silvery luster and spotted gray; a distinct kind.

Rex .- In variety.

Louis Chretien.—The handsomest of all variegated foliage Begonias Of very easy growth, and an excellent plant for window decoration. Foliage large; ground color dark green, with silver band, tinted violet crimson, with a beautiful metallic luster over the whole

CALLA ETHIOPIA (Lily of the Nile).

25c. each; \$2.50 per doz.

A fine house-plant. It requires an abundance of water during the growing season, and should have a period of rest from May to August by turning the pots on their sides in some shady place.

TRUE BLACK CALLA LILY.

25c. each; \$2 50 per doz.

Aurum Sanctum.—A rare species from the Holy Land. The flowers have a strong violet-like odor; are a deep velvety purplish maroon—almost black—on the upper side, and moss-green underneath. From the centre of the flower springs a spike of the most intense glossy black.



AURUM SANCTUM.

CANNA, FRENCH.

15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.

Plants used largely in sub-tropical gardening, for the grand effect which their rich and vari-colored flowers produce. They combine the most striking tropical foliage with flowers, many of them equal to Gladiolus. Our collections comprise various colors and shades of scarlet, pink, yellow; mottled, and also including the celebrated Madam Crozy; color, vermillion-scarlet bordered with deep golden yellow.

CARNATION.

20c. each; \$2.00 per doz

American Flag.—Variegated red and white; very profuse bloomer.

Day Break.-A flesh-pink color; very beautiful.



SCOTT.

Scott.-Brilliant pink.

Lamborne.—Waxy-white; largest flower of all carnations.

Lizzie McMagown.—White; large flower and profuse bloomer.

Portio.-Brilliant scarlet.

Pride of Chester .- Pure white, light markings of carmine.

FANCY CALADIUMS.

25c. each; \$2.50 per doz.

Large quantities of these are now used for summer and Fall decoration. They are easily grown, thriving in pots or boxes in the house or shaded situations out of doors. The bulbs should be dried off in October and kept in a warm, dry place during the Winter. They should be started into growth about May 1st,

NEW SHRUBBY CALCEOLARIA.

"Shower of Gold."

15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.

This, like all the Shrubby Calceolarias, is ever-blooming; of strong, vigorous habit, and is the only variety we have had that withstands our hot Summers. In partial shade the past season it bloomed in profusion. Fine for baskets, vases, etc.

CENTAUREA.

sc. each: soc. per doz.

Gymnocarpa.—Attains a diameter of two feet, forming a graceful, rounded bush of silvery gray, for which nothing is so well to contrast in ribbon lines with dark follage plants.

Candidissima.—Broad-leaved; elegant for border. 10c. each. \$1.00 per dozen.



See Nursery Department in this Catalogue.

Chrysanthemums.

The Culture of the Chrysanthemum.

If wanted to flower in the open ground, all that is necessary is to If wanted to flower in the open ground, all that is necessary is to plant them in the open border in any good ground, well enriched. with manure. They can be p anted out any time from April to July, though preference may be given to May. The "topping" or "pinching" back, as i is called, should not be done later than about the last week in August; if any later, it might destroy the flowering to some extent. If pinched back regularly as the shoots get from 4 to 5 inches long, they will form an average width by October 15th of two feet in diameter. The plants should be set out about two feet apart each way.

We have a general collection of leading Japanese varieties. 10c. each; \$1 00 for 15 assorted plants.



CHRYSANTHEMUM.

Nevius .- Large, fluffy, pink, handsome flower.

Jean Nicolas.—Japanese; petals slender and curled, glossy rose, shaded white; centre cream; flower disheveled; a new order.

G. W. Childs .- Deep velvet crimson; large.

Mme. Eulalie Morel.—Japanese; flowers very large; curved petals; rich rosy pink

Chas. Davis.—Japanese; color rich yellow, shade to buff; a beautiful variety.

Mermaid .- Large pink, with yellow underground.

Eugene Dailledouze.—Japanese; large, full, double; bright yellow; incurved; broad petals; beautiful foliage.

George Schlegel.—Japanese; plant medium; bright foliage; fine flower; very large; pure white; incurved.

Mrs. George Pullman - Japanese; luxuriant grower; flowers large; unusual deep yellow color.

The Queen.—The finest white in cultivation; flowers extra large, broad and deep; petals are heavy and deep; good keeper.

Inter-Ocean.-Loose, graceful flowers; delicate pink.

Minerva.-Clear yellow; graceful in form; very large.

Miss E. G. Hill .- Earliest pink flowers; extra large; one of the finest.

Yellow Queen.-Bright, clear yellow; one of the best early

Golden Wedding .- One of the finest yellow; very large;

Mrs. Burgman.-Earliest white; dwarf habit; flowers very large and lasting.

Ivory .- Pink.

Dominahan.-White.

Ivory .- Best early white; globe form; dwarf habit.

Maud Dean .- Pink.

Mrs C. Lippincott.-Clear yellow; graceful flower.

Mrs. John Westcott.-White, flushed with soft lilac pink.

W. H. Lincoln.-Deep yellow.

Gold .- Flat, yellow flower tinted with orange.

Ada Spaulding.-Large, globe shape; deep pink shade in pearl white.

E. Molyneux.—Rich, deep, maroon red.

Fantasie.-Shell pink, shading to creamy white.

Gloriosum .- The finest early bright yellow grown.

Jessica .- Creamy white.

J. Collins .- Bronze orange, shaded Indian red; immense size.

Kiota.-Deep yellow petals; incurved; free bloomer.

Lillian B. Bird .- Delicate pink; quilled; perfect form. La Favorite.-Tubulated; pale, silvery white; dark incurved

Moonlight.-Immense size; clear white; ribbon-like petals. Mrs. Alpheus Hardy.—Pure white; large and beautifully incurved.

Mrs. Andrew Carnegie.—Bright deep crimson.

Mrs. C. H. Wheeler. - Deep crimson on inner side and orange or gold on outer side.

Mrs. Frank Thompson .- Creamy white; one of the largest

Philadelphia.-Large globe form; cream white, with a green luster

Robt. Bottomley.-Free bloomer; white and immense size.

Snowstorm .- Pure snowy white; early bloomer.

Tokio.—Orange scarlet; back of petals yellow.

CHINESE.

Cherub .- Bronze and canary yellow.

Comet.-Bright and orange yellow.

Compacta.-Rosy blush.

Cullingfordii - Crimson maroon; reverse side of petals pale

Diana -Snow white and very double.

Golden John Salter.-Bright golden yellow.

John H. Bradbury.—Deep reddish crimson; very fine.

Lucifer.-Red, chestnut tipped yellow.

Minnie Miller .- Pale pink; finest formed flower of Chinese

Meteor.—Golden yellow; petals edged crimson.

Pink Perfection .- True to name and beautiful to look at.

Sonce d'Or.-Golden twisted Flowerets tipped yellow.

COBEA SCANDENS.

10c. each; \$1.00 per doz.

A beautiful climber of rapid growth, bearing large, bell-shaped flowers. Foliage large and dark green in color.

COLEUS.

5c. each; 5oc. per doz.

Spotted Gem.—Yellow ground, regularly blotched crimson, green and orange.

Golden Gem .- Deep rose, margined yellow.

Multicolor.-Marcon and crimson.

Hero.-Chocolate maroon. Very fine.

Golden Bedder.—Pure yellow; equally as good a bedder as the Verschaffeltii.

Verschaffeltii.—The oldest, still one of the best; dark, blood-red, solid color.

Queen Victoria.-Crimson; the brightest of golden edge.

J. Good .- Dark yellow, veined green.

Firebrand.-Bright red; strong grower.

CUPHEA.

10c. each; \$1.00 per doz.

Platycentra (Cigar Plant).—A bedding plant; profuse flowering; tube of flower is scarlet, with end white and crimson.

Hyssopifolia.—A neat dwarf flowering plant; flowers bright lilac, and produced in great profusion all the year round; leaves dark glossy-green.

DAHLIA.

3-inch pots, 10c. each; \$1.00 per doz. Tubers, 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.

The Dahlia is the grandest Autumn flower we have. Nothing is its equal in any respect in September and October. It is in its glory when everything is faded or fading, and surrenders only to the Frost King.

The Dahlia is divided into four pretty distinct classes: The ordinary, or Show dahlia; the Dwarf or Bedding Dahlia, making a thick, compact bush; the Pompon or Bouquet Dahlia, with small, very perfect flowers; and the Single Dahlia, which is now very popular.

As the Dahlia is a full flower, there is no need of planting before the middle of May or even later. Plants or tubers can be planted about the first of April. After flowering, and before hard frost, take up the plants, remove the tops, dry the bulbs, and put in the cellar until Spring, when they can be divided and planted. Our collection comprises over fifty different kinds.

FICUS ELASTICA (India Rubber Plant).

50c. to \$2.50 each.

One of the best plants for home culture. It stands coal-gas, dust and neglect better than almost any other plant. We offer some fine specimens.

FERNS.

10c. to \$2.00 each.

These beautiful plants are now very generally cultivated; their great diversity and gracefulness of foliage make them much valued as plants for vases, baskets or rock work, or as specimen plants for parlor or conservatory, in assortment.

FUCHSIA.

15c. each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Avalanche.-Double sepals and tube; bright carmine.

Elm City.—Double; one of the best, forming large globular crimson purple balls.

Speciosa.—Single; orange-carmine; good bloomer.

Black Prince.—Single; carmine pink; very profuse in blooming; extra good.

Little Alice.-Double; corolla white; bright scarlet sepals.

Storm King -Double; corolla white; very free.

Mrs. E. G. Hill .- Double; corolla pure white; strong grower.



STORM KING.

GERANIUM (Happy Thought).

10c. each; \$1.00 per doz.

This is still much admired. A novel style of leaf variegation in the Geraniums, differing in the ordinary form in having a large yellow blotch in the center of the leaf, with an outer band of green at the margin. Flowers rich magenta rose.

DOUBLE GERANIUMS.



DOUBLE GERANIUM.

In 12 varieties. 10c. each; \$1.00 per doz.

GERANIUMS (Golden Bronze).

roc. each; \$1.00 per doz.

This class of Geraniums is admirable for bedding purposes, growing vigorously, succeeding best and assuming their brightest colors during the heat of Summer. They not only have attractive foliage, but the beauty and variety of the flowers add additional value to them.

SCENTED GERANIUMS.

10c. each; \$1 00 per doz.

The sweetly scented foliage of these varieties makes them valued for bouquets and baskets. They embrace in the different odors. lemon, nutmeg, rose, pennyroyal, peppermint, citron, apple, etc.

SINGLE GERANIUMS.

In 12 varieties. 10c. each; \$1.00 per doz.

GERANIUMS (Ivy-Leaved).

10c. each; \$1.00 per doz.

Anna Pfitzer.—Flowers very large, semi-double; clear rose. A good variety.

Comte Horace de Choiseul.—Plant vigorous; leaves without zones; flowers very large and double. The brightest colored of all the ivy-leaved varieties.

Bridal Wreath —Fine large trusses of pure white flowers. A very distinct variety.

Pelatem L'Elegante.—An extremely pretty variety, of bright green foliage, with a broad band of creamy white, often margined with pink. Its pure white blossoms are produced in dense clusters.

GLADIOLUS.

Mixed Colors.—3c. each; 25c. per doz. Named Varieties.—5c. each; 5oc. doz.

HELIOTROPES.

10c. each; \$1.00 per doz.

Chieftain.-Rich shade of violet; large truss.

Mme. Blonay.—The only nearly pure white Heliotrope in cultivation.

Florence.-Bluish-lilac; profuse bloomer.

HIBISCUS, CHINESE.

roc. to 75c. cach.

Rosa Sinensis.-Single, red.

Aurantiaca Fl. Pl.-Double, salmon.

Cooperii Tricolor.—Foliage variegated, white, green and

Grandiflorus - Double, rosy crimson.

Luteus Fl. Pl.-Lemon color.

Schizopetalus —A drooping variety, with pendulous, orangered, laciniated flowers, which are curious, highly pleasing and novel.

HYDRANGEAS.

Paniculata Grandiflora.—This is one of the most valuable hardy shrubs in cultivation. It attains a height of three or four feet and is perfectly hardy in all parts of the country. The flowers are white, borne in immense clusters. Price, 25c. each; \$2.50 per doz.

Otaksa.—A splendid variety from Japan. Flowers large, bright pink, tinted with blue. Price, 15c. to 35c. each.

Thomas Hogg —The immense trusses are of the purest white, and remain so a long time. Price, 15c. to 5oc. each.

Rosea.—Similar in habit of growth to Thomas Hogg; flowers bright rosy red. Price, 25c. each.

IMPATIENS SULTANA.

ioc. each; \$1.00 per doz.

One of the most useful plants, of recent introduction. As a fineflowering plant, we know of none to surpass it. The flowers are of a beautiful carmine color; foliage always fresh and green.

IVY.

German, or Parlor.—Smooth, glossy, light-green leaves. A very rapid grower. 5c. each .. 5oc. per doz.

Kenilworth [Linaria Cymbalaria]—A pretty drooping variety, with small lilac flowers. Fine for baskets and vases. 5c. each; 5oc. per doz.

Evergreen English .- 10c. each; \$1.00 per doz.

LANTANAS.

(General Collection.)

roc. each ; \$1 00 per doz.

We have few continuous blooming plants that afford a greater variety of colors than the Lantana. It is yearly becoming more extensively cultivated, so that it ranks as an important plant. We have twelve distinct varieties to select from.

LILIES.

25c. each; \$2.50 per doz.



LILIUM AURATUM.

Lilium Auratum.—Golden-banded Japan Lily. The finest of all. Fragrant.



HARRISSII, BASTER LILY.

Harrissii, Easter Lily.—This beautiful Lily was introduced a few years ago from Bermuda. The flowers are large, trumpetshaped, pure waxy white. The fragrance is delightful.

Lilium Lancifolium.-Trumpet-shaded; white. One of the

Lilium Candidum .- The old white Lily.

Lilium Roseum and Rubrum.—The hardiest of all; fragrant; good for pot culture; white and rose; bears three to twelve flowers.

LOBELIAS.

5c. each; 5oc. per doz.

The prettiest of blue-flowering plants, with delicate foliage and a profusion of flowers; admirable for baskets.

Compacta.-Blue; the best bedding variety.

Gracilis .- Blue; trailing; for baskets.

LINUM FLAVUM.

A beautiful dwarf-growing plant. The flower somewhat resembles the Nierembergia, but is of a beautiful bright golden-yellow color. It blooms in abundance, both Winter and Summer. Price, 15c. and 25c. each.

MANETTIA VINE.

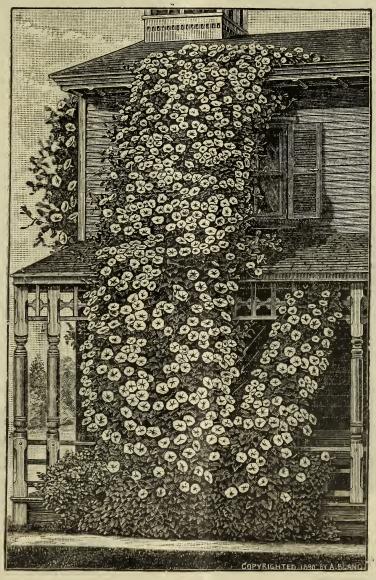
10c. to 25c. each.

A beautiful free-growing vine with small tubular-shaped flowers of a rich, fiery scarlet color shading off into a bright yellow at tip of flower. It commences to bloom when very small and flowers continually. A valuable plant for small trellises, vases or baskets.

MOONFLOWER.

IMPOMŒA (OR CALONYCTION) GRANDIFLORA.

roc. each; \$1.00 per doz.



Thousands of this beautiful flower have been sold the past season.

If planted out in rich ground, in a situation where it has full exposure to the sun, it will attain a height of 30 to 40 feet. It is called ting a rich, jasmine-like odor.

HARDY VINES AND SHRUBS.

See Nursery Department in this Catalogue.

NASTURTIUM.

Price, 5c. each; 5oc per doz.

These will always be valuable Summer-flowering plants, for the reason that they stand any amount of heat and drought, growing vigorously and flowering freely, no matter bow high the thermometer may record.

Yellow Tom Thumb.

King of Tom Thumbs.—Crimson scarlet.

Empress of India.—Brilliant crimson. It ranks far ahead of all others.

NIEREMBERGIA GRACILIS.

A pretty bedding plant of good habit and delicate foliage; flowers light blue, with dark centre; ever-blooming 5c each; 5oc. per doz.

OTHONNA GRASSIFOLIA.

In habit it somewhat resembles some varieties of our Sedums. It is a fine plant for baskets or vases. It has small, bright yellow tassel-like flowers, which are borne in great profusion. It stands the hottest sun. 5c. each; 50c. per doz.

OXALIS.

Florabunda Alba.—An ever-blooming variety, used for pots and baskets; white flowers

Rosea.-Similar to above, with rose-colored flowers.

Ortgiesi.—A new variety from Peru, growing a foot or more in height. The upper side of leaf is olive green, the under side purple. Constant bloomer; flowers yellow. 10c. each; \$1.00 per doz.

PETUNIAS.

Few plants will give better satisfaction where a mass of flowers is desired than the Petunias, especially the single varieties. They flower from the time thep are planted in the Spring until killed by frost. The double varieties are very fine, but do not flower as freely as the single.



PETUNIA, DOUBLE.

Petunia, Double.—Named varieties. roc. each; \$1.00 per doz.

Petunia, Single, Fringed.—Mixed colors. 5c. each; 5oc. per doz.

PINKS (Hardy).

Alba Fimbriata.—Fringed white.

Alba Multiflora.—Pure white; fragrant.

Coccinea.—Very fine; scarlet. 200. each; \$2.00 per doz.

PLUMBAGO.

The Plumbagos are desirable on account of their beautiful shades of blue, a color by no means too common among our flowering plants.

Capensis .- Light blue. 10c. each; \$1 00 per doz.

PHLOX.

Drummondii.—All colors; strong plants. 50: each; 500: perdoz.

Hardy .- See Nursery Department in this catalogue.

PASSAFLORAS (Passion Vine).

A beautiful class of rapid growing climbing plants, well adapted for house culture in Winter, or for training over porches, etc., in Summer.

Constance Elliot.—The flowers are pure white, excepting a very slight coloring at the base of the corolla. To the list of cut flowers and climbing vines it is a decided acquisition.

Corules.—A rapid growing vine with very singular purplish flowers, nearly two inches in diameter. 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.

PANSY.

This plant has received special selection and culture, so that the stock offered can be relied on as embracing the best from foreign and domestic collections, comprising the various shades of color, with flowers of the largest size and fine form. 5c. each; 5oc. perdox.; \$3 50 per 100.

PRIMROSE, CHINESE (Single, Red, White, etc.)

One of the finest Winter blooming plants, the single varieties blooming more profusely than the double sorts, and of easier culture. They are especially adapted for window gardening, giving an abundance of bloom during the Winter months. Care should be taken, however, not to keep them too wet. 200. each; \$2.00 per doz.

PALMS, DRACENAS AND OTHER DECIDUOUS PLANTS.

Dracena Indivisa —Of all the plants in use for centers of vases, baskets, or for beds, nothing is so valuable as this. From its graceful habit it is sometimes called the Fountain Plant. We have a large stock of these plants, therefore offer them low. Price, 20c., 35c. and 50c. each.



PANDANUS UTILIS.

Pandanus Utilis (Screw Pine).—So called from the arrangement of the leaves on the stem. It is a beautiful plant, well adapted for vases, etc. Price, 25c., 5oc. and 75c. each.

Dracena Terminalis .-- 50c. to \$1.00 each.

Areca Lutescens.-Very graceful. 25c. to \$8.00 each.

Latania Borbonica.—Fan Palm. Large, deeply-divided leaves. It is of easy cultivation. Price, 25c. to \$4.50.

Pandanus Veitchii.—Same as the above, only more vigorous and leaves striped creamy white. \$1.50 and \$4.00 each.

Cycas Revoluta.—A very erect and fine variety. 75c. to \$5.00 each.



COCA WEODRIJANA.

Coca Weddeliana.—Very fine leaves; dark green color and bright. 25c. and \$1.00 each.

Kentia Belimoriana.—High-growing graceful palms. 50c. to \$10.00 each.

COLLECTION OF HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES.

This class of Roses is admirably suited for garden culture, or the formation of Rose beds, where hardy varieties of Roses are desired. They range in color from the purest white to the deepest crimson, with all the intermediate shadings of pink, blush, cherry, carmine and peach, but no yellow has thus far been produced. The term "perpetual" might lead some to think that they are constant bloomers. This is not the case. They flower freely in June, and at short intervals during the Summer and Fall. Price, in 4-inch pots, 25c. each, \$2.50 per doz.; in 5 inch pots, 30c. to 35c. each, \$3.00 to \$3.50 per doz.

Anna de Diesbach.-Brilliant crimson; very full and sweet.

Baron Prevost.—Beautiful bright rose, shaded crimson.

Baroness Rothschild .- Very large; pale pink.

Charles Turner.-Rose.

Coquette des Alps.—White, tinged with pale rose.

Captain Christy.—Beautiful flesh color.

Coquette des Blanches.-White, tinged pink; a fine variety.

Duchess de Caylus.—Deep, rich crimson.

Duke of Edinburg.-Vermilion.

Gen. Jaqueminot.—Dark red. Best of the hybrids.

Julus Margotten. — Bright cherry red; an old standard variety.

John Hopper.-Dark shade of pink.

Magna Charta.—Brilliant dark pink, suffused with carmine.

Marie Bauman.—Carmine-crimson.

Mad Alf. Carriere.-Pure white.

Miss Anna Wood.—Bright red.

Mme. Plantiere -Pure white; very double.

Pæony.-Clear cherry red; brilliant; good grower.

Pius Ninth.-Velvet scarlet.

Paul Neron.-Deep rose; size of flower the largest of all roses.

Prince Camille de Rohan.—Deep crimson; large.

Pirre Guillot.—Bright dark crimson.

Triumph de Exposition.-Crimson-red.

Triumph de Ames.-Bright pink.



ULRICH BRUNNER.

Ulrich Brunner.-Crimson scarlet.

NOISETTE, OR CLIMBING ROSES.

Carolina Manais.—Pure white.

Crimson Rambler.—Red.

Gloire de Dijon .- Rich, creamy amber.

Mecrophila.—Creamy white

Lady Washington .- Pure white.

Tennessee Belle. - Red.

Yellow Rambler .- Yellow and white.

Price, in 5-inch pots, 25c. to 50c. each; \$2.50 to \$4.00 per doz.

COLLECTION OF EVER-BLOOMING ROSES.

This class of Roses are nearly all hardy south of Washington, and even in the Northern States they can be kept through the Winter out of doors, if protected by a covering of three or four inches of dry leaves. The Ever-Blooming Roses are deservedly the most popular, as their delicious fragrance, delicate tints of color, easy culture and wonderful profusion of bloom, make the humblest garden beautiful Although we do not offer as long a list as some, yet our stock, in quality and condition, is unequaled.

Price, in 4-inch pots, 25c. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Price, in 6-inch pots, 30c. each, \$3.00 per doz.

American Beauty.—Rich carmine-crimson.

Antoine Verdier.—Brilliant dark pink.

Agrippina.—Brilliant fiery red; profuse bloomer.

Bon Silene.—Deep rose color; very fragrant; a fine sort. Bridesmaid.—Waxy pink; handsome and durable flower.

Catherine Mermet .- Very fine; pale pink.

Devoniensis.—Creamy white, pink center.

Duchess de Brabant.—An old variety; unexcelled by any in its color, which is soft rosy flesh.

Duchess of Edinburg.—Deep glowing crimson.

Duchess de Thuringe.—Beautiful silvery rose.

Etoile de Lyon.—Brilliant chrome-yellow.

Kaiserin.—Beautiful cream-white.



LA FRANCE.

La France.—Beautiful satiny pink; very fragrant.

La Pactol.—Pale sulphur yellow.

Louis Richard .- Rich coppery rose.

London.-White tinged rose.

Marie Guillot —A splendid rose; pure white; the best white outdoor rose grown.

Marie Lambert.-Creamy pink.

Mme. Camille -Delicate rosy flesh.

Mme. Bravy.-White, with pinkish centre.

Mme Devacot -Bright canary yellow.

Mme Lambard.—Beautiful rose color.

Mme. de Watteville.-White and pink tinge.

Marie Van Houttee.-White, slightly tinged yellow.

Mme. Margotten.—Dark citron yellow, faintly tinged with pink.

Perle des Jardins.—Rich shade yellow.

Pink Daily .- Light pink.

Papa Gontier - Dark pink, large and pointed buds.

Safrano.-Buff color, tinted yellow.

Sunset.-Saffron-yellow.

Souv. de la Malmaison.—Rich flesh color; very double.

The Bride .- Pure white.

POLYANTHA ROSES.

A class of Roses of much value for bedding purposes, as they form a mass of bloom. They are dwarf in habit, and are in bloom the entire season. The Polyantha Roses are hardy in this latitude, with slight protection.

Little Pet .- Beautiful, white, fine form.

Price, 2½-inch pots, 10c. each, \$1.00 per doz.; 4-inch pots, 20c. each, \$2.00 per doz.; 5-inch pots, 35c. each, \$3 50 per doz.

STEVIA.

White Winter blooming plants of great value; vigorous growth and free flowering. Small plants, 10c. each; \$1.00 per doz. Large plants, 20c. each; \$2.00 per doz.

Compacta.-Snow-white flowers; Winter bloomer.

Serrata Variegata.—Leaves edged with white; largely employed in ribbon gardening.

THUNBERGIA (Climber).

Very desirable for vase plants, blooming incessantly. White, buff and orange flowers, with black eyes. 5c. each; 5oc. per doz.

TORENIA ASIATICA.

An exquisite tropical, soft-wood plant, producing a profusion of waxy, porcelain-blue flowers, tipped with rich, violet-purple, in constant succession. It is well adapted for vases, hanging-baskets, rock-work, etc. 5c. each; 50c per doz.

SALVIAS (Scarlet Sage).

A very showy class of plants, blooming successively from July until frost. They thrive best in rich, light soil.

Marmorata Nana.—A neat dwarf grower. Flowers marbled scarlet and white.

Patens .- A beautiful variety, with bright blue flowers.

Splendens.—One of the finest of Fall-blooming plants, being completely covered in Autumn with long spikes of dazzling scarlet flowers. 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.

TUBEROSE, DOUBLE.

One of the most delightfully fragrant and beautiful of the Summer flowering bulbs, throwing up tall spikes of double white flowers three to five feet high, which remain in bloom a long period. For flowering in the open borders they can be planted about the first of May; they will then bloom in September. 3c. each; 25c. per doz.

VERBENA.

The Verbena is one of the most beautiful of all the flowering plants, suitable for forming beds on the lawn. It commences to flower and spread from the first day the plants are set until late in the Autumn, every day becoming better and more handsome. The improper growing of plants has checked the popularity of this useful flower to some extent, for it has been difficult in many places to secure healthy plants. We have one house expressly adapted for the Verbena, which, with care, enables us to grow plants as robust as seedlings. Our Verbena plants are as strong and healthy as can be found in the country. Price, in 2½-inch pots, 5c. each; 5oc. per doz; \$3.50 per 100.

VIOLET.

Marie Louise .- Double ; deep violet blue ; fragrant.

Neapolitan.-Light blue; large; double; fragrant.

Queen Victoria.—The largest single-flowering sort; deep blue: very fragrant and free; a good forcing variety; an abundant bloomer and perfectly hardy. Price, 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.

Trees, Plants and Flowers.

For the Lawn and Farm.-Special Price Given in Quantities.

We give the most careful attention to this branch of our business, as our senior member has devoted over thirty-five years to propagating nursery stock to the highest point of success.

Our stock we can recommend as being in an excellent condition during the past season, having made an excellent growth, with smooth clean bark and numerous fibre roots; so, when transplanted, they will continue to grow rapidly and unquestionably with satisfaction to our patrons.

Select thrifty young trees in preference to old or very large ones. The roots are more tender and fibrous, and they will bear transplanting better and are far more apt to live. They can also be more easily trimmed and shaped to any desired form, and in the course of a few years will usually outstrip the older ones in growth.

FRUIT-BEARING TREES AND SHRUBS may be planted as well for shade and ornament as for the flavor of their products. This department, therefore, receives a large part of our attention, and we endeavor, by a thorough system of pruning, carried on from infancy, to present to our customers handsome and healthy specimens. Great care is taken to insure trees, etc., true to name. Avoiding a long list, which only puzzles the purchaser, we endeavor to grow the best sorts, and to introduce new varieties whenever fully tested and approved.

PLANTING.—Dig holes, in the first place, large enough to admit the roots of the trees to spread out in their natural position, then let one person hold it in an upright position and another shovel in the earth, carefully putting the finest and best so.l from the surface in among the roots, and bring every root in contact with the soil, then fill in and tread gently with the foot. The use of water is seldom necessary, except in dry weather early in the Fall or late in the Spring. Guard against planting too deep; the trees, after the ground settles, should stand in this respect as they did in the nursery. In very dry, gravely ground, the holes should be dug twice the usual size and depth and filled in with good, loamy soil.

APPLES.

Every farmer ought to have an orchard of this delicious fruit; always pays well if taken care of. We are offering nothing but such trees as will thrive well and bear in this section of the country.

Plant 30 feet apart each way, 48 trees to the acre.

Price for extra large trees, 6 to 8 ft., 25c. each; \$2.00 per doz.; \$8.00 per 100.

SUMMER.

Astrachan Red.—Large, crimson, handsome; juicy, rich, acid. Early.

American Summer Pearmain.—Medium; oblong; striped and dotted with red; tender, juicy and rich. Late.

Early Harvest (Yellow Harvest).—Medium to large; pale yellow: mild and excellent. Early.

Porter.—Medium to large; yellow, handsome, juicy, spicy and excellent; one of the very best. Late.

Red Bletigheimer.—Of German origin; very large; roundish; light yellow, nearly covered with red; flesh, white; tree a heavy bearer; one of the largest apples.

Summer Haglos.—Large; whitish yellow, striped and splashed with red; juicy, sub-acid; an excellent culinary and table variety. Medium.

Sweet Bough.—Lage; pale yellow; tender and sweet; profitable for market. Early.

Yellow Transparent.—The earliest of all apples, ripening fully ten days in advance of Early Harvest; medium size; light yellow, juicy and of excellent quality. Tree a good grower, very prolific and a remarkably early bearer.

AUTUMN.

Fall Pippin.—Very large; golden yellow; mellow and rich.

Gravenstein —Large; yellow, striped with red and orange; crisp, juicy, high flavored; profitable. Medium.

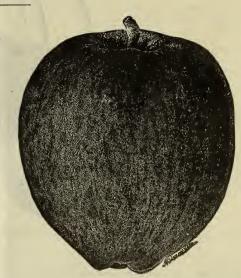
Maiden's Blush.—Large; yellow, with pink cheek; fine-grained, rich and juicy; profitable. Early.

Townsend.—Large; yellow and red; tender, mild and pleasant. Late.

WINTER.

American Golden Russet (Sheepnose).—Small; clear golden russet; very tender, juicy and rich; desirable for home use. Early.

Baldwin.—Large; deep, dull red; juicy and fine flavored; one of the best in Northern sections, but ripens too early here. Early.



BELLFLOWER.

Bellflower.—Yellow; oblong; skin smooth; pale yellow; flesh tender, juicy, crisp; very good. November to January.

Ben Davis.—Large; conical; yeliowish, nearly covered with red; pretty but of medium quality; extra keeper and shipper; prolific, profitable. Medium.

Cooper's Market — Medium; conical; red: beautiful and of fair quality; valuable on account of its great productiveness, long-keeping qualities and handsome appearance; very valuable. Late.

Fallawater.—Very large; greenish yellow; fair; medium quality; extra keeper; productive and profitable. Early.

Langford.—An invaluable Winter apple of fine flavor; superior keeping qualities. Fruit medium to large, roundish, yellow, striped and nearly covered with bright red; flesh firm, juicy, mild, subacid. Tree strong grower and bearer.

Mann.—Large, roundish oblate; greenish yellow, slightly mottled and with dull blush on one side; keeps firm till late in Spring; quality good. Tree upright and very hardy; an early and abundant hearer. Nero.—Medium to large; dark red; crisp and sub-acid; good and regular bearer, and splendid keeper. One of the few Winter apples that do really well in New Jersey. Late.

Newtown Pippin, Green —Fruit medium; roundish; color dull green with a faint, dull, brownish blush on one side, dotted with small gray spots; flesh greenish white, very juicy, crisp, with a fine flavor. This is one of the finest keeping apples, and is in eating from December to May.

Northern Spy.—Fruit large, roundish oblate, conical; greenish or pale yellow in the sun, covered with light and dark stripes of purplish red; flesh white, fine grained, tender, slightly sub-acid. One of the best. November to May.

Ridge Pippin.—Large'; yellow; firm; crisp with a sugary flavor. Good bearer and keeper. Medium.

Roman Stem.—Medium; yellow; spotted with brown dots; tender and juicy. A valuable variety in light soil. Early.

Spitzenberg (Esopus).—Large; brilliant red; rich, juicy, with a spicy and delicious flavor. A good bearer. Late.

Smokehouse.—Medium to large; yellow, shaded with red; firm, crisp and juicy. Early.

Wealthy.—Medium; brilliant light red; sub-acid, with a vinous flavor. A thrifty grower and good early bearer.

Wine Sap.—Medium; dark red; medium quality; keeps well; productive and profitable. Late

York Imperial.—Medium to Large; whitish, shaded with crimson; firm, crisp, juicy, sub-acid, good. Very productive.

CRAB APPLES.

For ornament, also very valuable for preserving. Price 35c each; \$2.50 per dos.; \$10.00 per 100.

Hyslop.—Large; deep red, with blue bloom. Season, November and December.

Large Yellow Siberian.—Fruit large; roundish oval, flatened at base and crown; light, clear, yellow, often inclining to amber. Season, September to October.



NAPOLEON BIGARREAU.

CHERRIES.

The Cherry succeeds well on dry soils, and is susceptible of being trained in any form that taste or circumstances may require.

For door-yards, where shade and ornament are taken into account, Standards of the free-growing sort, with erect habit and large foliage, are the most suitable; also for lanes and ornamental purposes.

HEARTS AND BIGARREAUS.

Plant 20 to 25 feet apart each way; about 100 to the acre.

Price—First-class trees, 5 to 6 feet high, 40 cents each; \$4 00 per doz.; \$25.00 per hundred.

Black Eagle.—Fruit medium; obtuse heart shaped; skin, deep purple, or nearly black; flesh deep purple, tender, with a rich, high-flavored juice; branches strong, with large leaves.

Black Tartarian.—Large, purplish black; flavor mild and pleasant. Tree remarkably vigorous, erect and beautiful, and an immense bearer. One of the most popular varieties. Late.

Elton.—Large; pale yellow, spotted with red; juicy, rich, excellent. Medium.

Gov Wood.-Large; light yellow, shaded with bright red; juicy, rich, delicious. Medium.

Napoleon Bigarreau.—Very large; pale yellow and red; very firm, juicy and sweet; vigorous grower and very productive. One of the best. Late.

DUKES AND MORELLOS.

Plant 15 to 18 feet apart each way.

Price-First-class trees, 40c each; \$4.00 per doz.; \$25.00 per 100.

Belle Magnifique.—Large; light red; juicy; tender; subacid. Valuable for cooking, and a good table fruit when fully ripe. Late.

Early Richmond—Medium; red; melting, juicy, rich, acid; very popular and profitable; unsurpassed for cooking purposes. Medium.

English Morello.—Medium to large; dark red; rich, acid, juicy, hardy and productive. Very late.

May Duke.—Medium; dark red; juicy and rich; an old and excellent variety. Early.

PEARS-STANDARDS.

The following list includes most of those which have been well tested and proved valuable. Plant 20 to 25 feet apart each way; about 100 trees to the acre.

Price, 40c. each; \$4.00 per doz.; \$20.00 per 100.

SUMMER.

Bartlett.—Large; clear yellow; buttery, juicy, high-flavored.

A strong grower and early and regular bearer. Late.

Brandywine.—Medium; russet yellow, with warm, red cheek; juicy, rich, sugary, with a fine aroma; of best quality. A vigorous grower and good bearer. Late.

Clapp's Favorite—Very large; yellowish green, marbled with dull red in the sun; vinous, melting and rich. Rots at the core unless picked early. Medium.

Lawson, or Comet—A variety claimed to be the earliest large pear. Of good size; bright yellow, with a brilliant vermilion cheek; of fairly good quality; a good shipper, and very productive.

AUTUMN.

Beurre D'Anjou.—Large; russetty yellow, with red cheek; rich, melting and of excellent flavor; productive and profitable-Late.

Flemish Beauty.—Large; greenish yellow, much russetted, with dull blush on sunny side. Rich and melting, and very productive. Early.

Le Conte.—Large; greenish yellow, smooth, waxen skin; flesh white, juicy, and of better quality than Kieffer; of tremendous growth, excelling even the Kieffer; an early and prolific bearer. Middle of Autumn.

Seckel—Small; rich, yellowish brown; one of the best and highest flavored pears known; of slow growth; productive and valuable. Medium.

Sheldon - Medium; yellowish russet; juicy, melting; one of the best, Medium.

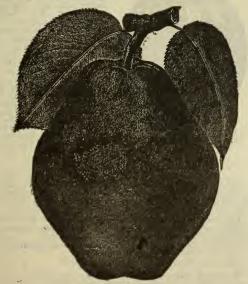
WINTER.

Duchess D'Angouleme.—Very large; greenish yellow, russet spots; juicy, rich sweet and fine. A vigorous upright grower, and bears well. Early.

Kleffer's Hybrid.—Large; rich golden yellow, with carmine cheek; of medium quality; superior to all other pears for canning. Tree of remarkably strong growth, and commencing to bear extremely early: an annual and abundant bearer; believed to be exempt from blight. Late Autumn.

Lawrence.—Medium; light yellow, with rich, fine flavor; reliable and productive; the best Winter pear. Early.

Vicar of Wakefield.—Very large; yellow; juicy; of good quality. A good keeper and very productive. Late.



KIEFFER'S HYBRID.

DWARF PEARS.

Plant 8 to 10 feet apart each way. About 500 to the acre.

First class, 40c. each; \$4.00 per doz.; \$18.00 per 100.

Bartlett .- For description, see Standards.

Beurre D'Anjou.-For description, see Standards.

Buffum.—Medium; deep yellow, shaded with russety red; buttery and sweet; a vigorous upright grower. Early Autumn.

Clapp's Favorite. - For description, see Standards.

Doyenne D'Ete.—Small; yellowish; melting and sweet; vigorous and productive. Early Summer.

Duchess D'Angouleme.—The best dwarf. For description, see Standards.

Howell.—Rather large; very handsome, of very good quality. Middle of Autumn.

Louise Bonne de Jersey.—Large; greenish yellow, with a beautiful russety brown cheek; melting, juicy, rich; and abundant bearer as a dwarf. Late Autumn.

Manning's Elizabeth.—Small, yellow, with bright red cheek, dotted with brown, juicy and melting, a beautiful dessert fruit. Tree a heavy annual bearer, of only moderate growth. Early Summer.

Rutter.—Medium to large, rough, greenish-yellow, sprinkled with russet, juicy, melting, sweet, slightly vinous, of good quality and a good bearer. Early winter.

Seckel .- For description, see Standards.

Vicar of Wakefield .- For description, see Standards.

PEACHES.

Plant out orchards, and get the benefit while others wait. A warm, sandy soil is best, but stronger soils, dry and thoroughly worked, will grow them well; keep the ground clean and mellow around the trees, and give it an occasional dressing of wood ashes and high-grade fertilizers.

Plant 15 to 20 feet apart each way, 110 to 200 trees to the acre.

First-class trees, 4 to 6 feet, 15c. each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$7.00 per 100.

EXTRA EARLY.

Alexander.—Large, deep maroon, handsomely shaded; rich and good; the best extra early Peach.

Troth's Early -Medium; red; flesh white, juicy and rich. Productive.

EARLY.

Crawford's Early.—Very large; yellow and red; flesh yel low, juicy, sweet and excellent.

Mountain Rose.—Large; white, washed with red; very sweet and juicy; reliable and profitable; one of the best early peaches.

MEDIUM.

Mary's Choice.—Medium to large; yellow, shaded with red; tender, good; excellent for shipping. First of September.

Old Mixon Free —Large; white and red; flesh white, tender, with a fine, rich, vinous flavor; very popular and reliable.

Stump the World.—Similar to Old Mixon, but two weeks later; one of the best.

LATE

Crawford's Late.—Really a superb yellow peach; very large, with red cheek; rich and sprightly; reliable and popular everywhere.

Globe.—Uniformly of enormous size, measuring nine to fourteen inches around; golden yellow, with a blush cheek and of finest quality; tree a strong grower and inclined to be over-productive. September.

Reeves' Favorite.—Very large; yellow, with fine red cheek; handsome; flesh deep yellow; juicy, with vinous flavor.

Ward's Late Free.—Similar to Old Mixon Free, but nearly a month later.

VERY LATE.

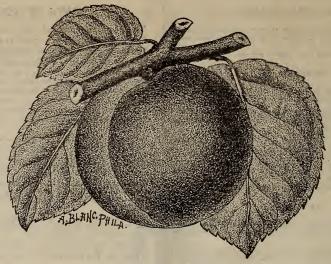
Beer's Smock (Smock Free).—Medium to large; yellow and dull red; flesh yellow, dry, but good, reliable and prolific.

Bilyew's October (Bilyew's Comet).—Large; white, with red cheek; flesh white, sweet and excellent.

Chair's Choice (New).—Of largest size; deep yellow, with red cheek; flesh very firm; unsurpassed either as a dessert fruit or canned; a strong grower and heavy bearer. Ripens five days before Smock.

Ford's Late (New).—Very late, ripening after Smock and Salway; large and beautiful; has proven a most valuable peach in New Jersey

Stephen's Rareripe —An old favorite. Large; white; of good quality; an excellent late canning variety.



ABUNDANCE, OR BOTAN.

PLUMS.

A rich, strong soil suits the Plum. Good cultivation and regular fertilizing are required. If black knot should appear, cut out at once and burn. The curculio must be closely watched during the formation of the fruit Every morning jar down on sheets both insects and stung fruit and destroy both.

Plant 15 to 20 feet apart each way.

Price-First-class trees, 4 to 6 feet high, 40c. each; \$4.00 per doz.; \$20.00 per 100.

German Prune.—Medium, long, oval, purple, juicy, rich, sweet; very productive and popular. Medium.

Imperial Gage.—Large, oval, greenish, juicy, rich and de-licious; one of the best growers; productive and best of Plums. Early.

Lombard.—Medium oval, violet-red, juicy, pleasant and good; tree vigorous and a great bearer. Medium.

Reine Claude.—Large, roundish oval, greenish, shaded red; fine flavor; very prolific and popular. Late.

Yellow Egg.—Large, oval, yellow; flesh yellow, juicy and rich; an excellent and profitable variety. Early.

Abundance, or Botan [Japan Variety]—Fruit large, showy, rich amber changing to bright cherry color; flesh light yellow, juicy, sweet and tender; very productive.

Burbank [Japan Variety].—Bright cherry-red with clear lilac bloom; flesh deep yellow with sweet, peculiar and agreeable flavor; tree strong grower, beginning to bear the second year.

Ogon [Japan Variety].—Bright golden yellow; flesh firm, sweet, rich and dry; ripens early; good cropper.

Satsuma [Japan Variety] —Fruit large; color dark purplish-red; flesh firm and well-flavored; one of the best Japan sorts.

APRICOTS.

The Apricot is one of the most beautiful and delicious fruits, and its value is greatly enhanced by the season of its ripening—between cherries and peaches. Soil and cultivation same as Peaches. Plant 15 feet apart each way. First-class, 25c. each; \$2.50 per doz.

Moorpark.—Fruit very large; yellow and red; flesh yellow, rather firm, rich, sweet and juicy; tree vigorous and prolific, but rather a short, stout grower. Late.

QUINCES.

The Quince is very highly esteemed for making marmalade, preserves, and giving additional flavor to Apples, Pears, &c.
A rich, mellow soil, good culture and animal manuring are requisite to success. Keep branches and fruit thinned. Plant 12 feet

apart each way.

Champion.—Very large; pear shaped; of a lively yellow color; flesh tender, and free from hard lumps so common in other quinces; equal to the Orange variety in flavor and odor; ripens about two weeks later; stout growth; regular bearer. Two years, three to four feet, 40c. each; \$4.00 per doz.; \$18.00 per 100.

Meech's Prolific.—A newly introduced variety, of strong growth; productive, large, resembling the Champion in shape, but earlier, ripening between that variety and the Orange Quince, but excelling by far even the Champion in productiveness and vigor of growth. 3 to 4 feet; 50c. each; \$5.00 per doz.

Orange, or Apple.—The best known and most popular of all Quinces. Large; rich golden yellow; productive and of best quality. 3 to 4 feet, well branched, 40c. each; \$4.00 per doz.; \$18.00 per 100. Extra, 4 to 6 feet, 50c. each; \$5.00 per doz.

Paragon.—Tree rapid, upright grower; immensely productive, commencing to bear when very young; nuts large size. Trees, 3 feet, 75c. each; 4 to 6 feet, \$1.00 each.

Hickory, Shellbark.—Nuts thin-shelled, sweet and excellent. A noble and valuable tree for fruit, ornament or timber. 2 feet, 25c. each; 10 to 12 feet, \$1.00 each.

Walnut, Black.—The common, well-known black walnut; valuable both for its wood and fruit. 2 to 3 feet, 20c. each; 6 to 8 feet, 50c. each; \$4.00 per doz



WALNUT, BNGLISH, OR MADBIRA NUT.

Walnut, English or Madeira Nut.—The thin-shelled variety which are sold at our fruit stands. Unlike our American varieties, the fruit falls from the husks when ripe. Tree of lofty, vigorous-growth, and valuable for its wood as well as fruit. 2 to 3 feet, 25c. each; \$2 50 per doz. 4 to 6 feet, 50c. each; \$4.00 per dez.

Walnut, White, or Butternut.—The nuts of this variety differ from those of the Black Walnut in being longer, sweeter and of more delicate flavor. Valuable for its wood 2 feet, 25c. each; \$2.50 per doz. 6 to 8 feet, 50c. each; \$4.00 per doz.

GRAPES.

The Grape is assuming an importance second to no fruit except the apple, and, consequently, we continue to give it the prominence it deserves. Our facilities for its propagation are ample, and our list is replete with the best old and new varieties.

The Grape comes quickly in bearing, yielding fruit usually the third year after planting, requires but little space, and when properly trained, is an ornament to the garden or vineyard.

The soil for the Grape should be dry, and when not naturally so-should be thoroughly drained before planting.

Plant 8 to 10 feet apart.

Wyoming Red.—Light red; medium; fine quality; strong grower, productive and ripens a week before Concord. Valuable for market. 2 years, 25c. each; \$2.50 per doz.



Niagara.—Large, greenish white; slightly ambered in the sun; skin thin, but tough; quality good, with a peculiar flavor and aroma of its own. Ripens early, but can be left on the vine till frost without shriveling in the least. Enormously productive and a regular bearer. 2 years, 25c. each; \$2 50 per doz.

™Pocklington.—Of a beautiful golden color, with bunch and berries very large; of most attractive appearance; quality good; vine of strong growth, hardy and mildew-resisting. Medium. 2 years; 25c. each; \$2.50 per doz.

Concord.—The most extensively planted and generally successful Grape in America. Black; bunch and berries large; excellent quality; vine very healthy, hardy and productive. Medium. 2 years, 20c. each; \$1.50 per doz; \$8.00 per 100.

Moore's Early.—The earliest good, black grape; bunch large; berry very large; equal in quality to Concord; a good, fair grower and hearer. Early. 2 years, 25c. each; \$2 50 per doz.

Worden.—Black; an improved Concord; larger in bunch and berry, of better quality, and nearly two weeks earlier. Early. 2 years, 25c. each; \$2 50 per doz.

CURRANTS.

The Currant is certainly deserving of more attention than it generally receives, being one of the most healthful and refreshing fruits in its season. No garden should be without an assortment, and, as a market fruit, it is universally popular and profitable, and will well repay the highest culture that can be bestowed upon it.

Plant four feet apart, in rich ground, cultivate well or mulch heavily, prune out old wood. If the currant worm appears, dust with tobacco dust or white hellebore.

Black Naples.—Very large; black; rich, tender and excellent for jams and jellies. 2 years, 15c. each; \$1 00 per doz.

Cherry.—Old and tried; very popular in market on account of its great size. Not as productive as others, 2 years, 15c. each; \$1.00 per doz.

Fay's Prolific.—A new variety of great value. Rich red; as large the Cherry, with larger bunches, and enormously productive. 2 years, 15c. each; \$1 00 per doz.

White Grape.—Large; mild; of excellent quality, and productive. Best of the white varieties for home use and market. 2 years, 15C.; \$1.00 per doz.

RASPBERRIES.

Plant in rows five feet apart, and three or four feet in rows, on good soil, and maoure every year. Cut out all old wood each year, leaving three or four canes of the young growth for fruit next year. Treat all suckers as weeds. A good paying fruit for market.

Cuthbert.—Perhaps the best late red raspberry for market. Rich crimson; of excellent quality, and very large. Canes of strong, rugged growth, and very productive. Valuable for both home use and market. 50c. per doz; \$1.25 per 100: \$9.00 per 1,000.

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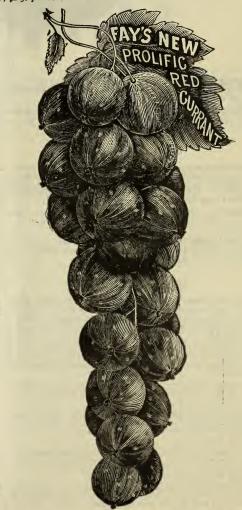
Golden Queen.—A seedling or sport of Cuthbert. Of largest size (exceeding even Cuthbert), great beauty, high quality, hardy and productive. Of beautiful amber color and very firm Ripens about mid-season. 50c. per doz.; \$2 00 per 100; \$12.00 per 1,000.

Marlboro.—Of largest size, great beauty and firmness; color a bright crimson; quality medium; a very strong grower, and exceedingly prolific. Early. 50c per doz.; \$1.25 per 100; \$9.00

per 1,000.

BLACK CAP VARIETIES.

Doolittle's Improved.—A popular early variety; valuable for home use and market. 50c. per doz.; \$1.00 per 100; \$8.00 per 1,000



CURRANTS.



INDUSTRY.

Gregg.—Very large; of good quality; meaty and firm; canes are of strong growth and very prolific. The best late Black Cap. 50c. per doz.; \$1 50 per 100; \$10.00 per 1,000.

Ohio, or Alden.—Large; of excellent flavor; firm, and enormously productive; canes hardy and strong, upright growth. 50c. per doz.; \$1.50 per 100; \$12.00 per 1,000.

GOOSEBERRIES.

This fruit is of importance, being highly valued in its green state for pies, tarts, puddings, &c. The Gooseberry requires a deep soil, well manured, and if inclined to be dry should be mulched to retain its moisture. The bushes should be thoroughly thinned and pruned to obtain large, fine fruit.

"Industry.—Very large; red; of fine quality and excellent flavor. A new English variety; promises to succeed here. 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.

"Smith's Improved.—Large; yellowish-green; of excellent quality. Bush of spreading growth and exceedingly prolific. 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.

STRAWBERRIES.

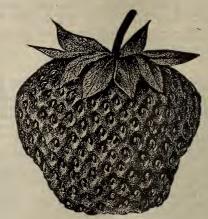
For field culture, plant r by 4 feet apart. For garden culture, plant r by 2 feet apart. Any rich soil that will produce good corn or potatoes is suitable for the Strawberry. Early in the Winter, cover the entire surface with litter of some kind, to keep the plants from being injured by freezing. There is no canger of putting on too much between the rows, but the plants themselves must not be covered too deep. From two to three inches of coarse straw is probably the best covering. When growth commences, remove the covering from directly over the plants, and leave it between them for a month.

Charles Downing.—One of the best old sorts. For beauty, size, quality and productiveness it has scarcely an equal. 30c. per doz; 75c. per 100; \$2.50 per 1,000.

Crescent Seeding (P.).—Medium to large; bright scarlet; uniform in size and shape, and of medium quality. Good shipper. It is the most productive variety grown. 3oc. per doz.; 75c. per 100; \$2.50 per 1,000.

Gandy.—This is the best late Strawberry introduced. It is two weeks later than the Sharpless. Berries are large and of bright crimson color. Very handsome and showy, and of superior quality. 30c. per doz.; 75c. per 100; \$2.50 per 1,000.

Sharpless.—Very large, moderately firm, of good quality, and productive. Plants of enormous size and free from disease Deservedly the most popular of all Strawberries. 30c. per doz.; 75c. per 100; \$2 50 per 1,000.



BUBACH.

Bubach.—A superior variety in every respect. Of large size and great productiveness. Medium early. Color, bright red. 30c. per doz.; 75c. per 100; \$2.50 per 1,000.

Kentucky.—Plant a most robust grower, healthy and prolific. 50c. per doz.; 75c. per 100; \$2 50 per 1,000.

ESCULENT ROOTS.

ASPARAGUS, CONOVER'S COLOSSAL.

The soil for Asparagus should be of a light, sandy loam. For permanent beds, should be thoroughly manured and trenched to a depth of at least two feet. Plant in rows, three feet apart, and one foot between the plants in the rows. Spread the roots well out, and let the crown of the plant be covered about six or eight inches when established.

Two-year-old Roots-6oc. per 100; \$3.00 1,000.

RHUBARB LINNÆUS.

Plant in Fall or Spring, in deep, rich soil, about three feet apart each way.

Single crown—10c, each; \$1 00 per doz.; \$2.50 per 100. Large clumps—25c. each.



BLACKBERRIES.

A well-known fruit, indigenous to this country, and as it ripens just as raspberries are gone, when there is a great scarcity of small fruit, it is almost indispensable to every garden. Cultivate and plant same as raspberries.

Early Harvest .- The earliest of Blackberries. ductive, hardy and strong grower. 75c. per doz.; \$2.50 per 100; \$8.00 per 1,000. Erle.—A vigorous grower, hardier than Snyder, more productive than Lawton. Foliage clean and healthy, with no tendency to rust. Fruit larger than Wilson, of blunted, rounded shape, very attractive, and of best quality. In ripening, it closely follows Early Harvest and precedes Wilson's Early. 75c. per doz.; \$2.50 per 100; \$10.00 per 1,000.

Ornamental Department.

DECIDUOUS TREES.

Alder, European (Alnus Laciniata).—A very ornamental variety, with dark green and deeply-serrated foliage. 10 to 12 feet, 75c. each.

Ash, European (Fraxinus Excelsior).—A lofty tree, with pinnate foliage, full, spreading head and short, thick trunk. 8 to 10 feet, 50 cents each; \$5 per doz. 10 to 12 feet, 75c. each; \$7.50 per

Ash. Mountain, European (Sorbus-Aucubaria).-A very fine, hardy, rapid-growing ornamental tree of small size, with pinnate leaves, and covered with large clusters of bright, scarlet berries during Autumn. 6 to 8 feet, 50c. each; \$5 00 per doz. 10 to 12 feet, 75c. each.

Ash, Mountain, Oak-Leaved (S. Quercifolia).—A very handsome tree, with dark green, lobed leaves, covered underneath with silvery down. Very distinct and desirable 6 to 8 feet, 75c. each; to to 12 feet, \$1.00 each.

Beech, Purple-Leaved (F. Purpurea).—Resembling the European beech, with dark purple foliage One of the most conspicuous and effective ornamental trees. 6 to 7 feet, 75c. each. 7 to 8 feet, \$1.25 each.

Beech, American (Fagus Sylvatica).—Of medium size and compact form, with rich, glossy foliage. A beautiful and valuable shade tree. 6 to 8 feet, 50c. each; 8 to 10 feet, 75c.

shade tree. 6 to 8 feet, 50c. each; 8 to 10 feet, 75c.

Birch, Cut-Leaved (Betula Pendula Laciniata) —Beyond question one of the most popular of all weeping trees. Its tall, slender, yet vigorous growth, graceful drooping branches, silvery-white bark and delicately cut foliage, present a combination rarely met with in a single tree. 2 to 3 feet, 25c 4 to 6 feet, 75c. each.

Birch, White (Betula Alba) —A well-known tree of rapid growth, spray-like branches, and silvery-white bark. Effective in landscape, especially in Winter. 12 to 14 feet, \$1.50 each.

Buttonwood .- 10 to 12 feet, 50c. each.

Catalpa, Bungli.—A dwarf species from Japan, with a deep-green, glossy foliage. Gratted standard-high, it forms a beautiful round head, resembling a globe Must be seen to be appreciated. 7 to 8 feat, \$1.00 ach. 2-year-old heads.

Chestnut, Spanish (Castanæ Visca).—A very ornamental lawn and shade tree. See Nuts.

Elm, Broad Leaf .- 14 to 16 feet, 75c.

Elm, American, Broad-Leaved (U. Latifolia) .- 6 to 7 feet, 50c. each; \$4 00 per doz. 8 to 10 feet, \$1.00.

Ginko, or Maidenhair (Salisburia Adiantifolia).—A tall-cowing tree, with curious leaves of rare and unique beauty, and light refreshing color. 3 to 5 feet, 75c. each.

Horse Chestnut (*Esculus Hippocastanum*).—A beautiful, well-known tree, with round, dense head; large, dark-green, early foliage, and a profusion of showy, white flowers in May. 7 to 8 feet, 75c. each; 8 to 10 feet, \$100.

Judas, American.-8 to 10 feet, 75c.

Judas, Japan.-2 ft., 50c.

Koelreuteria Peniculata.—A picturesque, irregular-shaped tree from China; flowers, yellow, in large, erect terminal clusters, succeeded by singular balloon-like seed pods in Autumn. 14 to 16

Larch, European (Larix Europea).—An elegant, rapid-growing, pyramid tree, densely covered with delicate foliage. 4 to 5 feet, 50c. each; 6 to 8 feet, 75c. each.

Linden, American (Tilia Americana).—A native tree of rapid growth and large size, with large, heart-shaped leaves and fragrant, yellow flowers in June and July; one of the best shade trees; suitable for street or lawn planting. 6 feet, 50c. each; 8 to 10 feet, 75C.; 10 to 12 feet, \$1.00.

Liqudambar .- See Sweet Gum.



CATALPA BUNGII.

Maple, Norway.—(Acer Platanoides).—Of moderate growth while young; with large, dark green foliage, and with compact globular form. One of the best shade trees. 8 to 10 feet, \$1 00 each; \$9 00 per doz. 10 to 12 feet, \$1.25 each; \$12.00 per doz. 12 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to \$5.00 each.



MAPLE NORWAY.

Magnolia Conspicua.—One of the most beautiful of Chinese magnolia; of medium size, regular form and large, bright green leaves; flowers of fair size, Snow white, fragrant and open before the leaves. 2 feet, \$1.00 each.

Magnolia, Lennei.—A very showy, cup-shaped flower; crimson-purple outside and pearl-colored within. Finest of the purple magnolias. 2 feet, §1.co.

Magnolia, Soulangeana.—Of medium size; largest of the Chinese magnolias; with low spreading head; producing a great profusion of large white and purple flowers. It blossoms later than Conspicua, and is very showy. 4 to 5 feet, \$1.50 each.

Maiden Hair Tree.-See Ginko.

Maple, Ash-Leaved (Acer Negunda Fraxinafolia) —Young shoots very distinct and beautiful; good grower. 10 to 12 feet, \$1.00 (ach.

Maple, Scarlet.—Flourishes in moist places or upland. Blossom, crimson; early spring; foliage changes to brilliant scarlet, crimson and orange in the Autumn. 5 to 7 feet, 75c. each.

Maple, Silver (A. Dasycarpum).—Of exceedingly rapid growth; irregular, rounded form, and silver foliage. One of the best avenue trees, and desirable for immediate effect. Thrives in any soil. 8 to 10 feet, 50c.; 10 to 12 feet, 75c.; 14 to 16 feet, \$1.00 each.

Maple, Sycamore (A. Pseudo Platanus).—A Europeanvariety of medium size, with large dark green leaves; of rapid, upright growth; an excellent street and shade tree. 10 feet, \$1.00each.

Maple, Sycamore, Purple-Leaved (A. Pseudo Platanus Purpurea)—The leaves of this variety are purple on the under side. presenting a very effective appearance as they toss in the wind One of the best ornamental trees. 10 to 12 feet, \$2.00 each.

Oak, Red.—One of the largest leaved American species. 7 to 8 feet, 75c. each.

Oak, White.—The noblest tree of Eastern American forests., 7 to 8 feet, 75c. each.

Persimmon American (Diospyros Virginica). — A well-known American tree, with large, shiny, dark green leaves and reddish yellow truit. 2 to 3 feet, 25c. each

Plum, Purple (Prunus Pissardi).—The best of the hardy ornamental plants introduced of late years. Trees of medium size, Wood and leaves of dark purple, holding its color during the whole season. Fruit black. A great acquisition. 50c, each.



MAPLE, SUGAR.

Maple, Sugar (A. Saccharinum).—Especially adapted for rest planting on account of its elegant pyramidal form. With fine Maple, Sugar (A. Saccharinum).—Especially adapted for street planting on account of its elegant pyramidal form. With fine foliage, coloring magnificently in Autumn, very hardy and of vigorous growth, it is an excellent ornamental tree, and most suitable for all purposes. 8 to 10 feet, 75c. each; \$7.50 per doz; 10 to 12 feet, \$1.00 each; \$100 oper doz; 12 to 15 feet, 15 to 20 feet, price from \$1 50 to \$5.00 each.

Poplar, Balsam, or Balm of Gilead (Populus Balsami-fera).—A rapid grower, with spreading pyramidal head and large foliage. Valuable on account of its freedom from insects and disease. 6 feet, 25c. each; \$2 50 per doz. 10 feet, 60c. each; \$6.00 per doz. 14 feet, \$1.00 each.

Poplar, Bohana .- 12 to 14 ft., 50c. each.

Poplar, Lombard .- 12 to 14 ft., 75c. each.

Poplar, Populus Carolina.—Pyramidal in form and robust in growth. Leaves large, pale to deep green. 12 to 15 feet, \$1.00

Sweet Gum.—A fine stately tree with glossy star-shaped leaves which change in Autumn to the richest hues of scarlet, yellow and crimson. 7 to 8 ft., 75c.

Thorn, Double, Scarlet-Flowered (Cratagus Oxyacantha Coccinea Flora Plena).—A tree of fine habit, with rich, luxuriant foliage. Flowers much larger than the double red, of a deep crimson, with scarlet shade, and very double. \$1.00 each.

Thorn, Double White (C. O. Flora Alba Plena).—Like the above, with double white flowers. \$1.00 each.

Tullp Tree (Liriodendron Tulipifera).—A magnificent native tree, of tall, pyramidal habit, with broad, glossy, light green leaves and beautuful tulip-like flowers. Allied to the magnolia, and like them, difficult to transplant, unless of small size. 7 to 10 feet, 750

Willow, Britzensis (Salix Vittelina Britzensis).—A new variety of Willow, with bright red bark. Very ornamental and showy, especially during Winter. 10 feet, \$1.00 each.

Willow, Laurel-Leaved (Laurifolia).—Beautiful, large, glossy foliage. Very ornamental. 6 to 8 feet, 25c. each.

DECIDUOUS WEEPING TREES.

Birch, Cut-Leaved Weeping (Betula Alba Pendula La-ciniata) —Erect, slender and tall, with slender, drooping, spray-like branches. Foliage deeply cut, elegant and light; bark snow-white, very desirable. 5 feet, 75c. each.

Linden, Silver-Leaved Weeping (Tilia Alba Pendula). -A charming lawn tree, with graceful, drooping branches. Leaves large and silvery on the under side. One of the most ornamental of trees. \$1.00 each.

Poplar, French Weeping 'P. Parasol de St. Julian).— he Weeping Poplars are all of strong growth, with long, slender ranches reaching to the ground, and are among the best weeping ees. Grafted standard high. \$1.00 each. branches

Willow, Kilmarnock Weeping (S. Caprea Pendula).—A very popular tree, of small size — Its long, drooping branches give it a very unique appearance. 75c. to \$1.00 each.

Willow, Common Weeping (Salix Babylonica).—A well-known and most graceful tree, of large size and rapid growth. Its fresh, bright-green tint and wavy foliage make it very attractive. 6 feet, 35c. each; \$3.00 per doz.; \$15.00 per roo. 10 to 12 feet, 50c.

ORNAMENTAL EVERGREEN TREES.

Arborvitæ, American (Thuya Occidentalis) -A well-known tree of rapid growth; very popular for ornamental hedges and screens 2 to 3 feet, 35c. each; \$2 50 per doz. 4 to 5 feet, 56c. each; \$5.00 per doz. 5 to 7 feet, 75c. each.

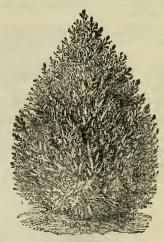
Arborvitæ, American Compact (T. Compacts).—A globe or hemisphere of light-green foliage. s to 3 feet, 50c. each; \$4 00 per doz.

Arborvitæ, Chinese (Biota, Elegantissima).—Upright, pyramidal form; foliage tipped with yellow, giving it a bright, golden color during the Summer, and turning bronze-brown in Winter. One of the most elegant of evergreens, and perfectly hardy. 21/2 to 3 feet, 50c. each.

Arborvitæ, George Peabody.—A remarkable variety in the strain of Golden Arborvitæ, the gold marking diffusing itself more deeply into the foliage than any other variety. Two-year, fine plants, z foot, 25c. each.

Arborvitæ, Globosa.—A very popular little globose ever-green, worthy a place in every garden. 12 to 18 inches high, 25c.

Arborvitæ, Hovey's (Golden).—A perfect, hardy variety; leaves a bright yellowish-green; a delightful hardy root of the occidental class; a beautiful object either singly or in hedge. 12 to 18 inches high, 25c. each; 2 to 3 feet, 5oc. each; 3 to 4 feet, \$1.00



ARBORVITÆ, PYRAMIDALIS.

Arborvitæ, Pyramidalis.—This exceedingly beautiful arborvitæ is the most compact and erect of all the entire species; foliage a deep green, retaining its color remarkably well through the entire season, and perfectly hardy. 18 to 24 inches high, 25c. each; 5cc. each; best for hedges.

Aborvitæ, Siberian (T. Siberica).—The hardiest of the Arborvitæs; foliage of darker green, and more dense and symmetrical in form 3 feet, \$1.00 each.

Arborvitæ; foliage of darker green, and more dense and symmetrical in form 3 feet, \$1.00 each.

Arborvitæ, Weeping (T. Pendula) — Distinct weeping form, with thick, heavy, dark-green foliage. Hardy and very rare and interesting. 6 feet, \$1.00 each.

Arborvitæ, Thread-Branched (B Filiformis).—Of medium size, with straight stem; long, slender, drooping branches, and light yellowish-green foliage. Hardy and rare. 2 feet, \$1.00 each.

Arborvitæ, Tom Thumb .- A heath-leaved variety; a handsome variety. I to 11/2 feet, 50c. each.

Arborvitae. Ericoldes.—A low bush, with soft feathery foliage, closely resembling the heaths of Europe; light green in Summer, changing to a bronzy hue in Winter. 2½ to 3 feet, fine specimen trees, \$100 each.

Arborvitæ, Piloata. — Branches horizontal, rather short; spreading, scattered branchlets; bright green. One of the handsomest evergreen trees for the lawn. 4 feet high and 4 feet in diameter, \$2.00 each; 2½ to 3 feet in height and diameter, \$1.00

Arborvitæ, Argenta, Silver-Tipped.—A handsome specie for the lawn. x to 1½ feet, 75c. each.

Biota Elegantissima.—A beautiful ornamental evergreen. 2 to 3 feet, 50c. each.

Cedar Silver .- 6 to 8 feet, 75c. each.

Fir, Balsam, or Balm of Gilead (*Picea Balsamea*).—Pyramidal form: dark green foliage, silvery beneath; beautiful and thrifty while young. 3 feet, 50c. each; \$5.00 per doz. 5 to 6 feet, 75c. each.

Fir, Colorado Blue.—A magnificent tree, recently introduced from the Rocky Mountains, which is rapidly taking a prominent place as the most popular blue evergreen. 1 to 1½ feet, 50c. each.

Fir, Douglasii.—A large conical tree, with smooth bark and light green foliage. 1 to 1½ feet, 50c. each.

Fir, Normann's Silver (P Nordmanniana).—One of the most beautiful and effective of evergreens; of slow growth with very dark, massive foliage and horizontal branches. 1 foot, 75c. each; 2 feet \$1.50.

Juniper Irish (Juniperus Hibernica)—Very close and upright in its growth, with a silvery, glaucous appearance. Suitable for small yards and cemetery lots. 2 feet, 25c. each. 3 to 4 feet, 50c. each; \$5 00 per doz.

Juniper Swedish.—One of the best upright varieties, affording a distinct columner effect. 1 to 1½ feet, 50c. each.

Pine, White (Strobas).—A strong, rapid-growing tree, with light, silvery foliage. 2 feet, 25c. each; 4 feet, 5oc. each.

Pine, Excelsa Bohtan Pine.—Resembles white pine, but the needles are larger and it has a more dense habit of growth. 4 to 4 feet, 75c. each. 5 to 6 feet, \$1.00 each. 10 to 15 feet, \$4.00.

Pine, Scotch (Sylvestris).—A fine, rapid-growing tree of compact habit, stout branches and dark, silvery green foliage. 2 feet, 25c. each. 3 to 4 feet, 75c. each.

Spruce, Hemlock (Abies Canadensis).—A native tree of moderate growth, with drooping branches. A beautiful lawn tree and hedge plant, second to none. 2 feet, 50c. each. 3 to 4 feet, 75c. each.

Spruce, Norway (A. Excelsa).—Rapid in growth, of good habit, with regular outline and perfectly hardy. Very popular for single specimens, and excellent for hedges. 2 feet, 35c. each. 4 feet, 75c. each. 5 feet, \$1.00 each.

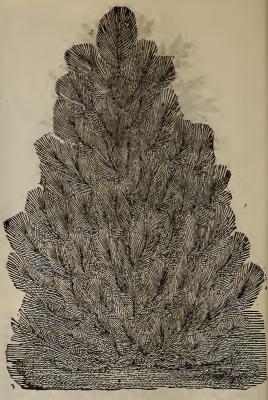
Spruce, Colorado.—Blue, shading; very ornamental. 11/2 to 2 feet, 50c. to \$1.50.

Spruce, White (Abies Alba).—A medium-sized tree of compact growth and soft, silvery-gray foliage. 3 feet, 50c. each. 5 feet, 75c. each.

Retinospora Plumosa (Japan).—One of the best Japanese trees; of very compact growth, with small leaves and short, slender branches. It is entirely hardy and exceedingly pretty. 3 to 4 feet, 75c. each. Makes a good hedge.



SPRUCE, WHITE.



PINE, AUSTRIAN.

Pine, Austrian (Austriaca).—A very distinct, strong, hardy tree; branches spreading, covered with long, bristling, dark green foliage. A grand tree for lawns or cemeteries. 2 to 2½ feet, 35c. each. 3 to 4 feet, 75c. each. 8 to 10 feet, \$1.50. 10 to 15 feet, \$4.00.

Retinospora Plumosa Aurea (Cypress, Japan Golden).— Habit of growth similar to the above, with its shoots golden tinted through the year, and brightest in the Winter Perfectly hardy and a most beautiful and valuable variety. 2 to 3 feet, 75c. each.

Retinospora Thuyopsis Borealis (Nootka Sound).—A hardy and desirable species from Nootka Sound. Of pyramidal habit, with a silvery, glaucous tint. A good grower and one of the finest of our evergreens. 2 feet, 75c. each.

Retinospora Nana (Cypress Nana).—A perfect little gem, with peculiar deep green foliage. 1 foot, 50c. each.

Retinospora Squarosa (Cypress).—A small-sized tree with graceful, drooping branches and glaucous, green foliage. 12 to 18 inches, 25c. each; 3 to 4 feet, \$1.00 each.

Retinospora Argenta.—Soft silvery pale green foliage. One of the handsomest for lawn specimens. I to 1½ feet high and I to 1½ feet diameter. \$1.00 each.

Retionspora Ericoides.—Heath-leaved; very compact; of moderate height. 2½ to 3 feet, 75c.

EVERGREEN SHRUBS.

Box Tree, Broad-Leaved (Buxus Latifolia)—A hardy shrub, with deep green, glossy leaves and globular form; excellent for city yards 1½ feet, 50c. each.

Box Tree, Myrtle-Leaved (B. Myrtifolia).—Similar to the above, with small leaves. 1½ feet, 50c. each.

Euonymus, Radicans Variegata.—Of creeping character; with small, oval leaves, distinctly marked with pure white stripes and blotches; can be trained to form a beautiful small shrub of pyramidal shape, very hardy. 1 foot, 35c. each.

Euonymus Japonica.—A very pretty evergreen shrub with green bark and glossy dark green foliage. 4 feet, 75c. each.

Mahernia.- A beautiful evergreen shrub of a dwarf habit; flowers yellow with jonquil habit and fragrance. 50c. each.



RHODODENDRON.

Rhododendron Ponticum.—Most showy of flowering ever-greens; red, white and rose-colored; with thick, leathery foliage and magnificent clusters of flowers. 1½ to 2 feet, with flower buds, \$1.00 each.

Yucca, Filamentosa (Adam's Needle).—A tropical-looking plant, with long, narrow, pointed leaves; the flower stock rising from the center to a height of five or six feet, bearing numerous creamy-white, bell-shaped flowers. 50c. to \$1.00 each.

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS.

Almond, Double Pink (Prunus Japonica Rosea Plena).—A beautiful little shrub; shoots covered with double rose-like blossoms. May. 3 ft., 50c. each.

Almond, Double White (P. Sinensis Flora Alba Plena).—Similar to the pink; flowers pure white, very beautiful. May.

4 ft., 5oc. each.

Althea, or Rose of Sharon.—The Altheas are very showy, free-growing shrubs; of erect habit; very desirable on account of their blooming in early Autumn, when scarcely any other tree or shrub is in bloom. Used also for hedges.

Althea, Amplissima.-Flowers large, red and double. 25c. each.

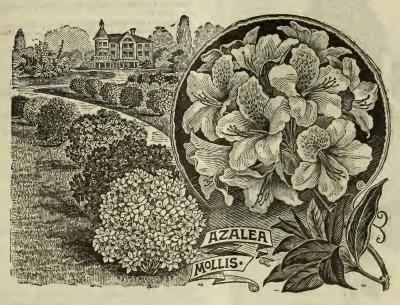
Althea, Double Violet (Violacea Flora Plena).—Flowers violet; one of the best. 35c. each.

Althea, Double White (Flora Alba Plena) -Large, double, white flowers. 50c each.

Althea, Lady Stanley.—Large, very double, white flowers; shaded and striped with rose and crimson. 25c. each.

Althea, Single White (Totus Alba).-Of dwarf habit, with single, pure white flowers; very fine. 35c. to 5oc. each.

Althea Variegated (Folis Variegates Flora Plena).—Of dwarf, compact form; leaves richly marked with white; flowers purple but insignificant; one of the most choice and interesting plants for the lawn 50c each.



Azalea Mollis.—A beautiful flowering shrub of various colors of bloom; early in the spring; of yellow salmon shades chiefly. 2 feet, 50c. to \$1.50 each.

Barberry, Purple (B. Purpurea).—An interesting shrub, growing 3 to 5 feet high, with violet-purple leaves and fruit; very effective. 35c. each.

Burning Bush (Euonymus Europeus).—A large-growing bush or small tree, with shining green leaves; very showy in Autumn and early Winter, when covered with its multitude of large orange and scarlet berries. 3 to 4 feet, 50c. each.

Calycanthus .- See Sweet-scented Shrub.

Cornelian Cherry (Cornus Mascula) —A small tree, with clusters of bright yellow flowers; producing large, oval, scarlet berries in Fall. 25c. each.

Cornelian Cherry, Variegated (C. Mascula Variogata).— A beautiful variegated variety of the above, with its leaves edged with broad bands of white; does not burn in the sun, and is a good mate for the variegated Weigela and Althea. 4 feet, 50c. each.

Cydonia .- See Pyrus Japonica.

Deutzia, Double (Deutzia Crenata Flora Plena).—One of the most desirable shrubs in cultivation; flowers in racemes, four to five inches long; white; back of petals rose. June. 3 feet, 35c.

Deutzia, Double White (D. Candidissima) —Like the above, with double, pure white flowers. June. 35c. each.

Deutzia, Rough-Leaved (D. Scabra).-Single, beautiful white flowers. June. 3rc. each.

Deutzia, Slender-Growing (D. Gracilis).—A dwarf variety, of compact, round form; covered with spikes of pure white flowers. It is the first to flower among the Deutzias, and also the most beautiful. May. 25c. each.

Dogwood, Red-Twigged (Cornus Alba Sanguinea).—A strong growing bush, with large, fine foliage; especially remarkable in Winter for the red color of its branches. 35c. each.

Elder, European Golden (Sambucus Nigra Aurea).—Solid golden yellow leaves; one of the very best golden-leaved shrubs; very effective among other plants. 35c. each.

Exochordia Granditiora.—A very beautiful and rare shrub, with distinct white flowers. 50c. each.

Filbert, Purple (Corylus Purpurea).—Large, showy, deeply purple leaves; very attractive, and contrasts beautifully with other foliage when planted in a group 25c. each.

Fringe, Purple, or Smoke Tree (Rhus Cotinus).—A large shrub of spreading habit; covered in Midsummer with its peculiar flowers, resembling a cloud of smoke or mist hanging above the bush. Very attractive. 35c. each.

Globe Flower (Kerria or Corchorus Japonica).—Small shrub, with yellow, globe-shaped flowers. June to October. 35c. each.

each.

Globe Flower, White (K. Japonica Alba).—A very ornamental shrub of medium size, with handsome foliage and large, single white flowers in May. 35c. each.

Golden Bell, Green (Forsythia Viridissima),—Of straggling growth, with dark green leaves and bark; flowers yellow, and dropping before the leaves appear. The best early-flowering shrub. April. 35c. each.

Goldon Bell, Weeping [F. Suspensa].—More slender and delicate in growth than the above, and curves in a graceful manner when in bloom. April. 50c. each.

English, \$1.00.

Honeysuckle, Tartarian White [Lonicera Tartarica Alba].—White; flowers in May. 35c. each.

Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora.—Vigorous, spreading form; immense pyramidal panicles of white flowers, more than a foot long, which change to pink. Blooms from early August till frost. One of the best ornamental shrubs. 1½ to 2 feet, 25c.; 2 to 3 feet, 50c.



HYDRANGEA, PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA.

Japan Quince [Cydonia Japonica].—A very hardy shrub, with crimson flowers in great profusion early in the Spring. Very popular, and makes an excellent and showy hedge. 35c.

Japan Quince, White .- Same as the above except in color. 50c. each.

Judas Tree, or Red Bud Japan [Cercis Japonica].—Of moderate growth; the flowers, of rosy pink, appear before the leaves and are produced in such profusion as to cover almost the entire wood. One of the most attractive and valuable shrubs.

Lilac Common [S. Vulgaris].—The common purple species; a strong grower and one of the best. 50c. each.

Lilac, Common White [S. Vulgaris Alba].—A white-flowering form of the common, and one of the best. soc. each.

Lilac, Marly's Red [S. Rubra de Marly].-Flowers of purplish-red. 50c. each.

Lilac, Josika's [S. Josikeo].—Of tree-like form and upright hape; flowers deep lilac, producing late; very choice. June. shape; flo

Lilac, Persian White [Persica Alba].—Slender, graceful branches, with small white flowers. 50c. each.

Lonicera .- See Honeysuckle.

Mock Orange, or Syringo.—(Philadelphus Coronarius).— The choicest of all the mock oranges, with pure white and very fragrant flowers. Bush a good grower, of rounded shape. Very choice and rare. June, 35c. each.

Mock Orange, Folus Aureis.-Golden leaves. Holds its color well in summer. 50c. each.

Mock Orange, Heart-Shaped Leaves (Ph. Cordifoleus) .-Of strong, upright growth. A free bloomer, and very showy when covered with its large, white flowers. June. 25c. to 50c. each.

Pæonia Tree.—(Pæonia Moutan).—Low shrub. Well known for its showy character. The flowers are immense, from six to ten inches in diameter, very double and fragrant. \$1.00 each.

Privet, California.—(L. Ovalifolium).—A shrub of great beauty of foliage Strong grower; pyramidal form; leaves shiny green. Bears spikes of white flowers in June. A splendid hedge plant. 25c. each. See Hedge Plants. Large busher. 75c. each.

Privet Ovalifolium Robustrum Margenatum.—Alike to the P. California, except foliage, having a wide margin. 50c. each.

Pyrus Japonica .- See Japan Quince.

Spirea, or Meadow Sweet.—The Spireas are a very hardy and free-blooming class of shrubs, extending their time of flowering from early Spring to Autumn, and running in color through the different shades from pure white to dark rose.

Spirea, Golden .- Foliage fine, yellow, of very delicate appearance. 35c. each.

Spirea, Ariæfolia.—Medium-sized, delicate, small foliage; graceful white flowers in June. One of the rarest and most beautiful of Spireas. 35c. each.

Spirea, Billardii.—Of strong, upright growth. Flowers dark pink. July and August. 35c. each.

Spirea, Callosa .- Has long panicles of pink flowers in June. 35c. each.

Spirea, Callosa Alba.—A white-flowering variety, of dwarf, bushy, symmetrical form. Well suited for a low hedge or border. Keeps in flower all Summer. 35c. each.

Spirea, Callosa, Rosea.—Of small size but great beauty. The young shoots and leaves are of a deep rose color. Flowers large, in flat heads, dark rose and plentiful. Choice. July. 35c.

Spirea, Callosa, Superba.—Of dwarf habit, with pinkish-white flowers in August. 35c. each.

Spirea, Opulifolia.—Strong growing, upright form; foliage large, light green; large white flowers studded along the stem in June. 35c. each.

Spirea, Prunifolia, or Bridal Wreath.—Strong grower; small, roundish, shining leaves; flowers double, white and plentiful. One of the best early-blooming Spireas. May. 35c. each.

Snowberry.—Valuable for the fleshy-white berries which are very showy during the Winter when leaves have fallen off plant. 2 to 3 feet, 35c. each.

Spirea, Reevesi, Single.—A graceful, slightly-drooping variety, covered with abundant white flowers. An old but good variety. May. 35c. each.

Spirea, Reevesi, Double.-A double-flowering form of the above. 35c. each.

Spirea, Thunbergii.—The earliest of the Spireas. Of low growth, round form; with very small, delicate, yellowish green foliage; the flowers are small, white, and cover the bush completely. April. 25c. each.

Spirea, Tomentosa.—Low growth; upright habit; free and ontinuous bloomer; flowers rosy pink. July and August, 25c. each.

Sweet-Scented Shrub (Calycanthus Floridus).—A well-known shrub and general favorite on account of its sweet-scented chocolate-colored flowers. 35c. each.

Snowball (Viburnum Opulis Sterilis).—Good size; irregular form; small, pure white flowers, borne in round clusters, resembling a snowball; well known and valuable. June. 506. each.

Tamarisk, African (T. Africana) .- Pink flowers, in June. 25c. each.

Tamarisk, Indian [7. Indica].—Very strong growing, wavy and feathery. August. 25c. each.

Wayfaring Tree [Viburnum Lantana].—A European Shrub of good size; bushy, large toliage, silvery underneath, with ornamental red and then black fruit in the fall. 50c. each.

Weigela, Arborea, or Lutea.—Especially vigorous and large leaved; flowers long, tube shaped, sulphur-yellow, and blooming later than the others. 50c. each.



SNOWBALL, JAPAN.

Snowball, Japan (Viburnum Plicatum) .- Of moderate, upright growth, with brown, leathery-looking shoots and dark green leaves; flowers pure white, larger and more solid than the common Snowball, and hang longer on the bush; choice, 75c. each.

Weigela Alba .- White flowers, changing to a delicate pink. 35C.

Weigela, Amabilis.-Rugged, straggling growth; light pink flowers. 35c. each.

Welgela, Candida.—A good, compact growing variety, with pure white flowers, produced in great abundance in June and in less quantity all Summer; choice. 35c. each.

Weigela, Desboisii.—Deep rose-colored flowers, resembling the well-known Rosea, but darker; one of the darkest and best. 35c. each.

Weigela, Floribunda.-Delicate blush flowers in great profusion. 35c. each.

Weigela, Rosea.—Erect, compact growth; fine rose-colored flowers; one of the best and most popular. 35c. each.

Weigela Varlegata.—Dwarf, spreading habit, and possessing clearly-defined variegated leaves; stands the sun well, and is, perhaps, the best variegated shrub; flowers delicate pink. 25c. to 50c. each.

Weigela, Baylon.-Erect growth; flowers dark red. 35c. each.

VINES AND OREEPERS.

Akebie Quinata.—A Japanese vine, with neat, shining, small deaves, and fragrant purple flowers in June. 25c. each.

Ampelopsis, Quinquefolia, or Virginia Creeper.— A native plant, of vigorous growth: leaves large, five lobed, chang-ing their color to bright scarlet and crimson in Autumn 25c. each.

Ampelopsis, Veitchii, or Japan Ivy, and Boston Ivy.

—Leaves small and overlap one another, forming a dense sheet of green. When once established it grows rapidly and clings by its rootlets more perfectly than other Ampelopses. Foliage rich and glossy in Summer; crimson in Autumn. Small plants, 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz. Large, 25c. each; \$2.50 per doz.

Clematis, Flammula.-Masses of small, white, sweet-scented flowers. June till frost. 35c. each.

Clematis, Vitticella.—Medium-sized flowers, of bluish-purple color. July to September. 25c. each.

Clematis, Double White .- 75c. each.

Honeysuckle, Golden-Veined (L. Aurea Reticulata).— Leaves of bright green, with golden-yellow veins and blotches; flowers white and yellow. 25c. each.

Honeysuckle, Hall's Japan (L. Halleana)—Vigorous grower, retaining its foliage until early Winter. Flowers white and yellow; fragrant. One of the best. June to November. 25c. each.

Honeysuckle, Japan Evergreen (L. Fragrans).—An old tavorite, holding its leaves nearly all Winter; flower white, yellow and pink; delightfully fragrant. 25c. each.

Honeysuckle, Monthly Fragrant [L. Belgicum] - ers all Summer; red and yellow; very fragrant. 25c. each.

Ivy, Irish [Hedera Hibernica].—Large leaves and luxuriant growth. 15c. each; \$1.50 per doz.



CLEMATIS. JACKMANII

Clematis, Jackmanii.—A vigorous grower, producing great masses of good-sized, intensely violet purple flowers. A great favorite, and one of the most valuable. June until frost. 65c. each.

Trumpet Creeper, American [Tecomaro Bignonia Radicans].—A splendid climber, with showy, long tubular flowers of dark orange-scar'et color. August 50c. each.

Trumpet Creeper, Great Flowering [7. Grandiflora].—Flowers pale orange; larger and earlier than T. Radicans. \$1.00

Wistaria, Chinese [W. Sinensis].—Strong-growing when established. Flowers in pale blue, pendulous clusters. 50c. each.

Wistaria, Chinese White [W. Sinensis Atha].—Flowers pure white, in long clusters, borne in great profusion. 50c, each.

HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

Bleeding Heart [Dicentra Spectabilis.].—An old and well-known plant, producing racemes of beautiful, delicate, pink and white heart-shaped flowers. 25c. each.

Flag, Japan [Iris Kampferii].—A great improvement on the d flag We have several varieties, of different shades of white, old flag We have several varieties, o. c. old flag We have several varieties, o. c. blue, yellow, purple and others. 25c. each.

Lychnis, Double White [Lychnis Flos Cuculi Plena].— Very hardy, with handsome, pink-like, white flowers, produced in great profusion. 25c each.

Preonia.—No class of plants surpasses this genus in the gor-cous coloring or size of its flowers. We have a number of distinct geous coloring or size of its flowers. W varieties in different colors. 25c. each.

Phlox.—Beautiful, hardy plants; with showy pyramidal trusses of flowers, in all shades of color, from white to deep crimson, with distinct eyes and markings.

Phlox, Arago.-Pink, red eye.

Phlox, Boule de Feu.-Crimson.

Phlox, Gladstone.-Purplish red, crimson eye.



ASTILBIA JAPONICA.

Astilbia Japonica.-25c. each.

Phlox, Jeanne d'Arc .-- Pure white.

Phlox, New Life. - Salmon, splashed and striped with white.

Phlox, Princess de Furstenberg.—Salmon, crimson eye.

Phlox, Saison Liervale .- White, red eye.

Small plants in pots, 10c. each; \$1.00 per doz. Clumps, 25c. each; \$2.50 per doz.

HEDGE PLANTS.

We name the following trees for hedges, as they are especially used for that purpose. There isn't anything that beautifies a home or farm so much as a pretty hedge, if it is properly kept:

					F	er 100.	Per 1,000.
Arborvi	tæ, Am	erican, 3 to 4	feet,	 		\$12 00	\$100 00
Norway	Spruce	, 2 to 21/2 feet,		 		10 00	85 00
66	66	31/2 to 4 feet,				15 00	350 00



NORWAY SPRUCE

Privet C	aliforni	a, 1 to 11/2 feet,				2	50		18	00
66	66	11/2 to 2 feet,				3	00		25	00
"	66	2 to 3 feet, .				4	00		30	00
		, 2 to 3 feet, .						CO. 120/20	75	00
Shrubs, A	Assorted	1, 21/2 to 3 feet,				15	00		125	00
		of planting a he								ite
to us and v	ve will rec	ommend the be	st st	ock	for	vour	pur	pose		



Excelsior Horse Lawn Mower.

GARDEN TOOLS, REQUISITES, &c.

ILLUSTRATIONS ON FOLLOWING PAGES.

OUR IMPLEMENTS ARE OF THE VERY BEST MAKE.

Atomizer and Rubber Sprayer, \$0 25 to \$1 25	Mole Traps,
Asparagus Buncher, Acme, the best, it is adjustable, 1 50 to 2 00	Mower, Lawn, "Imperial," 4 50 to 11 00
Axe, Handled, medium size, 50 to 1 00	Mower, Horse Lawn, 30 00 to 80 00
Axe, Mattock-handled,	Mower, "Girard," 2 00 to 3 50
Bill-hook,	Mower, "Rival," 2 50 to 6 50
Baskets, 1/2 and 1 bushel; Stave, Oak and Bamboo, 04 to 75	Mower, "Pennsylvania," 8 00 to 15 00
Bellows, for powder, 15 to 3 50	Pick and handle,
Bellows, French Syringe, 3 50	Pumps, Hand, Force, for spraying, 1 25 to 9 00
Brush Hook, with handle,	Poultry Fountain, 25 to 3 50
Crowbars, Steel, 20 to 30 lbs., 1 00 to 1 50	Powder Dusters, 50 to 2 00
Chise's, Grafting,	Powder Bellows,
Daisy and Dock Lifter,	Rake, Davis' Lawn, 60
Dibbles,	Rake, Steel Garden, 35 to 75
Drill, New Model, Planet, Jr, 5 00 to 7 00	Rake, Malleable, Garden, 25 to 50
Floral Sets, of Spade, Fork and Rake, Boys', 25 to 1 25	Rake, Wooden, Hay or Lawn, 15 to 45
Floral Sets, Ladies', 25 to 50	Rake, Automatic Lawn, 65 to 75
Fork, Hickory Stables, 3-tine, 50	Raphia, splendid tying material, per lb.,
Fork, Oat,	Rubber Sprinklers, 50 to 1 25
Fork, Digging, 4, 5 and 6-tine, 50 to 1 00	Saw, Pruning,
Fork, Manure, 4, 5 and 6-tine, 40 to 1 00	Scissors, Grape Gathering,
Fork, Hay, 2, 3 and 4-tine, 25 to 75	Scythes, English Lawn, 1 00 to 1 50
Fork, Ladies' Weeding,	Scythes, Bush and Grass, 50 to 75
Garden Line, Cotton and Hemp, length 75 feet, 15 to 30	Scythe Snaths, 60 to 75
Garden Reel	Scythe and Snath, American,
Garden Roller, 7 00 to 30 00	Scythe Stones, 5 to 10
Gardeners' Gloves, for working in thorny plants, 50 to 1 00	Scythe Rifles, 5 to 10
Grafting Wax, per lb.,	Shears, Border, 8-inch, 3 00
Grafting Chisels,	Shears, Hedge, 6 and 8 inch, 1 25 to 2 50
Grass Hooks. American and English,	Shears, Lopping, or Eagle,
Grindstone,	Shears, Pruning, Swiss, 1 00 to 1 40
Hand-Plow, Firefly, 2 00	Shears, Pruning, American, 35 to 1 00
Hand-Plow, Bateman,	Shears, Sheep, 40 to 1 00
Harrow, Diamond Tooth,	Shears, Sylvan, Berry Plant Pruner,
Hoe and Rake Combined, 4 and 6 teeth, 40 to 50	Shears, Todd, Pruner, 2 00
Hoe, Sweet Potato,	Shovels, D and Long Handle,
	Shovels, Scoop, 50 to 1 00
1100, 0011, 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Shovels, Scoop, Wooden, 60 to 85
1200, 21011,	Shove's, Scoop, Wire, Potato,
110c, O	Sickles, English and American,
IIoc, beame,	Spades, D and Long Handle, 45 to 1 25
1100, 11008 2 01110	Syringes, Brass, for hose and greenhouse, 1 00 to 4 50
Tioc, warren,	Thermometers, Fancy Wooden, with inlaid Tubes,
110011, 2111, 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	and Tin, Japanned, 15 to 2 00
	Tree Pruners, Waters' Long-Handle, 50 to 1 00
Hose Reel,	Trowels, Garden, 8 to 50
Italic, Itaparagus,	Watering Pots, 1 qt, to 16 qts., galvanized, 25 to 1 40
Knife, Pruning, 50 to 1 25	
Knife, Budding, 65 to 1 00	Wheel arrow, Boys',
Knife, Grass Edging,	Wheelbarrow, Large Garden, 3 oo to 6 oo
Dabers, Garden and 2 or, per ere,	Wheelbarrow, Common Tray, 50 to 3 50
Lawn Sweeper,	Wheelbarrow, Lawn, 4 oo to 4 50
Lawn and Turf Edger,	Wheel Hoe, 2 50 to 7 00
Lawn Sprinklers,	Wheel 110c,



FERTILIZERS.

A Descriptive Pamphlet of Lister's Goods, giving Analysis, &c., Free on Application.

Standard Superphosphate of Lime.—Best for general crops. \$2.00 per 100 lbs.; \$30.00 per ton. In bags of 167 lbs.

Vegetable Compound.—A high grade of fertilizer especially adapted for vegetables. \$2.50 per 100 lbs.; \$45.00 per ton. In bags of 167 lbs.

Ammoniated Dissolved Bone.—A good, quick-acting fertilizer, with a long duration in soil. \$2.00 per 100 lbs.; \$28.00 per ton. In bags of 167 pounds.

Potato Fertilizer.—Very highly endorsed by potato growers for its production and freeness from diseases which potatoes are subject to. \$2 50 per 100 lbs.; \$44 00 per ton. In bags of 167 lbs.

Celebrated Ground Bone. This is strictly a bone fertilizer. \$2.00 per 100 lbs.; \$29 00 per ton. In bags of 167 lbs.

Pure Bone.—This is moderately fine, and adapted for high fertilizing purposes. This bone is of very fine quality, produced from button-bone. 4c. per lb.; \$2.00 per 100 lbs.; \$30.00 per ton.

Food for Flowers.—This is a fertilizer made expressly for flowers. It is almost free from odor, and clean to handle. It produces a healthy, luxurious growth, and induces early and profuse flowering. A book on Treatment of Plants, and direction for use of Food, given with every box of food. Small pkt., 15c.; large pkt, 25c.—sufficient for 15 plants for half a year.

Ribsam's Lawn Fertilizer .- See under head of Lawn Grass Seed.

INSECT DESTROYERS.

Prices subject to Market Fluctuations.



Fir Tree Oil.—This insect destroyer has proved to be one of most reliable for red spider, green fly, mealy bug, scales, ants, thrip, onion fly, caterpillars, slugs, &c Dilute with water; apply with ordinary bellows or syringe. Half-pint bottle, 50c.

Whale Oil Soap.—Makes an excellent wash for trees and plants. Kills insects and eggs on the bark. 15c. per lb. bar.

Paris Green (Genuine).—Unexcelled for potato bugs and other insects that eat foliage. 1-lb. cans, 18c.

Slug Shot.—Kills bugs and worms of all kinds, and is particularly recom-ded for potato bugs. It comes ready for application by gun or bellows. mended for potato bugs. 5-lb. package, 25c.

Virgin Sulphur.—Prevents and destroys mildew on roses, grapes, &c. Apply with gun or bellows while the leaves are damp. 5c. per lb.; \$3.00 per 100 lbs

Bordeaux Mixture ("Dry")—For black rot, downy mi'dew and anthracnose of grapes: leaf blight of cherry, pear, quince, and other fungous diseases. 20-lb. package to 50 gallons wash. 75c. per package.

Bordeaux Mixture (Liquid) .- One gallon will make one barrel. Liquid, I gallon, 75c.

London Purple.-Used same as Paris green, but cheaper and less dangerous. 15c. per lb.

Lemon Oil.—This new insecticide has had a marvelous success in England. It destroys all kinds of insects on plants and trees. It is safe and harmless to the tenderest foliage, plants and roots. ½ pint cans, 25c.; 1-pint cans, 40c.; 1-quart cans, 85c.

Persian Powder.—For all kinds of house and animal insects. Harmless. 35c. per lb.

Hellebore.—For destroying rose slugs, &c. 1/4-lb. box, 10c.; 1/2-lb. box, 15c.; 1-lb. box,

Pinner Tobacco Soap.—Makes an excellent wash for plants, trees and animals which are infested with green fly, lice and eggs of insects. Dissolve one ounce in a gallon of water. 20c. per ½-lb. bar; 35c. per 1-lb. bar.

Tobacco Dust .- 1 lb., 5c.; 10 lbs., 40c.; 100 lbs., \$3.50.

Sheep Dip ("MacDouglas") -For destroying insects on animals, &c. 1 pint, 35c.; gallon cans, \$2.00.

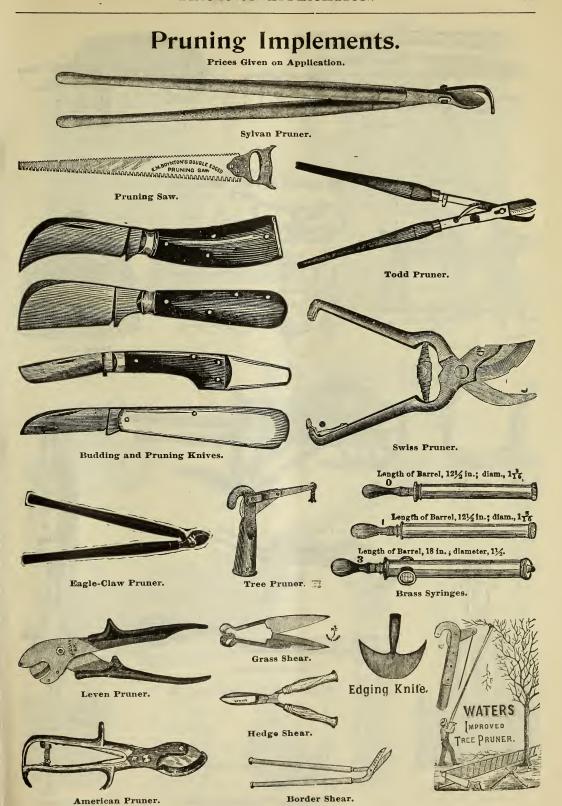
Bug Death .- 12-lb. box, \$1.00.



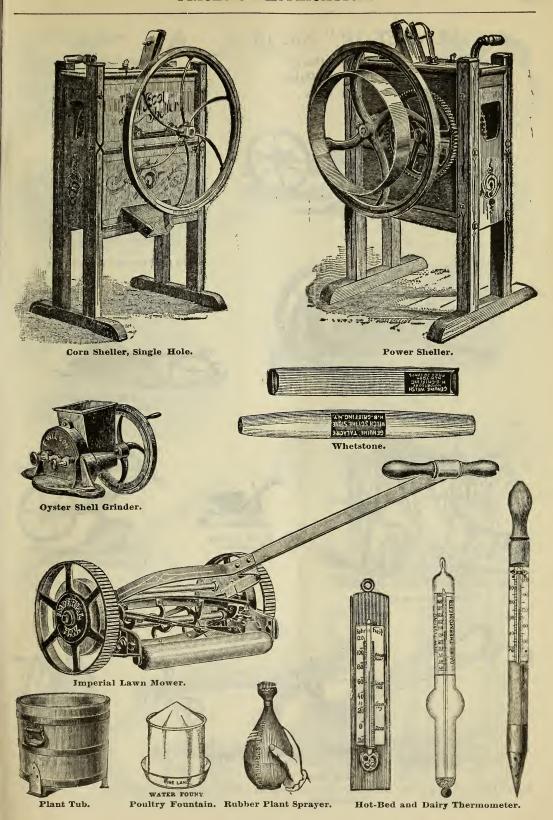


Pat. March 16 and Nov. 9, 1897. Pat. in Canada Nov. 2, 1897.







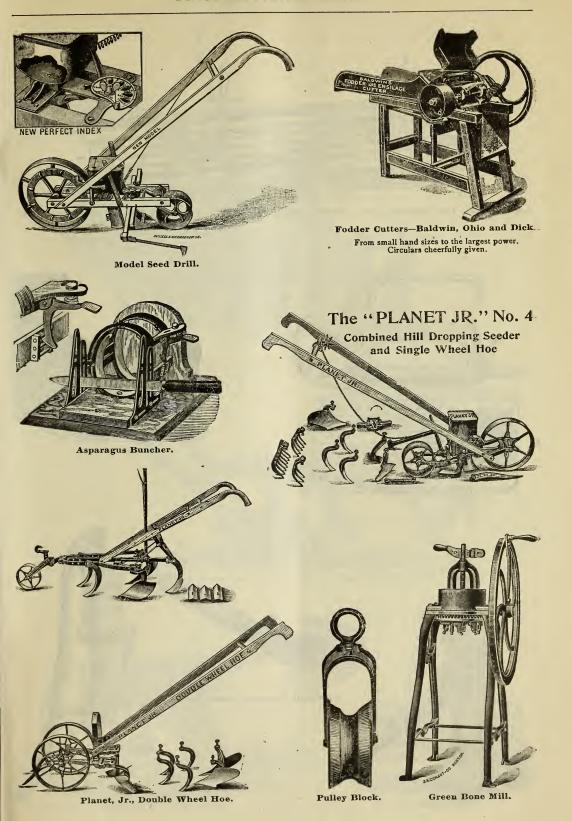


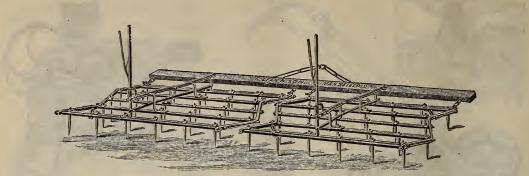


The best Plow for all kinds of soil. Heavy clay, sandy loam, stony, etc. We have them in eight sizes.

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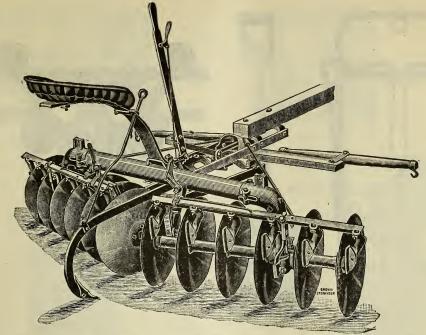
Hand Green Bone Mill.



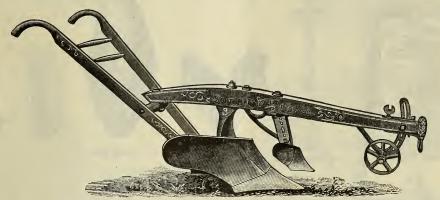


Lean Harrow. This is a Harrow that every farmer ought to have on his farm. It is one of the most profitable implements to farmers.

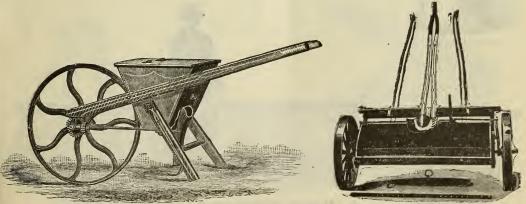




Tiger Disc Harrow. Is one of the best Disc Harrows made. Easy Draught and Thorough Work are its great qualities.



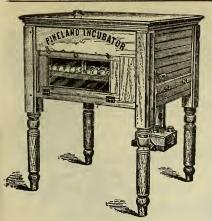
South Bend, Bissel Chilled and Oliver. These are elegant Plows for night soil.



Pea and Fertilizer Drill.

Lime Spreader.

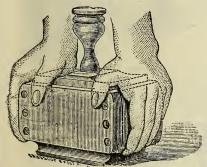




Pineland Incubator.



Star Churn.



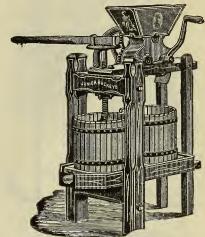
Butter Worker.



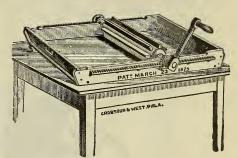
Milk Bottle.



Creamery in Various Sizes.



Cider Presses-Various Sizse.



Butter Mould.

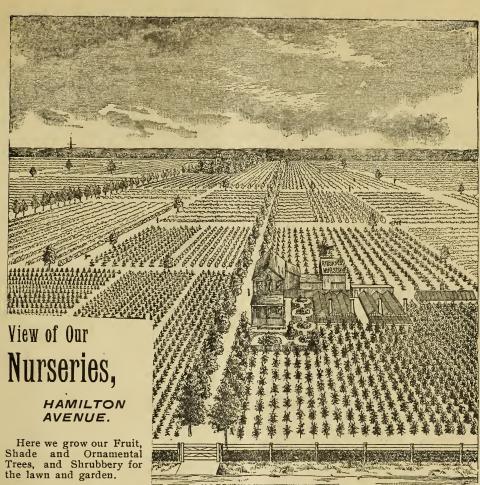


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